

Report to the Illinois Wildlife Preservation Fund on the:

**Reproductive Ecology, Home Range and Dispersal of the River Cooter,
Pseudemys concinna, in Illinois.**

Michael J. Dreslik
Center for Biodiversity
Illinois Natural History Survey
607 East Peabody Drive
Champaign, IL 61820
1(217)244-7798
email-dreslik@students.uiuc.edu

INTRODUCTION

Illinois currently has four species of turtles listed as endangered or threatened: spotted turtle (*Clemmys guttata*), river cooter (*Pseudemys concinna*), alligator snapping turtle (*Macrolemys temminckii*), and Illinois mud turtle (*Kinosternon flavescens*) (Herket, 1992 and 1994). There have been several studies on the ecology of the spotted turtle, *Clemmys guttata*, (Mauger, 1988; Wilson, 1994) and Illinois mud turtle, *Kinosternon flavescens*, (Moll and Brown, 1976; Cooper 1977; Brown and Moll, 1979, Sweet *et al*, 1985; Moll 1988) in Illinois. However, there has been little work conducted on the ecology of the remaining two species. Both the river cooter and alligator snapping turtle inhabit relatively inaccessible habitats and it wasn't until 1991 (Moll and Morris, 1991) that the river cooters' existence in Illinois was reaffirmed. Between 1994-96, 77 *P. concinna* have been marked and released at Round Pond, Gallatin Co. IL (Dreslik and Moll, 1996), and eight individuals have been recaptured in successive years. Utilizing this population, the reproductive ecology, seasonal movements, and habitat utilization of this state endangered species will be studied. This information is necessary for determining

the population's viability and developing conservation/management strategies aimed at protecting this rare Illinois turtle.

Studying an organism's reproductive ecology can elucidate life history traits and provide information on nest and juvenile mortality. Currently, the only published records on the nesting and reproduction of *Pseudemys concinna* are general accounts of clutch size, egg size, nest construction and incubation time (see Ernst, 1994 et al. for review). Little attention has been paid to nesting success, hatching success or nest predation rates.

Freshwater turtles are capable of moving long distances (Plummer and Shirer, 1975 and Vogt, 1980) with the movement patterns related to sex (Plummer and Shirer, 1975) and the onset of sexual maturity (Moll and Legler, 1971). Overland travel of turtles has been well documented (Gibbons, 1970) and home ranges of some aquatic turtles encompass more than one body of water (Sexton, 1959; Gibbons and Greene, 1978). Understanding of these patterns in *Pseudemys concinna* will afford insight into the spatial arrangement and habitat usage of this species in Illinois.

The primary objective of this three year study is to obtain information on reproductive, dispersal and home range ecology for the endangered river cooter, *Pseudemys concinna*. Results of this study will contribute to understanding *Pseudemys concinna*'s life history and prove invaluable in developing conservation/management strategies aimed at the preservation of this endangered species.

MATERIALS AND METHODS.

Study Sites. The study will be centered at Round Pond, Gallatin county, which is located approximately 3.5 km west of the Ohio River and is about 30 hectares in surface area. A sand beach stretches along Round Pond's southern shore and the remaining shoreline is floodplain forest. The irregular edges of the pond provide several shallow coves and bays. The predominant emergent aquatic vegetation is spatterdock, *Nuphar luteum*, and during annual floods, the Ohio River connects to this and the other lakes directly via a network of sloughs. The remaining bodies of water in the vicinity (Hulda Lake, Big Lake, Fish Lake, Feher Lake and Long Pond) are similar in habitat.

General Methodology. Turtles will be trapped using unbaited fyke nets, trammel nets, dip nets and by hand. Traps will be checked twice daily at Round Pond and once per day at the other sites. Trammel nets will only be used during the day and checked every two hours. All captured turtles will be: weighed (with pull spring scales and/or electronic balances), sexed (using secondary sexual characteristics) and aged by annuli counts on the left pectoral scute (Zug, 1991). The following morphological characteristics will be measured using metric calipers: carapace length (CL), carapace width (CW), shell height (SH), plastral length (PL), length of the left pectoral scute at the seam (LPECT) and all annuli on the left pectoral scute. Turtles will be held overnight in a 20 liter bucket to retrieve feces. Stomach contents and feces will be stored in 10% formalin for later study. Reproductive females will have their inguinal pockets palpated to determine the presence of eggs. All adult females and 12 adult males will be radio-tagged, transmitters will be encased in paraffin or beeswax and adhered to the rear of the carapace with dental acrylic, and individuals will be located twice per day over the study period and once per week during the Fall, Winter and early Spring. Nesting females will be located and, following

oviposition, the nest will be excavated and the eggs will be weighed, counted and measured. The nest will then be reconstructed with HOBO temperature data loggers, set for one hour intervals, placed in the bottom and top of the nest. Nests will be marked with engineers flagging one meter to the north and will be checked twice daily for disturbance during the first month.

The following environmental measurements will be taken hourly on site with data loggers: water temperature at the one and three meter levels, humidity, barometric pressure, ultraviolet radiation, light and air temperature. At each trap daily water depth at each fyke net, air speed and direction, and current velocity will also be estimated.

Reproductive Ecology. Major nest predators will be determined through direct observation. Determination of the relationship between predation rates, time of nesting and distance to a forest edge (determined as a forest edge either parallel to a field or water) will be made using regression analysis. Approximately one month prior to hatchling emergence, a 0.25 meter high fence will be placed around nests to capture the young (Congdon *et al*, 1987) and all juveniles captured will be marked, weighed, measured and released. The nest will then be excavated and all non-hatched eggs will be counted to determine hatching success; nest success will be determined by the emergence of at least one individual. I will analyze the variation of clutch size, egg mass and size, frequency of nesting and incubation period between years and individuals using ANOVA procedures. The length of incubation period, nest success and juvenile sizes will then be correlated to each of the environmental factors and nest temperatures using correlation and regression analyses. I will calculate correlation coefficients of female size (CL, PL, PPW and weight) to egg size and weight clutch size and hatchling size.

Dispersal Patterns and Home Range. All turtles captured outside Round Pond that were originally marked in Round Pond will be considered emigrants and all turtles that were marked in other lakes and recaptured in Round Pond will be deemed immigrants. A grid of buoys will be placed in the lake and each buoy will be referenced to a nearby benchmark to determine its global coordinates. Once a turtle is located I will take three GPS readings from a Garmin GPS 40, and a distance and compass bearing from three of the buoys. Home range data will then be entered into a GIS program to analyze patterns of habitat use and spatial arrangement. Centers of activity for radio tagged turtles will be calculated at the 90% level and the total home ranges will be estimated by plotting all points utilizing the minimum polygon method (Mohr, 1947).

PRELIMINARY RESULTS

Funding for the 1997 field season was below the amount needed to provide for the project (\$1,000 from the Wildlife Preservation Fund and \$1,000 from the Chelonian Research Foundation). The money received from the Chelonian Research Foundation was for a population genetic study, but because this money was issued to me directly, and the Wildlife Preservation Fund money issued to Eastern Illinois University, and had to be spent before June 20th, Dr. Moll and I used the Preservation Fund money for chemicals for the genetic study. I will use the Chelonian Research Foundation money for the monitoring of the *P. concinna* population this summer.

Because funding fell short of the required, no transmitters could be purchased this year. I will only be able to monitor the population this summer. I will attempt to X-ray gravid females captured to, at least, gain an understanding of clutch size, and frequency. Also, since females cannot be radio-tracked, I will have to monitor the sandy beach on the southern shore to look for

nesting females. The project will be pushed back a year and its expected completion date is now the summer of 2000. Full results will be sent upon the completion of this field season.

LITERATURE CITED

- Brown, L. E. and D. Moll. 1979. A report on the status of the nearly extinct Illinois mud turtle *Kinosternon flavescens spooneri* Smith (1951) with recommendations for its conservation. Milwaukee Pub. Mus. Spec. Publ. Bio. Geo. 3:1-49.
- Congdon, J. D., G. L. Breitenbach, R. C. van Loben Sels, and D. W. Tinkle. 1987. Reproduction and nesting ecology of snapping turtles (*Chelydra serpentina*) in southeastern Michigan. Herpetologica. 43:39-54.
- Cooper, J. 1977. Vest-pocket turtle. Nat. Hist. 86:53-57.
- Dreslik, M. J. and E. O. Moll. 1996. Conservation, potential threats and baseline ecology of the river cooter, *Pseudemys concinna*, in a southern Illinois backwater. Unpubl. Report. Ill. Dept. Nat. Res. 39 pp.
- Ernst, C. H., J. E. Lovich, and R. W. Barbour. 1994. Turtles of the United States and Canada. Smithsonian Inst. Press, Washington, D. C.
- Gibbons, J. W. 1970. Terrestrial activity and the population dynamics of aquatic turtles. Amer. Midl. Nat. 83:404-414.
- Gibbons, J. W. and J. L. Greene. 1978. Selected aspects of the ecology of the chicken turtle, *Deirochelys reticularia* (Latreille)(Reptilia, Testudines, Emydidae). J. Herp. 12:238-241.
- Gibbons, J. W. and J. L. Greene. 1979. X-ray photography: a technique to determine reproductive patterns of freshwater turtles. Herpetologica. 35:86-89.

Herkert, J. R. editor. 1992. Endangered and threatened species of Illinois: Status and distribution, Volume 2 - animals. Illinois Endangered Species Protection Board, Springfield, Illinois. 142 pp.

Herkert, J. R. editor. 1994. Endangered and threatened species of Illinois: Status and distribution, Volume 3 - 1994 changes to the Illinois list of endangered and threatened species. Illinois Endangered Species Protection Board, Springfield, Illinois. 33 pp.

Mauger, D. 1988. Conservation of the spotted turtle (*Clemmys guttata* Schneider) in Illinois: a preliminary plan. Unpublished report. 20pp.

Mohr, C. O. 1947. Table of equivalent populations of North American small mammals. Amer. Midl. Natur. 37:223-249.

Moll, D. and L. E. Brown. 1976. The mud turtle, *Kinosternon flavescens spooneri* - nearly extinct in Illinois. The Explorer 1:6-7.

Moll, E. O. 1979. Observations on the distribution and ecology of the Illinois mud turtle, *Kinosternon flavescens spooneri* (Smith), in Illinois. Unpub. report submitted to the Ill. Dept. Cons., Springfield. 15pp.

Moll, E. O. 1988. Investigations on the status and ecology of the largest-known population of *Kinosternon flavescens* in Illinois with recommendations for management. Unpub. report to the Illinois Dept. Cons., Springfield. 34pp.

Moll, E. O. and J. M. Legler. 1971. The life history of a neotropical slider turtle, *Pseudemys scripta* (Schoepff) in Panama. Bull. L. A. County Mus. Nat. Hist. 11:1-102.

