

hooded warbler

Setophaga citrina

FEATURES

The hooded warbler is about five and one-half inches in length. The olive-yellow body feathers show white spots on the tail. There are no stripes on the body or wings. The male has black feathers on its head and neck that form a "hood" on its yellow face and forehead. The female lacks black markings on the head and neck.

BEHAVIORS

The hooded warbler is an uncommon migrant and summer resident throughout Illinois, although it is seen more often in the southern two-thirds of the state. Its winter range is from Mexico south to Panama. The hooded warbler lives in bottomland forests and swamps. This bird eats insects. Its call is "weeta-wee-tee-o" or "weesy, weesy, weesytu." This warbler flicks its tail open and shut repeatedly. Spring migrants begin arriving in March. Nesting occurs from May through July in bottomland forests with heavy underbrush. The nest is built in a small bush. The three to five eggs are white with red-brown markings. Fall migration begins in August.

TAXONOMY

Kingdom: Animalia

Phylum: Chordata

Class: Aves

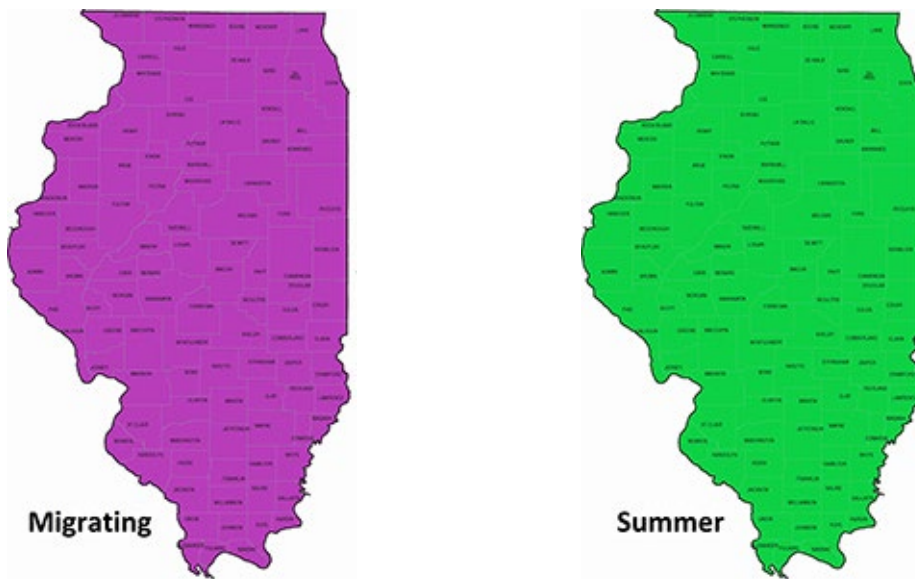
Order: Passeriformes

Family: Parulidae

ILLINOIS STATUS

common, native

ILLINOIS RANGE



male



provided by noorek/pond5.com

Aquatic Habitats

bottomland forests; swamps

Woodland Habitats

bottomland forests

Prairie and Edge Habitats

edge