- Moll, E. O. and M. A. Morris. 1991. Status of the river cooter (*Pseudemys concinna*) in Illinois. Trans. Illinois Acad. Sci. 84:77-83.
- Plummer, M. V. and H. W. Shirer. 1975. Movement patterns in a river population of the softshell turtle, *Trionyx muticus*. Occ. Pap. Mus. Natur. Hist. Univ. Kansas. 43:1-26.
- Sexton, O. J. 1959. A method of estimating the age of painted turtles for use in demographic studies. Ecology. 40:716-718.
- Sweet, M. J., R. W. Axtell, R. Brandon, E. O. Moll, R. Pawley, R. W. Nyboer, W. McClain, D. McFall, and L. Meyer. 1985. State of Illinois recovery plan, Illinois Mud Turtle (*Kinosternon flavescens spooneri*). Unpub. manuscript, Illinois Dept. Cons., Springfield. 19pp. + 19 maps.
- Vogt, R. C. 1980. Natural history of the map turtles *Graptemys pseudogeographica* and *Graptemys ouachitensis* in Wisconsin. Tulane Stud. Zool. Bot. 22:17-48.
- Zug, G. R. 1991. Age determination in turtles. S.S.A.R. Hep Circular. 28 p.

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
	APMU	U	5/24/94	5	13:20	0.00	173.00	158.00	31.00	123.00
6:00	APSP	M	5/14/95	2	19:00	527.00	188.00	172.00	41.00	132.00
Black	APSP	M	8/12/95	2	19:00	270.00	144.00	129.00	0.00	108.00
Green	APSP	M	8/30/96	2	12:00	499.00	174.00	153.00	42.00	124.00
N/A	APSP	F	6/ 4/94	6	08:00	5,050.00	374.00	304.00	97.00	270.00
N/A	APSP	M	6/ 4/94	2	18:00	525.00	185.00	161.00	45.00	129.00
N/A	APSP	J	6/16/94	2	20:00	0.00	130.00	106.00	28.00	81.00
Orange	APSP	M	8/13/95	2	13:00	502.00	186.00	159.00	44.00	131.00
1L	CHPI	M	6/16/94	2	20:00	230.00	122.00	94.00	41.00	114.00
2L	CHPI	M	6/16/94	2	20:00	265.00	132.00	96.00	42.00	124.00
3L	CHPI	F	8/30/96	2	18:30	423.00	146.00	110.00	53.00	135.00
10L	CHSE	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	0.00	204.00	228.00	122.00	228.00
10L	CHSE	F	8/29/96	2	13:34	5,000.00	262.00	234.00	117.00	198.00
10L11R	CHSE	M	8/ 4/96	2	14:00	5,000.00	276.00	228.00	116.00	198.00
10L12R	CHSE	U	8/ 5/96	2	10:00	3,900.00	256.00	209.00	108.00	168.00
10R	CHSE	M	5/29/94	2	15:00	4,500.00	252.00	226.00	114.00	192.00
11L	CHSE	F	5/26/94	2	11:20	3,200.00	246.00	204.00	117.00	176.00
11L	CHSE	F	6/27/95	2	08:00	3,100.00	258.00	214.00	120.00	195.00
11R	CHSE	M	5/31/94	2	10:45	6,250.00	281.00	240.00	124.00	206.00
12L	CHSE	J	5/28/94	2	17:15	0.00	149.00	121.00	65.00	109.00
12L10R	CHSE	F	6/28/95	2	08:00	6,100.00	316.00	259.00	135.00	230.00
12L11R	CHSE	J	8/14/95	2	13:00	418.00	127.00	99.00	56.00	95.00
12L12R	CHSE	U	8/14/95	2		723.00	151.00	125.00	72.00	109.00
9R	CHSE	M	5/12/95	2	12:00	1,566.00	198.00	171.00	89.00	142.00
	CHSE	M	6/ 4/94	2	18:00	0.00	185.00	155.00	84.00	132.00
8L	CHSE	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	0.00	226.00	188.00	99.00	164.00
8L	CHSE	M	5/11/95	2	12:00	2,500.00	230.00	199.00	104.00	171.00
8L8R	CHSE	M	6/ 4/94	2	18:00	0.00	302.00	264.00	132.00	212.00
8L8R	CHSE	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	3,000.00	229.00	192.00	102.00	167.00
8R	CHSE	M	5/29/94	2	15:00	5,000.00	283.00	226.00	127.00	167.00
8R	CHSE	M	5/10/95	2	18:00	5,200.00	287.00	236.00	128.00	193.00
8R	CHSE	M	8/30/96	2	12:00	6,750.00	307.00	255.00	132.00	216.00
9L	CHSE	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	8,500.00	309.00	252.00	127.00	227.00
9L	CHSE	M	5/11/95	2	12:00	6,500.00	313.00	255.00	132.00	231.00
9L9R	CHSE	U	8/14/95	2	17:30	3,100.00	243.00	187.00	106.00	189.00
9R	CHSE	J	5/29/94	2	15:00	1,250.00	188.00	152.00	80.00	134.00
N/A	CHSE	M	6/11/95	2	14:45	0.00	190.00	160.00	76.00	143.00
10L	GROU	M	6/27/95	2	08:00	138.00	109.00	84.00	42.00	96.00
10R	GROU	F	5/20/94	2	11:30	135.00	100.00	83.00	44.00	89.00
12R	GROU	M	5/28/94	2	17:00	180.00	117.00	92.00	46.00	107.00
1R	GROU	F	9/ 1/96	2	13:30	445.00	159.00	130.00	55.00	145.00
3L	GROU	F	8/29/96	2	08:00	268.00	136.00	109.00	47.00	123.00
8L	GROU	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	85.00	91.00	73.00	35.00	825.00
8L8R	GROU	M	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	75.00	99.00	73.00	35.00	85.00
9L	GROU	J	5/12/95	1	13:00	6.00	34.00	35.00	17.00	30.00
9L	GROU	M	6/29/95	2	08:00	130.00	109.00	86.00	40.00	93.00
9L10L	GROU	J	8/14/95	2	13:00	83.00	72.00	34.00	72.00	34.61
9R10R	GROU	F	5/ 8/95	2	17:30	143.00	109.00	90.00	47.00	97.00
11R	GRPS	M	5/24/94	5	13:14	243.00	137.00	99.00	46.00	117.00
2R	PSCO	F	5/29/94	2	15:00	280.00	133.00	107.00	50.00	130.00
11L8R	PSCO	F	5/29/94	2	15:00	230.00	121.00	101.00	46.00	115.00
11L9R	PSCO	M	5/29/94	2	15:00	160.00	111.00	93.00	43.00	101.00
11L9R	PSCO	J	6/11/94	2	14:30	160.00	111.00	94.00	42.00	102.00

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
1L10R12R	PSCO	J	8/ 5/96	2	10:00	192.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12L11R12R	PSCO	M	8/ 5/96	2	10:00	427.00	155.00	124.00	55.00	144.00
12L3R	PSCO	F	5/29/94	2	15:00	280.00	140.00	112.00	58.00	125.00
12L3R9R	PSCO	F	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	2,500.00	269.00	195.00	94.00	244.00
12L8R	PSCO	F	5/31/94	2	10:45	263.00	127.00	103.00	49.00	120.00
1L	PSCO	M	5/18/94	2	14:50	805.00	209.00	153.00	64.00	180.00
1L10L3R	PSCO	M	6/11/94	2	14:30	335.00	148.00	114.00	55.00	134.00
1L10L8R	PSCO	J	6/11/94	2	14:30	100.00	92.00	81.00	43.00	84.00
1L11L10R	PSCO	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	2,500.00	268.00	193.00	98.00	253.00
1L11L11R	PSCO	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	450.00	160.00	131.00	67.00	154.00
1L11L12R	PSCO	F	6/15/94	2	14:00	380.00	149.00	116.00	51.00	137.00
1L11L12R	PSCO	F	5/15/95	2	18:00	406.00	152.00	119.00	53.00	140.00
1L11L2R	PSCO	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	210.00	121.00	98.00	44.00	114.00
1L11L3R	PSCO	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	220.00	116.00	97.00	43.00	107.00
1L11L8R	PSCO	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,070.00	218.00	161.00	78.00	198.00
1L11L9R	PSCO	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	460.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1L11L9R	PSCO	M	5/14/95	2	18:00	488.00	179.00	134.00	57.00	156.00
1L2L	PSCO	M	5/29/94	2	15:00	800.00	207.00	156.00	68.00	183.00
1L2L	PSCO	M	8/29/96	2	19:30	957.00	215.00	161.00	69.00	191.00
1L2L10R	PSCO	F	6/ 1/94	2	10:20	290.00	145.00	114.00	51.00	135.00
1L2L10R	PSCO	F	5/15/95	2	18:00	338.00	147.00	115.00	51.00	136.00
1L2L11R	PSCO	J	6/ 1/94	2	10:20	140.00	110.00	90.00	40.00	97.00
1L2L1R10R	PSCO	M	8/29/96	2	08:00	672.00	189.00	138.00	62.00	171.00
1L2L1R11R	PSCO	M	8/29/96	2	10:00	811.00	201.00	153.00	64.00	180.00
1L2L3R10R	PSCO	F	8/29/96	2	19:30	322.00	133.50	113.00	51.00	127.50
1L2L3R9R	PSCO	M	8/29/96	2	19:30	1,056.00	221.00	161.00	0.00	196.00
1L2L8R	PSCO	F	6/ 1/94	2	10:20	0.00	299.00	219.00	93.00	283.00
1L2L9R	PSCO	F	6/ 1/94	2	10:20	345.00	144.00	115.00	53.00	134.00
1L2L9R	PSCO	F	8/13/95	2	17:30	487.00	164.00	126.00	59.00	152.00
1L3L12R	PSCO	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	240.00	125.00	106.00	57.00	116.00
1L3L1R12R	PSCO	J	8/30/96	2	18:30	172.00	104.00	88.50	43.00	101.00
1L3L2R3R	PSCO	F	8/30/96	2	18:30	415.00	157.00	123.00	56.00	148.00
1L3L3R8R	PSCO	M	8/31/96	2	12:30	658.00	181.00	141.00	62.00	164.00
1L3L3R9R	PSCO	J	8/31/96	2	12:30	117.00	94.00	82.00	40.00	89.00
1L3L8R11R	PSCO	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	349.00	150.00	117.00	54.00	134.00
1L3L8R12R	PSCO	F	9/ 1/96	2	17:30	1,550.00	245.00	188.00	85.00	234.00
1L3L9R10R	PSCO	F	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	2,005.00	278.00	205.00	96.00	262.00
1L8L10R	PSCO	J	6/10/94	2	11:30	155.00	110.00	91.00	43.00	100.00
1L8L11R	PSCO	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	340.00	142.00	120.00	52.00	133.00
1L8R	PSCO	M	5/28/94	2	17:00	425.00	152.00	120.00	53.00	147.00
1L9L1R	PSCO	J	6/10/94	2	11:30	180.00	115.00	96.00	43.00	113.00
1L9L2R	PSCO	M	6/10/94	2	11:30	405.00	158.00	126.00	53.00	142.00
1L9L3R	PSCO	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	1,810.00	200.00	144.00	78.00	185.00
1L9L8R	PSCO	F	6/11/94	2	14:30	645.00	181.00	136.00	62.00	168.00
1R2R9L	PSCO	J	8/15/95	2	14:00	112.00	94.00	82.00	37.00	85.00
2L	PSCO	J	5/18/94	2	17:20	170.00	109.00	91.50	42.00	100.00
2L2R	PSCO	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	595.00	166.00	133.00	63.00	157.00
2L3L2R	PSCO	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	265.00	136.00	113.00	50.00	124.00
2L3L2R	PSCO	F	5/ 5/95	2	20:00	339.00	141.00	115.00	53.00	128.00
2L8R	PSCO	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	680.00	178.00	143.00	64.00	161.00
2L8R	PSCO	M	8/31/96	2	12:30	748.00	191.00	150.00	64.00	171.00
3L	PSCO	J	5/18/94	2	17:20	160.00	108.00	91.00	43.00	94.00
3L10R	PSCO	J	5/20/94	2	11:30	230.00	117.89	100.00	47.00	109.00

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
12L12R	PSCO	F	6/17/94	2	17:30	0.00	210.00	162.00	71.00	194.00
3L3R	PSCO	F	5/20/94	2	13:30	0.00	189.00	138.00	67.00	174.00
3L8L10R	PSCO	M	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	240.00	130.00	108.00	47.00	123.00
3L8L11R	PSCO	J	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	125.00	103.00	90.00	39.00	93.00
3L8L3R	PSCO	M	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	915.00	206.00	157.00	67.00	183.00
3L8L8R	PSCO	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	410.00	160.00	122.00	58.00	148.00
3L8L9R	PSCO	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	255.00	134.00	112.00	47.00	126.00
8L	PSCO	M	5/28/94	2	17:00	590.00	181.00	146.00	62.00	166.00
8L10L1R	PSCO	F	5/10/95	2	18:00	390.00	144.00	115.00	56.00	136.00
8L10L2R	PSCO	F	5/10/95	2	18:00	265.00	129.00	103.00	49.00	120.00
8L10L3R	PSCO	F	5/10/95	2	18:00	3,250.00	214.00	221.00	125.00	292.00
8L11L2R	PSCO	F	5/12/95	2	12:00	167.00	107.00	94.00	42.00	102.00
8L11L9R	PSCO	J	5/12/95	2	18:00	78.00	82.00	72.00	36.00	75.00
8L12L10R	PSCO	M	5/15/95	2	18:00	960.00	220.00	160.00	67.00	191.00
8L12L11R	PSCO	J	5/15/95	2	18:00	262.00	124.00	104.00	48.00	118.00
8L9L12R	PSCO	F	5/ 8/95	2	17:30	225.00	121.00	103.00	47.00	119.00
8L9L1R	PSCO	F	6/17/94	2	17:30	0.00	316.00	216.00	109.00	286.00
8L9L2R	PSCO	F	6/17/94	2	17:30	0.00	255.00	318.60	85.00	219.00
8R	PSCO	F	5/27/94	2	15:00	0.00	271.00	191.00	92.00	246.00
9L10L1R	PSCO	M	5/ 8/95	2	17:30	655.00	196.00	143.00	62.00	176.00
9L10L2R	PSCO	F	5/ 8/95	2	17:30	2,500.00	311.00	227.00	104.00	281.00
9L11L11R	PSCO	F	5/14/95	2	19:00	3,100.00	322.00	221.00	112.00	291.00
9L11L12R	PSCO	F	5/14/95	2	19:00	2,250.00	292.00	192.00	110.00	266.00
11R	PSCO	J	5/28/94	2	17:00	150.00	114.00	96.00	41.00	100.00
11R	PSCO	F	8/14/95	2	18:00	333.00	143.00	116.00	49.00	126.00
9L12L11R	PSCO	F	6/20/95	2	08:00	2,500.00	308.00	212.00	108.00	283.00
9L12L1R	PSCO	M	5/16/95	2	18:30	854.00	199.00	152.00	77.00	179.00
9L12R	PSCO	M	5/28/94	2	17:00	510.00	174.00	133.00	58.00	156.00
10L	STOD	M	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	105.00	91.50	69.00	36.50	67.00
10L10R	STOD	F	6/29/95	2	08:00	209.00	111.00	77.00	48.00	89.00
10R	STOD	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	150.00	93.00	70.00	41.00	76.00
11L	STOD	M	6/10/94	2	11:30	141.00	99.00	69.00	41.00	72.50
11L10R11R	STOD	F	5/25/94	2	15:00	190.00	107.00	72.00	57.00	80.00
11R	STOD	M	6/17/94	2	11:00	145.00	96.00	70.00	39.00	75.00
2L11L	STOD	F	5/11/95	2	12:00	221.00	113.00	78.00	45.00	81.00
8L	STOD	M	5/ 7/95	2	18:00	165.00	107.00	73.00	41.00	80.00
8L11R	STOD	F	8/15/95	2	14:00	172.00	107.00	74.00	43.00	77.00
9L10L11L11R	STOD	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	205.00	106.00	73.00	44.00	77.00
9L10R	STOD	M	8/15/95	2	14:00	141.00	97.00	66.00	37.00	68.00
9L10R	STOD	F	8/16/95	2	13:00	156.00	102.00	70.00	45.00	77.00
9L11L	STOD	M	5/12/95	2	12:00	118.00	93.00	64.00	40.00	68.00
9L9R	STOD	F	6/28/95	2	08:00	150.00	101.00	69.00	42.00	70.00
10L	TSSC	F	6/27/95	2	16:00	544.00	166.00	129.00	61.00	157.00
10L	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	12:00	964.00	196.00	148.00	71.00	183.00
10L10R	TSSC	F	5/29/94	2	15:00	0.00	223.00	167.00	83.00	210.00
10L11L10R	TSSC	F	6/28/95	2	16:00	1,512.00	224.00	164.00	87.00	209.00
10L11L11R	TSSC	M	6/28/95	2	16:00	419.00	143.00	114.00	52.00	132.00
10L11L12R	TSSC	M	6/28/95	2	16:00	220.00	116.00	97.00	46.00	111.00
10L11L1R	TSSC	F	6/27/95	2	16:00	302.00	131.00	102.00	52.00	124.00
11L2R	TSSC	F	6/28/95	2	08:00	1,302.00	221.00	165.00	78.00	202.00
10L11L3R	TSSC	F	6/28/95	2	16:00	1,476.00	223.00	155.00	88.00	202.00
10L11L3R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	13:30	1,405.00	224.00	156.00	88.00	203.00
10L11L8R	TSSC	M	6/28/95	2	16:00	646.00	172.00	128.00	62.00	157.00

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
10L11L9R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	13:30	435.00	153.00	148.00	54.00	146.00
10L11L9R	TSSC	F	6/28/95	2	16:00	235.00	120.00	99.00	46.00	115.00
10L11L9R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	423.00	153.00	122.00	55.00	147.00
10L11R	TSSC	F	5/29/94	2	15:00	505.00	153.00	124.00	69.00	147.00
10L12L10R	TSSC	M	8/13/95	2	17:30	1,166.00	211.00	158.00	79.00	192.00
10L12L11R	TSSC	F	8/13/95	2	17:30	1,084.00	203.00	152.00	76.00	184.00
10L12L12R	TSSC	M	8/13/95	2	17:30	335.00	132.00	104.00	52.00	124.00
10L12L1R	TSSC	M	6/28/95	2	16:00	1,118.00	199.00	147.00	72.00	181.00
10L12L2R	TSSC	F	6/28/95	2	16:00	638.00	166.00	129.00	62.00	161.00
10L12L3R	TSSC	F	6/29/95	2	16:00	696.00	182.00	138.00	65.00	169.00
10L12L8R	TSSC	M	8/13/95	2	11:00	644.00	179.00	136.00	64.00	166.00
10L12L9R	TSSC	J	8/13/95	2	11:00	167.00	103.00	89.00	39.00	99.00
10L12R	TSSC	F	5/29/94	2	15:00	385.00	143.50	114.00	55.50	135.00
10L1R	TSSC	F	5/29/94	2	15:00	0.00	225.00	167.00	91.00	207.00
10L1R	TSSC	F	8/ 5/96	2	17:15	1,723.00	228.00	169.00	91.00	209.00
10L1R2R	TSSC	F	8/15/95	2	14:00	468.00	156.00	122.00	56.00	146.00
10L1R3R	TSSC	J	8/16/95	2	13:00	221.00	120.00	93.00	44.00	105.00
10L2R	TSSC	F	5/29/94	2	15:00	0.00	222.00	170.00	87.00	208.00
10L3R	TSSC	M	5/29/94	2	15:00	0.00	197.00	151.00	72.00	176.00
10L8R	TSSC	M	5/29/94	2	15:00	400.00	144.00	111.00	55.00	134.00
10L9R	TSSC	M	5/29/94	2	15:00	315.00	130.00	104.00	53.00	122.00
10R	TSSC	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	375.00	140.00	110.00	51.00	127.00
10R	TSSC	M	6/28/95	2	16:00	477.00	158.00	121.00	55.00	144.00
10R	TSSC	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	1,050.00	213.00	157.00	78.00	196.00
11L10R	TSSC	M	5/31/94	2	10:45	750.00	182.00	141.00	64.00	162.00
11L10R12R	TSSC	M	8/ 4/96	1	10:00	561.00	168.00	129.00	58.00	156.00
11L10R12R	TSSC	M	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	561.00	168.00	129.00	58.00	156.00
11L11R	TSSC	F	5/31/94	2	10:45	1,750.00	243.00	173.00	85.00	220.00
11L12L10R	TSSC	F	8/15/95	2	17:30	1,449.00	232.00	160.00	83.00	208.00
11L12L10R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	13:30	1,465.00	233.00	161.00	84.00	210.00
11L12L11R	TSSC	J	8/15/95	2	17:30	216.00	114.00	95.00	43.00	106.00
11L12L12R	TSSC	M	8/15/95	2	17:30	305.00	137.00	107.00	47.00	127.00
11L12L1R	TSSC	M	8/13/95	2	17:30	896.00	192.00	139.00	67.00	176.00
11L12L1R	TSSC	M	8/ 5/96	2	10:00	950.00	197.00	143.00	74.00	183.00
11L12L2R	TSSC	F	8/14/95	2	13:00	493.00	155.00	124.00	62.00	146.00
11L12L3R	TSSC	F	8/14/95	2	13:00	289.00	131.00	106.00	47.00	124.00
11L12L8R	TSSC	F	8/15/95	2	13:00	990.00	200.00	148.00	72.00	187.00
11L12L8R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	1,197.00	212.00	155.00	75.00	199.00
11L12L9R	TSSC	F	8/15/95	2	17:30	496.00	168.00	129.00	58.00	147.00
11L12R	TSSC	F	5/31/94	2	10:45	635.00	173.00	132.00	70.00	159.00
11L1R	TSSC	M	5/29/94	2	15:00	239.00	124.00	99.00	45.00	117.00
11L1R2R	TSSC	F	8/16/95	2	13:00	1,393.00	227.00	159.00	85.00	209.00
11L1R2R	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	18:30	1,492.00	218.00	161.00	85.00	211.00
11L1R3R	TSSC	J	8/16/95	2	13:00	194.00	114.00	92.00	43.00	111.00
11R	TSSC	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	675.00	183.00	142.00	66.00	170.00
12L	TSSC	M	5/18/94	2	13:30	0.00	203.00	156.00	67.00	181.00
12L10R	TSSC	F	5/31/94	2	14:30	950.00	199.00	149.00	73.00	189.00
12L10R11R	TSSC	M	8/ 5/96	2	10:00	995.00	209.00	150.00	79.00	191.00
12L11R	TSSC	M	5/31/94	2	14:30	295.00	122.00	103.00	51.00	117.00
12L12R	TSSC	M	6/ 1/94	2	10:20	325.00	136.00	112.00	50.00	124.00
12L12R	TSSC	M	8/15/95	2	14:00	449.00	152.00	123.00	56.00	149.00
12L1R	TSSC	F	5/31/94	2	10:45	405.00	145.00	115.00	55.00	133.00
12L1R10R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	1,226.00	211.00	158.00	77.00	199.00

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
12L1R11R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	290.00	123.00	104.00	48.00	117.00
12L1R12R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	390.00	144.00	115.00	50.00	137.00
12L1R12R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	378.00	147.00	116.00	52.00	139.00
12L1R2R	TSSC	J	8/16/95	2	13:00	181.00	108.00	89.00	43.00	101.00
12L1R3R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	1,849.00	238.00	172.00	96.00	222.00
12L1R8R	TSSC	M	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	651.00	177.00	130.00	61.00	163.00
12L1R9R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	518.00	158.00	121.00	57.00	148.00
12L2R	TSSC	M	5/31/94	2	10:45	290.00	131.00	117.00	48.00	122.00
12L2R10R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	610.00	167.00	131.00	63.00	155.00
12L2R10R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	13:30	604.00	167.00	131.00	63.00	156.00
12L2R11R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	645.00	167.00	133.00	61.00	156.00
12L2R11R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	653.00	169.00	134.00	61.00	158.00
12L2R12R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	4	10:00	271.00	122.00	113.00	46.00	119.00
12L2R8R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	461.00	146.00	121.00	58.00	136.00
12L2R8R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	469.00	147.00	122.00	68.00	139.00
12L2R9R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	908.00	189.00	148.00	68.00	173.00
12L3R	TSSC	M	5/31/94	2	10:45	620.00	170.00	128.00	58.00	158.00
12L3R10R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	1,884.00	236.00	172.00	90.00	216.00
12L3R11R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	739.00	182.00	142.00	61.00	171.00
12L3R12R	TSSC	M	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	586.00	172.00	128.00	59.00	156.00
12L3R8R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	426.00	143.00	114.00	55.00	139.00
12L8R11R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	362.00	140.00	117.00	51.00	130.00
12L8R12R	TSSC	M	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	228.00	121.00	99.00	44.00	110.00
12L8R9R	TSSC	M	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	1,130.00	212.00	159.00	73.00	186.00
12L9R	TSSC	J	5/31/94	2	14:30	105.00	91.00	77.00	36.00	83.00
12L9R10R	TSSC	F	8/ 5/96	2	10:00	314.00	132.00	107.00	51.00	124.00
12L9R11R	TSSC	F	8/ 5/96	2	10:00	347.00	133.00	110.00	52.00	129.00
12L9R12R	TSSC	F	8/ 5/96	2	10:00	239.00	116.00	96.00	46.00	113.00
12R	TSSC	M	5/17/94	2	13:30	0.00	141.00	107.00	0.00	126.00
1L10L	TSSC	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	290.00	129.00	104.00	51.00	121.00
1L10L10R	TSSC	F	6/11/94	2	14:45	0.00	138.00	114.00	54.00	137.00
1L10L11R	TSSC	M	6/11/94	2	14:45	325.00	135.00	110.00	58.00	127.00
1L10L11R	TSSC	M	5/16/95	2	15:00	324.00	138.00	111.00	49.00	130.00
1L10L12R	TSSC	M	6/11/94	2	14:45	360.00	137.00	108.00	50.00	125.00
1L10L12R	TSSC	M	5/12/95	2	06:00	340.00	137.00	108.00	50.00	126.00
1L10L1R	TSSC	F	6/11/94	2	14:45	345.00	139.00	112.00	51.00	133.00
1L10L1R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	13:30	720.00	178.00	136.00	62.00	166.00
1L10L2R	TSSC	M	6/11/94	2	14:45	0.00	123.00	100.00	45.00	116.00
1L10L9R	TSSC	M	6/11/94	2	14:45	0.00	183.00	139.00	64.00	165.00
1L10R	TSSC	J	5/19/94	2	13:30	0.00	111.00	95.00	42.00	104.00
1L11L11R12R	TSSC	M	8/31/96	2	12:30	875.00	194.00	150.00	76.00	178.00
1L11L1R	TSSC	M	6/11/94	2	14:45	225.00	118.00	98.00	42.00	112.00
1L11R	TSSC	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	0.00	183.50	103.00	49.50	123.00
1L11R12R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	704.00	173.00	136.00	76.00	164.00
1L12R	TSSC	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	0.00	124.00	99.50	46.00	113.50
1L12R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	768.00	182.00	141.00	64.00	167.00
1L1R	TSSC	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	0.00	157.00	122.00	57.00	151.00
1L1R	TSSC	F	5/16/95	2	15:00	633.00	165.00	128.00	60.00	158.00
1L1R2R	TSSC	J	8/13/95	2	17:30	196.00	107.00	91.00	43.00	103.00
1L1R3R	TSSC	J	8/16/95	2	13:00	176.00	108.00	91.00	44.00	102.00
1L2L10R11R	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	18:30	1,219.00	206.00	156.00	75.00	196.00
1L2L10R12R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	579.00	166.00	128.00	66.00	154.00
1L2L11R12R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	1,257.00	220.00	163.00	77.00	206.00

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
2L12R	TSSC	M	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	540.00	177.00	138.00	59.00	152.00
1L2L1R	TSSC	F	6/ 1/94	2	10:20	1,475.00	221.00	166.00	85.00	197.00
1L2L1R12R	TSSC	M	8/29/96	2	13:15	787.00	188.00	141.00	63.00	165.00
1L2L1R2R	TSSC	F	8/28/96	2	19:00	703.00	174.00	137.00	64.00	163.00
1L2L1R3R	TSSC	M	8/28/96	2	19:00	464.00	152.00	114.00	55.00	137.00
1L2L1R8R	TSSC	M	8/28/96	2	19:00	596.00	173.00	127.00	59.00	161.00
1L2L1R9R	TSSC	F	8/29/96	2	08:00	335.00	133.00	107.00	51.00	130.00
1L2L2R	TSSC	M	6/ 1/94	2	10:20	290.00	126.00	103.00	50.00	118.00
1L2L2R10R	TSSC	J	8/29/96	9	?	221.00	118.00	98.00	45.00	110.00
1L2L2R11R	TSSC	J	8/29/96	2	19:30	133.00	94.00	81.00	39.00	89.00
1L2L2R12R	TSSC	F	8/29/96	2	19:30	349.00	134.00	109.00	49.00	127.00
1L2L2R3R	TSSC	J	8/29/96	2	13:15	229.00	117.00	96.00	44.00	109.00
1L2L2R8R	TSSC	F	8/29/96	2	13:15	1,327.00	216.00	155.00	82.00	195.00
1L2L2R9R	TSSC	M	8/29/96	2	13:15	284.00	126.00	101.00	47.00	117.00
1L2L3L10R	TSSC	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	975.00	193.00	152.00	72.00	184.00
1L2L3R	TSSC	F	6/ 1/94	2	10:20	1,475.00	226.00	164.00	81.00	207.00
1L2L3R11R	TSSC	M	8/30/96	2	12:00	476.00	160.00	125.00	56.00	153.00
1L2L3R12R	TSSC	M	8/30/96	2	12:00	400.00	147.00	113.00	53.00	136.00
1L2L8R10R	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	12:00	450.00	152.00	119.00	54.00	145.00
1L2L8R11R	TSSC	M	8/30/96	2	12:00	289.00	128.00	105.00	36.00	116.00
1L2L8R12R	TSSC	M	8/30/96	2	12:00	658.00	176.00	134.00	61.00	157.00
1L2L8R9R	TSSC	M	8/30/96	2	12:00	311.00	131.00	106.00	48.00	123.00
1L2L9R10R	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	18:30	1,245.00	215.00	157.00	87.00	196.00
1L2L9R11R	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	18:30	1,454.00	233.00	174.00	81.00	218.00
1L2L9R12R	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	18:30	1,001.00	196.00	154.00	69.00	187.00
1L2R	TSSC	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	0.00	164.00	131.00	61.50	154.00
1L3L10L1R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	1,042.00	205.00	151.00	78.00	189.00
1L3L10R	TSSC	M	6/10/94	2	11:30	420.00	149.00	114.00	55.00	138.00
1L3L11R	TSSC	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	460.00	150.00	121.00	55.00	145.00
1L3L11R	TSSC	F	5/16/95	2	15:00	490.00	157.00	125.00	57.00	151.00
1L3L11R	TSSC	F	8/28/96	2	15:00	878.00	193.00	146.00	65.00	184.00
1L3L1R	TSSC	M	6/10/94	2	11:30	570.00	168.00	130.00	59.00	153.00
1L3L1R10R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	1,098.00	204.00	151.00	78.00	190.00
1L3L1R11R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	1,448.00	224.00	167.00	82.00	207.00
1L3L1R2R	TSSC	M	8/31/96	2	12:30	817.00	190.00	146.00	66.00	174.00
1L3L1R3R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	400.00	144.00	114.00	52.00	138.00
1L3L1R8R	TSSC	M	8/31/96	2	12:30	597.00	169.00	122.00	60.00	154.00
1L3L1R9R	TSSC	J	8/31/96	2	12:30	124.00	90.00	78.00	47.00	86.00
1L3L2R	TSSC	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	545.00	161.00	130.00	54.00	152.50
1L3L2R10R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	17:30	486.00	151.00	123.00	56.00	142.00
1L3L2R11R	TSSC	M	8/31/96	2	17:30	456.00	159.00	118.00	55.00	147.00
1L3L2R12R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	810.00	184.00	138.00	68.00	172.00
1L3L2R9R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	17:30	1,549.00	219.00	167.00	84.00	211.00
1L3L3R	TSSC	M	6/10/94	2	11:30	485.00	168.00	123.00	56.00	143.00
1L3L3R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	1,019.00	199.00	153.00	60.00	185.00
1L3L3R11R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	1,098.00	211.00	159.00	71.00	193.00
1L3L3R11R	TSSC	M	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	442.00	151.00	118.00	54.00	148.00
1L3L3R12R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	434.00	149.00	116.00	56.00	139.00
1L3L8R	TSSC	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	425.00	142.00	128.00	54.00	139.00
1L3L8R10R	TSSC	J	9/ 1/96	2	13:30	81.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1L3L8R9R	TSSC	F	9/ 1/96	2	13:30	326.00	133.00	107.00	46.00	122.00
1L3L9R	TSSC	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	555.00	165.00	128.00	61.00	152.00
1L3R	TSSC	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	380.00	146.00	104.00	54.00	134.00

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
8L12R	TSSC	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	555.00	164.00	129.00	61.00	152.00
1L8L1R	TSSC	M	6/10/94	2	11:30	275.00	131.00	101.00	48.00	121.00
1L8L2R	TSSC	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	670.00	167.00	132.00	64.00	157.00
1L8L3R	TSSC	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	335.00	135.00	107.00	49.00	125.00
1L8L3R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	646.00	174.00	130.00	62.00	159.00
1L8L8R	TSSC	F	6/10/94	2	11:30	640.00	170.00	133.00	62.00	157.00
1L8L9R	TSSC	M	6/10/94	2	11:30	970.00	196.00	148.00	69.00	172.50
1L9L10R	TSSC	M	6/11/94	2	14:45	0.00	215.00	168.00	72.00	188.00
1L9L10R	TSSC	F	8/28/96	2	15:00	541.00	158.00	123.00	61.00	146.00
1L9L11R	TSSC	M	6/11/94	2	14:45	0.00	190.00	144.00	68.00	172.00
1L9L12R	TSSC	M	6/11/94	2	14:45	0.00	219.00	159.00	73.00	109.00
1L9L9R	TSSC	F	6/11/94	2	14:45	450.00	153.00	121.00	57.00	142.00
1L9L9R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	1,047.00	213.00	158.00	73.00	190.00
1L9R	TSSC	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	0.00	177.00	136.50	65.00	166.00
1R	TSSC	F	5/18/94	2	13:30	450.00	143.00	117.00	55.00	137.00
1R	TSSC	F	8/13/95	2	17:30	686.00	177.00	137.00	63.00	164.00
1R	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	12:00	1,002.00	191.00	149.00	72.00	180.00
1R2R3R	TSSC	J	8/15/95	2	14:00	201.00	110.00	92.00	44.00	105.00
1R2R3R8R9R	TSSC	M	6/ 1/94	2	10:20	1,110.00	207.00	151.00	77.00	188.00
2L	TSSC	J	5/17/94	1	14:50	10.00	41.00	39.00	20.00	22.00
2L	TSSC	M	8/31/96	2	12:30	703.00	183.00	125.00	62.00	163.00
2L	TSSC	J	5/ 7/95	2	13:30	65.00	73.20	64.60	30.50	66.70
2L10L10R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	945.00	196.00	153.00	67.00	179.00
2L10L11R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	370.00	149.00	114.00	53.00	138.00
2L10L12R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	360.00	144.00	112.00	52.00	131.00
2L10L1R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	430.00	147.00	128.00	56.00	139.00
2L10L1R	TSSC	F	5/11/95	2	12:00	488.00	153.00	121.00	59.00	145.00
2L10L2R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	260.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2L10L3R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	560.00	163.00	120.00	58.50	149.00
2L10L8R	TSSC	J	6/14/94	2	18:00	0.00	91.00	87.00	34.00	85.00
2L10L9R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,440.00	230.00	167.00	83.00	215.00
2L10R	TSSC	F	5/20/94	2	11:30	975.00	190.00	140.00	73.00	179.00
2L11L10R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	630.00	166.00	132.00	63.00	158.00
2L11L11R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	465.00	159.00	122.00	56.00	146.00
2L11L12R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	255.00	126.00	102.00	45.00	119.00
2L11L1R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	255.00	126.00	102.00	46.00	119.00
2L11L2R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	0.00	143.00	117.00	53.00	133.00
2L11L3R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	340.00	129.00	113.00	52.00	127.00
2L11L8R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	360.00	137.00	112.00	53.00	126.00
2L11L8R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	823.00	183.00	142.00	62.00	166.00
2L11L9R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,690.00	240.00	173.00	90.00	223.00
2L11R	TSSC	F	5/20/94	2	11:30	0.00	209.00	152.00	79.00	189.00
2L12L10R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	870.00	192.00	150.00	70.00	180.00
2L12L11R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	0.00	169.00	132.00	56.00	151.00
2L12L12R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	440.00	150.00	117.00	55.00	144.00
2L12L12R	TSSC	J	6/15/94	2	15:00	75.00	81.00	77.00	34.00	77.00
2L12L1R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	215.00	116.00	95.00	42.00	109.00
2L12L1R12R	TSSC	J	6/14/94	2	18:00	200.00	110.00	89.00	44.00	103.00
2L12L2R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	220.00	122.00	100.00	44.00	114.00
2L12L3R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	295.00	130.00	109.00	49.00	123.00
2L12L8R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,745.00	232.00	174.00	86.00	211.00
2L12L9R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,135.00	208.00	158.00	89.00	192.00
2L12R	TSSC	F	5/20/94	2	11:30	0.00	222.00	166.00	82.00	207.00

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
2R1R	TSSC	M	8/ 4/96	2	10:00	358.00	141.00	111.00	50.00	131.00
2L1R	TSSC	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	0.00	177.50	139.50	62.50	166.00
2L1R2R	TSSC	J	8/15/95	2	17:30	189.00	111.00	92.00	43.00	106.00
2L1R3R	TSSC	M	8/16/95	2	13:00	1,134.00	208.00	154.00	79.00	183.00
2L3L10R	TSSC	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	950.00	200.00	152.00	73.00	183.00
2L3L11R	TSSC	M	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	650.00	185.00	137.00	57.00	161.00
2L3L11R	TSSC	M	5/ 9/95	2	15:30	659.00	186.00	137.00	58.00	167.00
2L3L1R	TSSC	M	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	425.00	154.00	119.00	57.00	142.00
2L3L2R3R	TSSC	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	2,510.00	258.00	186.00	96.00	231.00
2L3L3R	TSSC	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	1,175.00	214.00	165.00	88.00	202.00
2L3L8R	TSSC	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	1,775.00	231.00	172.00	86.00	213.00
2L3L9R	TSSC	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	1,550.00	226.00	167.00	85.00	205.00
2L3L9R	TSSC	F	8/28/96	2	12:30	1,657.00	234.00	172.00	86.00	211.00
2L8L10R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	545.00	178.00	122.00	47.00	146.50
2L8L11R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	320.00	137.00	110.00	59.00	129.00
2L8L12R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,470.00	229.00	165.00	84.00	212.00
2L8L12R	TSSC	F	5/11/95	2	06:00	874.00	186.00	142.00	69.00	177.00
2L8L1R	TSSC	J	6/14/94	2	18:00	115.00	91.00	82.00	38.00	85.00
2L8L1R	TSSC	M	8/15/95	2	17:00	248.00	124.00	104.00	44.00	114.00
2L8L2R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	745.00	185.00	140.00	63.00	166.00
2L8L3R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,595.00	232.00	171.00	87.00	211.00
2L8L8R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	945.00	199.00	140.00	65.00	166.00
2L8L9R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	310.00	142.00	107.00	49.00	139.00
2R	TSSC	F	5/20/94	2	11:30	1,060.00	211.00	161.00	68.00	197.00
2R	TSSC	F	8/15/95	2	14:00	1,128.00	205.00	158.00	76.00	193.00
2L9L10R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,490.00	222.00	167.00	85.00	207.00
2L9L11R	TSSC	J	6/14/94	2	18:00	210.00	114.00	94.00	44.00	105.00
2L9L11R	TSSC	F	8/13/95	2	17:30	356.00	135.00	108.00	52.00	125.00
2L9L11R	TSSC	F	8/28/96	2	15:00	923.00	193.00	151.00	70.00	176.00
2L9L12R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	235.00	121.00	106.00	44.00	111.00
2L9L1R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	635.00	169.00	132.00	64.00	162.00
2L9L2R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	485.00	160.00	126.00	57.00	148.00
2L9L2R8R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	2	17:00	408.00	147.00	115.00	52.00	137.00
2L9L2R8R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	440.00	151.00	117.00	140.00	53.00
2L9L3R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,095.00	207.00	156.00	74.00	193.00
2L9L8R	TSSC	M	6/14/94	2	18:00	680.00	176.00	131.00	63.00	161.00
2L9L8R	TSSC	M	5/11/95	2	12:00	716.00	178.00	132.00	63.00	160.00
2L9L9R	TSSC	F	6/14/94	2	18:00	1,170.00	206.00	157.00	74.00	192.00
2L9L9R	TSSC	F	5/14/95	2	19:00	1,175.00	211.00	160.00	76.00	196.00
2L9R	TSSC	F	5/20/94	2	11:30	1,025.00	195.00	146.00	73.50	176.00
2R	TSSC	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	840.00	181.00	138.00	69.00	168.00
2R	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	18:30	1,227.00	208.00	156.00	89.00	193.00
2R3R9R	TSSC	M	9/ 1/96	2	14:00	1,243.00	210.00	152.00	78.00	189.00
3L	TSSC	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	1,250.00	201.00	147.00	75.00	190.00
3L10R	TSSC	F	5/25/94	2	13:20	305.00	133.00	110.00	49.00	126.00
3L11R	TSSC	F	5/25/94	2	15:20	1,450.00	227.00	160.00	84.00	210.00
3L12R	TSSC	F	5/26/94	2	11:20	1,525.00	239.00	177.00	82.00	219.00
3L13R	TSSC	F	5/14/95	2	19:00	395.00	152.00	123.00	55.00	133.00
3L1R	TSSC	M	5/20/94	2	11:30	215.00	117.00	97.00	44.00	102.56
3R	TSSC	M	8/15/95	2	14:00	316.00	134.00	108.00	49.00	122.00
3L1R2R	TSSC	J	8/15/95	2	14:00	201.00	110.00	92.00	44.00	105.00
3L1R3R	TSSC	J	8/16/95	2	13:00	155.00	97.00	83.00	41.00	91.00
3L2R	TSSC	F	5/20/94	2	11:30	0.00	200.00	152.00	80.00	187.00

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
8L12R	TSSC	F	6/10/94	2	07:00	825.00	183.00	140.00	69.00	175.00
3L8L12R	TSSC	F	8/15/95	2	14:00	1,040.00	201.00	151.00	73.00	189.00
3L8L12R	TSSC	F	8/30/96	2	18:30	1,186.00	208.00	157.00	75.00	195.00
3L8L1R	TSSC	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	1,010.00	204.00	153.00	73.00	190.00
3L8L2R	TSSC	F	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	1,275.00	207.00	161.00	83.00	193.00
3L8R	TSSC	F	5/20/94	2	11:30	435.00	134.00	113.00	56.00	129.00
3L8R	TSSC	F	8/29/96	2	08:00	743.00	181.00	141.00	67.00	167.00
3L9L10R	TSSC	M	6/17/94	2	20:00	0.00	180.00	134.00	62.51	166.00
3L9L11R	TSSC	M	6/17/94	2	20:00	365.00	142.00	113.00	51.00	131.00
3L9L2R	TSSC	F	6/16/94	2	15:00	600.00	163.00	128.00	57.00	156.00
3L9L3R	TSSC	M	6/17/94	2	10:00	0.00	197.00	146.00	0.00	176.00
3L9L8R	TSSC	F	6/17/94	2	10:00	0.00	217.00	167.00	81.00	201.00
3L9L9R	TSSC	M	6/17/94	2	10:00	0.00	183.00	137.00	64.00	166.00
3L9R	TSSC	J	5/20/94	2	11:30	168.00	104.50	86.00	46.00	99.00
3L9R	TSSC	F	8/29/96	2	13:15	668.00	172.00	133.00	61.00	160.00
3L9R11R	TSSC	F	8/ 4/96	3	17:00	1,466.00	212.00	169.00	90.00	200.00
3R	TSSC	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	825.00	194.00	141.00	69.00	174.00
4L8L3R	TSSC	M	6/ 4/94	2	17:00	340.00	140.00	112.00	49.00	130.00
4L8L3R	TSSC	M	8/13/95	2	17:30	488.00	155.00	121.00	54.00	143.00
8L10L10R	TSSC	M	5/10/95	2	18:00	391.00	149.00	123.00	49.00	138.00
8L10L11R	TSSC	F	5/11/95	2	12:00	692.00	175.00	140.00	65.00	160.00
8L10L11R	TSSC	F	8/13/95	2	11:00	934.00	198.00	154.00	72.00	179.00
8L10L11R	TSSC	F	8/16/95	2		880.00	200.00	155.00	72.00	180.00
8L10L12R	TSSC	F	5/11/95	2	18:00	345.00	135.00	108.00	51.00	132.00
8L10L12R	TSSC	M	8/29/96	2	09:00	1,087.00	211.00	157.00	72.00	185.00
8L10L8R	TSSC	M	5/10/95	2	18:00	309.00	137.00	106.00	59.00	126.00
8L10L9R	TSSC	F	5/10/95	2	18:00	591.00	168.00	138.00	57.00	158.00
8L10R	TSSC	F	5/27/94	2	15:00	330.00	131.00	111.00	50.50	125.00
8L11L10R	TSSC	M	5/12/95	2	18:00	615.00	185.00	149.00	69.00	164.00
8L11L11R	TSSC	F	5/14/95	2	19:00	712.00	180.00	136.00	65.00	166.00
8L11L12R	TSSC	M	5/14/95	2	19:00	361.00	142.00	112.00	54.00	132.00
8L11L1R	TSSC	M	5/12/95	2	12:00	145.00	110.00	84.00	41.00	93.00
8L11L3R	TSSC	J	5/12/95	1	13:00	5.00	29.00	29.00	15.00	27.00
8L11L8R	TSSC	J	5/12/95	1	13:00	8.00	36.00	33.00	17.00	33.00
8L11R	TSSC	F	5/28/94	2	17:00	1,400.00	222.00	164.00	84.00	202.00
8L12L12R	TSSC	M	5/16/95	2	15:00	746.00	186.00	137.00	63.00	169.00
8L12L1R	TSSC	F	5/14/95	2	19:00	587.00	170.00	132.00	63.00	158.00
8L12L2R	TSSC	F	5/14/95	2	19:00	659.00	177.00	133.00	63.00	161.00
8L12L3R	TSSC	M	5/15/95	2	18:00	707.00	178.00	141.00	62.00	166.00
8L12L8R	TSSC	F	5/15/95	2	18:00	1,289.00	216.00	161.00	79.00	197.00
8L12L9R	TSSC	M	5/16/95	2	07:00	892.00	197.00	139.00	68.00	171.00
8L12R	TSSC	F	5/28/94	2	17:00	500.00	157.00	123.00	56.00	147.00
8L1R	TSSC	F	5/26/94	2	11:20	1,575.00	226.00	165.00	89.00	213.00
8L1R2R	TSSC	F	8/15/95	2	14:00	901.00	194.00	143.00	67.00	178.00
8L1R3R	TSSC	J	8/16/95	2	13:00	174.00	105.00	89.00	41.00	100.00
8L2R	TSSC	F	5/26/94	2	11:20	715.00	183.00	143.00	68.00	172.00
8L2R	TSSC	F	5/12/95	2	06:15	873.00	189.00	146.00	69.00	177.00
8L2R	TSSC	F	5/16/95	2	15:00	864.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8L3R	TSSC	M	5/26/94	2	11:20	425.00	158.00	119.00	57.00	146.00
8L8R	TSSC	F	8/ 5/96	3	10:00	693.00	173.00	131.00	61.00	157.00
8L8R	TSSC	F	5/26/94	2	11:20	1,650.00	231.00	166.00	86.00	212.00
8L9R	TSSC	F	5/27/94	2	15:00	1,800.00	245.00	173.00	82.00	224.00
9L	TSSC	M	5/19/94	2	13:30	300.00	135.00	104.00	48.00	123.00

Turtles of Round Pond

	<u>SPECIES</u>	<u>SEX</u>	<u>DOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>TOC</u>	<u>WEIGHT</u>	<u>CL</u>	<u>CW</u>	<u>SH</u>	<u>PL</u>
10L10R	TSSC	M	5/9/95	2	13:30	195.00	118.00	96.00	43.00	107.00
9L10L11R	TSSC	M	5/10/95	2	12:05	1,215.00	232.00	167.00	73.00	202.00
9L10L12R	TSSC	F	5/10/95	2	12:05	665.00	168.00	131.00	63.00	159.00
9L10L13R	TSSC	F	5/10/95	2	12:05	887.00	194.00	146.00	70.00	179.00
9L10L3R	TSSC	J	5/9/95	2	15:30	82.00	79.00	72.00	35.00	73.00
9L10L8R	TSSC	J	5/9/95	2	15:30	73.00	75.00	67.00	35.00	72.00
9L10L9R	TSSC	M	5/9/95	2	13:30	546.00	163.00	130.00	61.00	148.00
9L10R	TSSC	F	5/28/94	2	17:00	575.00	165.00	131.00	62.00	157.00
9L11L12L10R	TSSC	J	5/16/95	2	15:00	8.00	32.00	33.00	17.00	32.00
9L11L1R	TSSC	F	5/16/95	2	15:00	648.00	167.00	130.00	63.00	156.00
9L12L10R	TSSC	F	6/27/95	2	08:00	601.00	171.00	133.00	61.00	161.00
9L12L12R	TSSC	F	6/27/95	2	12:00	451.00	146.00	120.00	57.00	137.00
9L12L2R	TSSC	M	5/17/95	2	08:00	347.00	140.00	112.00	52.00	128.00
9L12L2R	TSSC	M	8/14/95	2	17:30	438.00	152.00	119.00	55.00	137.00
9L12L3R	TSSC	F	5/17/95	2	08:00	1,320.00	206.00	164.00	84.00	195.00
9L12L8R	TSSC	F	5/17/95	2	08:00	0.00	145.00	117.00	55.00	140.00
9L12L8R	TSSC	F	8/31/96	2	12:30	866.00	188.00	147.00	68.00	178.00
9L12L9R	TSSC	F	5/17/95	2	08:00	682.00	172.00	134.00	63.00	165.00
9L1R	TSSC	F	5/28/94	2	17:00	0.00	222.00	171.00	85.00	205.00
9L1R3R	TSSC	J	8/16/95	2		151.00	102.00	88.00	39.00	95.00
9L2R	TSSC	F	5/28/94	2	17:00	760.00	177.00	137.00	60.00	166.00
9L3R	TSSC	M	5/28/94	2	17:00	310.00	138.00	109.00	49.00	120.00
9L8R	TSSC	F	5/28/94	2	17:00	0.00	189.00	149.00	71.00	177.00
9R	TSSC	M	5/28/94	2	17:00	215.00	119.00	98.00	42.00	108.00
	TSSC	F	5/19/94	2	13:30	1,125.00	209.00	159.00	74.00	197.00
N/A	TSSC	F	6/10/94	4	11:30	0.00	164.00	130.00	61.00	156.00

REPTILIA: TESTUDINES: EMYDIDAE

PSEUDEMYIS CONCINNA

Catalogue of American Amphibians and Reptiles.

Seidel, M.E. and M.J. Dreslik. 1996. *Pseudemys concinna*.

Pseudemys concinna (LeConte)

River Cooter

Testudo concinna Le Conte, 1830:106. Type-locality, "... rivers of Georgia and Carolina, where the beds are rocky," not "below Augusta on the Savannah, or Columbia on the Congaree," restricted to "vicinity of Columbia, South Carolina" by Schmidt (1953:101). Holotype, undesignated, see Comment.

Testudo floridana Le Conte, 1830:100 (part). Type-locality, "... St. John's river of East Florida ..." Holotype, undesignated, see Comment.

Emys (Testudo) concinna: Bonaparte, 1831:355.

Terrapene concinna: Bonaparte, 1831:370.

Emys annulifera Gray, 1831:32. Type-locality, not given, designated as "Columbia [Richland County], South Carolina" by Schmidt (1953:101). Holotype, undesignated, but Boulenger (1889:84) listed the probable type as a young preserved specimen in the British Museum of Natural History (BMNH) from "North America."

Clemmys concinna: Fitzinger, 1835:124.

Clemmys floridana: Fitzinger, 1835:124 (part).

Emys floridana: Duméril and Bibron, 1835:285 (part).

Emys concinna: Duméril and Bibron, 1835:289.

Emys hieroglyphica Holbrook, 1836:47. Type-locality, "... western waters ... Cumberland river." Holotype, undesignated; presumed holotype (ANSP 217) now lost (Adler, in Holbrook, 1976).

Emys mobilensis Holbrook, 1838:53. Type-locality, "Alabama ... numerous in the neighbourhood of Mobile [Mobile County] ..." Holotype, Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia (ANSP) 242 (Malnate, 1971) (examined by authors).

[*Emys*] *labyrinthica* Duméril and Duméril, 1851:13. Type-locality, "Wabash-River (États-Unis)." Holotype, undesignated.

Pseudemys concinna: Gray, 1855 (1856a):197. First use of present combination. Nomenclatural priority of Gray (1855 [1856b]) corrected by Webb (1995).

Pseudemys hieroglyphica: Gray, 1855 (1856b):34.

Ptychemys concinna: Agassiz, 1857:432.

Ptychemys mobilensis: Agassiz, 1857:433.

Ptychemys Hoyi Agassiz, 1857:433. Type-locality, "south-western Missouri," restricted to "vicinity of Springfield [Greene County], Missouri," by Schmidt (1953:101). Holotype, undesignated.

Ptychemys hieroglyphica: Agassiz, 1857:434.

Clemmys mobilensis: Strauch, 1862:32.

Clemmys hieroglyphica: Strauch, 1862:33.

Pseudemys mobiliensis: Gray, 1863:182.

[*Emys*] *orthonyx* Wied-Neuwied, 1865:23. Type-locality, "New-Orleans [Orleans Parish, Louisiana]." Holotype, undesignated.

Trachemys annulifera: Gray, 1873:47.

Pseudemys mobilensis: Yarrow, 1882:32.

Chrysemys hieroglyphica: Boulenger, 1889:76.

Chrysemys concinna: Boulenger, 1889:83.

Chrysemys mobiliensis: Boulenger, 1889:85.

Clemmys mobiliensis: Strauch, 1890:80.

Chrysemys labyrinthica: Hay, 1892:566.

Pseudemys labyrinthica: Baur, 1893:222.

Pseudemys floridana: Baur, 1893:223 (part).

Pseudemys texana: Brimley, 1907:77 (part).

Chrysemys floridana: Ditmars, 1907:37 (part).

Chrysemys texana: Hurter and Strecker, 1909:21 (part).

Pseudemys vioscana Brimley, 1928:66. Type-locality, "Lake Des Allemands [St. John the Baptist Parish], La." Holotype, National Museum of Natural History (USNM) 79632, dry adult male collected April 1927 by Percy Viosca Jr. (examined by authors).

Pseudemys elonae Brimley, 1928:67. Type-locality, "... pond in Guilford County, North Carolina, not far from Elon College, in the Cape Fear drainage ..." Holotype, USNM 79631, dry adult male collected October 1927 by D.W. Rumbold and F.J. Hall (examined by authors).

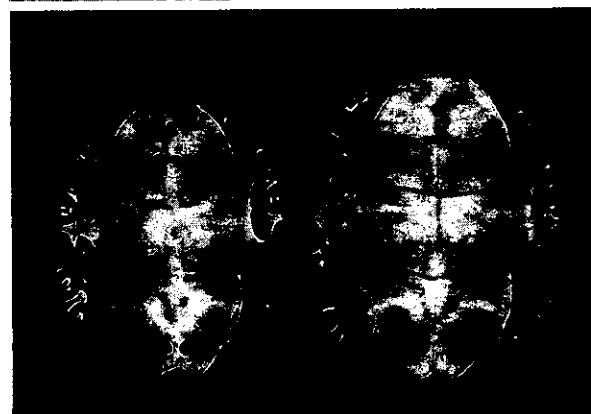


Figure 1. Adult male *Pseudemys concinna* from Lake Cumberland, Franklin County, Kentucky (top); juvenile from Gallatin County, Illinois (center); plastral view of two individuals from Gallatin County, Illinois (bottom).

Chrysemys (Pseudemys) concinna: Lindholm, 1929:280.

Pseudemys virginica: Pasteels, 1957a:219. *Ex errore*.

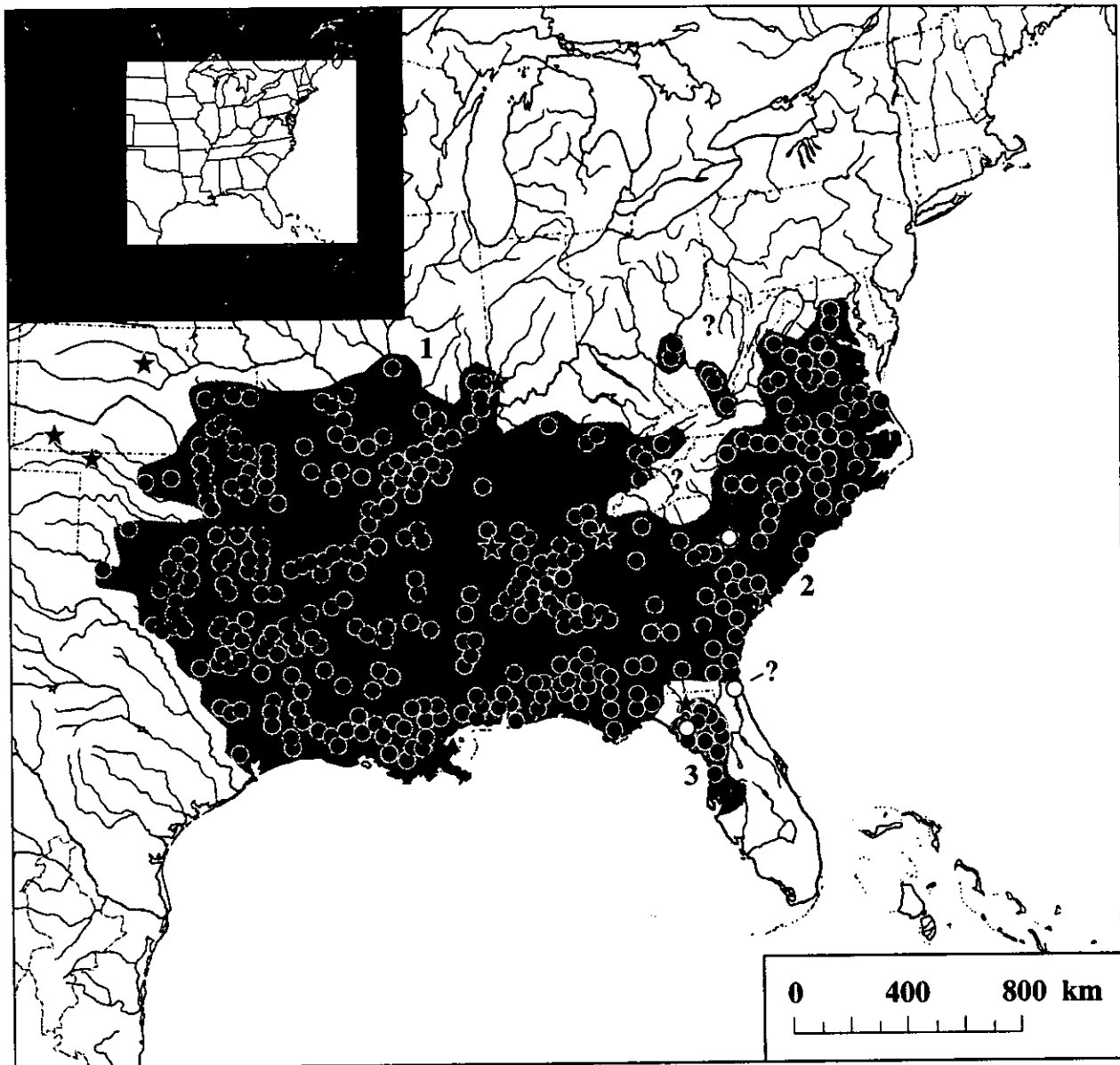
Pseudemys floridana: Battersby, 1958 (1960):92. *Ex errore*.

• **Content.** Three subspecies, *Pseudemys concinna concinna*, *P. c. floridana*, and *P. c. suwanniensis* are recognized here, but alternative interpretations for the taxonomy of *P. concinna* have been published. See Comment.

• **Definition.** *Pseudemys concinna* is a large emydid turtle, adult carapace to 30 cm in males and 43 cm in females. The carapace is oval in dorsal view, with straight or curved sides. Longitudinal rugosities usually are present along the sides, and the posterior border of the carapace is serrated and medially notched. A median keel is pronounced in young individuals, but in adults it is reduced and restricted to the posterior vertebrals

or absent. In dorsal view, the anterior midline is emarginate with the cervical scute not extending as far forward as the adjacent marginals. The cutting edge of the upper jaw is either smooth or slightly notched with short cusps present in some populations. Males have long, thick tails with the vent posterior to the rim of the carapace. Females have shorter tails with the vent anterior to the carapacial rim. The foreclaws of males are elongate compared to those of females.

Carapacial ground color is green to olive or dark brown to black. A pattern of light markings varies from narrow transverse bands to wavy reticulations. The plastron lacks a hinge and has a posterior medial notch. It is pale yellow to light orange and frequently has a symmetrical, wavy, dark figure which generally follows and diffuses outward from the scute seams. Dark markings are also present on the underside of marginal scutes and along the bridge. These markings can be absent,



Map. Distribution of *Pseudemys concinna*: circles mark type-localities, dots indicate other selected records, stars indicate fossil localities, and question marks indicate localities of uncertain validity. Zones of intergradation between *P. c. concinna* (1) and *P. c. floridana* (2) occur in many areas along their line of contact; but in other areas, especially near large rivers in the coastal plain, their ranges may overlap (see discussion in Seidel, 1994, 1995). The ultimate distribution limits of *P. c. floridana* are not presently well-defined.

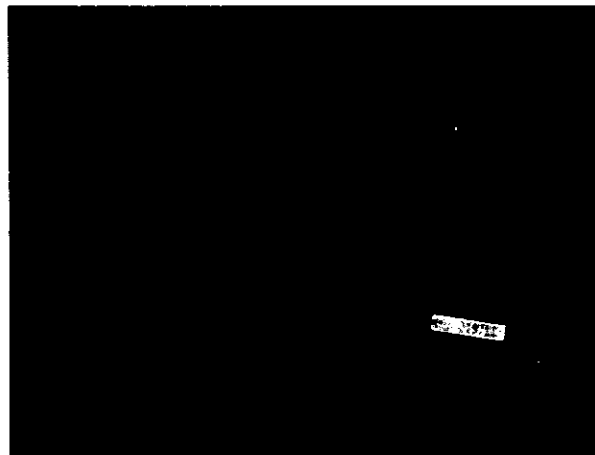


Figure 2. Carapacial (left) and plastral views of hatchlings from a single clutch of eggs from Wake County, North Carolina (North Carolina State Museum 1971). Photographs by Alvin Braswell.

greatly reduced, or highly variable in some populations. The pattern on the head consists of a variable number of longitudinal yellow stripes on a dark olive to black background. The supratemporal stripe is usually broad above and behind the tympanum. The neck, limbs, and tail are also marked with yellow stripes. Old males may be partially melanistic, with markings of the head, limbs, and shell obscured by dark brown to black vermiculations.

• **Descriptions.** Composite descriptions are in Carr (1952) and Seidel (1994). Due to the confusion regarding the taxonomy of this species, many of the descriptions are separated under *Pseudemys concinna* and *P. floridana*: Ernst and Barbour (1972), Mount (1975), Pritchard (1979), Behler and King (1988), Dundee and Rossman (1989), Conant and Collins (1991), Ernst et al. (1994), Mitchell (1994), and Palmer and Braswell (1995). Other descriptions are as follows: egg (Jackson and Jackson, 1968; Ewert, 1979b; Congdon and Gibbons, 1985; Palmer and Braswell, 1995; Jackson, 1996), embryo (Ewert, 1985), nest (Green and Pauley, 1987; Jackson, 1996), hatchlings (Seidel, 1981; Ernst et al., 1994; Palmer and Braswell, 1995; Jackson, 1966), skull (McDowell, 1964; Gaffney, 1979; Seidel, 1981; Ward, 1984), pelvic girdle and hindlimb (Zug, 1971), cervical vertebrae (Williams, 1950), cranial muscles (Ward, 1984), penis (Zug, 1966), external morphology (Seidel and Palmer, 1991; Seidel, 1994), karyotype (Forbes, 1966; Stock, 1972; Gorman, 1973; Bickham, 1975; Killebrew, 1977; Bickham and Baker, 1979; Bickham and Carr, 1983), and courtship (Cagle, 1955; Jackson and Davis, 1972a, b; Petranksa and Phillippi, 1978; Carpenter, 1979; Obst, 1985).

• **Illustrations.** Color photographs or illustrations of adults and/or juveniles are in Ernst and Barbour (1972), Pritchard (1979), Martof et al. (1980), Caldwell and Collins (1981), Ashton and Ashton (1985), Green and Pauley (1987), Johnson (1987), Behler and King (1988), Sievert and Sievert (1989), Lehrer (1990), Conant and Collins (1991), Ernst et al. (1994), Mitchell (1994), Seidel (1994), and Palmer and Braswell (1995). Black and white photographs are in Pope (1939), Carr (1952), Smith (1956), Blair et al. (1957), Smith (1961), Barbour (1971), Ernst and Barbour (1972), Minton (1972), Mount (1975), Seidel (1981), Ward (1984), Ernst and Barbour (1989), and Jackson (1995). Line drawings are in Holbrook (1838), Brimley (1928), Wermuth and Mertens (1961), Dundee and Rossman (1989), Seidel and Palmer (1991), and Palmer and Braswell (1995). Line drawings of markings on the head and neck are in Carr (1935, 1952), Carr and Crenshaw (1957), and Obst (1985). Illustrations

of the skull are in Ernst and Barbour (1972) and Gaffney (1979), and photographs of the egg and hatchling are in Jackson and Jackson (1968).

• **Distribution.** *Pseudemys concinna* occurs from Maryland to northern peninsular Florida and throughout the central and southern United States north to Illinois, Missouri, and Kansas and west to eastern Texas and Oklahoma. The entire ranges of *Pseudemys concinna* and *P. floridana* were presented by Davis and Rice (1883b), Neill (1954), Tinkle (1959), Conant (1958, 1975), Ward (1984), Iverson (1992), Conant and Collins (1991), and Ernst et al. (1994).

Additional distributional data are listed alphabetically by state: Alabama (Haltom, 1931; Mount, 1975), Arkansas (Parker, 1947), Florida (Carr and Goin, 1959; Blaney, 1971; McDiarmid, 1978; Ashton and Ashton, 1985; Iverson and Etchberger, 1989; Boundy, 1994; Jackson, 1995), Georgia (Martof, 1956; Camp et al., 1988; Williamson and Moulis, 1994), Illinois (Davis and Rice, 1883a; Cahn, 1937; Smith, 1961; Dancik, 1974; Moll and Morris, 1990), Indiana (Minton, 1971, 1972), Kansas (Smith, 1956; Clarke et al., 1958; Caldwell and Collins, 1981; Collins, 1993), Kentucky (Barbour, 1971; Stephens, 1985), Louisiana (Liner, 1954; Dundee and Rossman, 1989), Maryland (McCaughey, 1945), Mississippi (Smith and List, 1955; Gunter, 1981), Missouri (Anderson, 1965; Nickerson and Krager, 1971; Ward, 1979; Johnson, 1982, 1987), North Carolina (Palmer and Braswell, 1995), Oklahoma (Webb, 1970; McCoy, 1975; Sievert and Sievert, 1989), South Carolina (Martof et al., 1980; Gibbons, 1990), Tennessee (Rhoads, 1895; Parker, 1939, 1948; Huheey and Stupka, 1965; Iverson, 1978; Ewert, 1979a), Texas (Strecker, 1915; Hibbits and Hibbits, 1994; Brown, 1950; Smith and Sanders, 1952; Guidry, 1953; Raun and Gehlbach, 1972; Conant, 1977; McAllister, 1982; Myers, 1982; Dixon, 1987, 1993; Garret and Barker, 1987), Virginia (Werler and McCallion, 1951; Buhlmann, 1989; Mitchell, 1994), and West Virginia (Bayless, 1972; Seidel and Green, 1982; Buhlmann, 1985; Green and Pauley, 1987).

• **Fossil Record.** Fossil remains of *Pseudemys concinna* are known from the Pleistocene of Bartow County, Georgia (Holman, 1967), Columbia-Gilchrist County, Florida (Jackson, 1975), Colleton County, South Carolina (Roth and Laerm, 1980), Colbert County, Alabama (Holman et al., 1990), Daviess County, Indiana (Holman, 1995), and Ellsworth, Meade, and Seward counties, Kansas (Holman, 1995). According to Holman (1995), the Pleistocene species *P. hibbardi*, described by Preston (1979) from Harper County, Oklahoma, is probably *P. concinna*. The

extinct Pliocene species, *P. williamsi* from Alachua County, Florida (Rose and Weaver, 1966), presumably is ancestral to *P. concinna* (Jackson, 1976).

• **Pertinent Literature.** General accounts are in Holbrook (1838), Ditmars (1936), Pope (1939), Carr (1952), Harless and Morlock (1979), Pritchard (1979), Smith and Brodie (1982), Obst (1985), Ernst and Barbour (1989), Conant and Collins (1991), and Ernst et al. (1994). Additional pertinent publications are listed by topic as follows: morphology (White, 1929; Williams, 1950; Chermock, 1952; Parsons, 1960, 1968; Shah, 1962; Tinkle, 1962; Jackson, 1966; Zug, 1966, 1971; Cagle, 1968; Dobie and Jackson, 1979; Ward, 1980; Gibbons and Lovich, 1990; McCoy and Jacobs, 1991; Seidel and Palmer, 1991; Seidel, 1994), systematics (Carr, 1935, 1937, 1938; Crenshaw, 1955; Carr and Crenshaw, 1957; McDowell, 1964; Weaver and Rose, 1967; Holman, 1977; Fahey, 1980; Vogt and McCoy, 1980; Smith and Smith, 1980; Ward, 1980, 1984; Fritz, 1981; Dobie, 1981; Seidel, 1981, 1994, 1995; Seidel and Smith, 1986; Ernst, 1990; Frost and Hillis, 1990; Fritz, 1991; McCoy and Jacobs, 1991; Seidel and Palmer, 1991; Jackson, 1995; Bickham et al., 1996), protein electrophoresis (Rodnan and Ebaugh, 1957; Zweig and Crenshaw, 1957; Crenshaw, 1965; Sullivan and Riggs, 1967b; Olmo et al., 1985; Seidel, 1994), nucleic acids (Bickham et al., 1996), blood chemistry and histology (Goin and Jackson, 1965; Jackson and Legendre, 1967; Sullivan and Riggs, 1967a, b, c; Jackson et al., 1970; Brown, 1971; Holcomb and Jackson, 1972; Frair, 1977), blood sampling (Avery and Vitt, 1984), physiology (Chapman and Brubaker, 1891; Southworth and Redfield, 1926; Bogert and Cowles, 1947; Shellabarger et al., 1956; Hutton et al., 1960; Belkin, 1964, 1968; Jackson and Cantrell, 1964; Hutchison et al., 1966; Brown, 1971; Nothstine et al., 1971; Weathers and White, 1971; Valentinuzzi et al., 1973; Jackson et al., 1974; Kinney et al., 1977; Kinney and White, 1977; Naeije and Crowe, 1977; White, 1978; Grigg et al., 1979; Hutchison, 1979; Bartholomew, 1982; Tracy, 1982; Ultsch, 1985; Gapp and Carraway, 1990; Gapp and Polak, 1990), behavior (Carr, 1940; Marchand, 1944; Allen, 1950; Cagle, 1955; Boyer, 1965; Crawford and Siebert, 1964; Crawford et al., 1966; Gibbons and Smith, 1968; Crawford and Adams, 1968; Ashe, 1970; Davis and Jackson, 1971; Jackson and Davis, 1972a, b; Zug, 1972; Auth, 1975; Burghard, 1977; Carpenter and Ferguson, 1977; Hennemann, 1979; Carpenter, 1980; Carr, 1983; Gibbons et al., 1983; Fritz, 1989, 1990), general ecology (Marchand, 1945; Neill and Allen, 1954; Crenshaw, 1955; Oliver, 1955; Boyer, 1965; Pritchard and Greenwood, 1968; Gibbons and Coker, 1977; Bury, 1979; Seidel, 1982; Obst, 1985; Fahey, 1987; Wilbur and Morin, 1988; Gibbons, 1990; Buhlmann and Vaughan, 1991; Giovanetto, 1992; Meylan et al., 1992; Jackson, 1994; Buhlmann, 1995; Dreslik, 1996), feeding (Allen, 1938; Brimley, 1942-43; Mahmoud and Klicka, 1979; Lagueux et al., 1995; Teran et al., 1995; Turner, 1995), predation (Laughlin, 1959; Brown, 1979; Delany and Abercrombie, 1986; Tuberville and Burke, 1994), reproduction (Goff and Goff, 1932; Allen, 1938; Thomas, 1972; Thomas and Mount, 1973; Gibbons and Coker, 1977; Iverson, 1977; Gibbons and Nelson, 1978; Carpenter, 1980; Gibbons, 1982; Gibbons et al., 1982; Congdon and Gibbons, 1985; Turner, 1995; Jackson, 1996), development (Pasteels, 1957a, b; Ewert, 1979b, 1985, 1991), sex determination (Ewert and Nelson, 1991), growth (Jackson, 1965, 1968, 1970; Pritchard, 1980; Powell et al., 1982; Dundee, 1994; Forsman and Shine, 1995), longevity (Conant and Hudson, 1949; Snider and Bowler, 1992), biomass (Iverson, 1982; Congdon et al., 1986; Congdon, 1989), trapping (Vogt, 1980; Stone et al., 1993), movements (Gibbons, 1970; Tuberville et al., 1996), conservation (McDiarmid, 1978; Stone, 1980; Morris and Smith, 1981; Moll and Morris, 1990;

Herkert, 1992; Moler and Ashton, 1992), parasites (Jackson and Fulton, 1970; Moser, 1995), and symbionts and diseases (Leidy, 1856; Proctor, 1958; Johnson, 1968; Acholonu, 1969; Ernst and Ernst, 1975, 1977, 1979; Baker, 1987; Teehan and Short, 1989; Thomas et al., 1994; Lovich et al., 1996).

• **Etymology.** The specific name is derived from the Latin *concinuus*, meaning neat or elegant, presumably in reference to the markings on the carapace. The subspecific name *floridana* is a toponym for Florida, the state in which the purported type-locality is located. The subspecific name *suwanniensis* is also a toponym, and refers to the Suwannee River, Florida.

1. *Pseudemys concinna concinna* (Le Conte)

Testudo concinna Le Conte, 1830:106. See species synonymy.
Emys annulifera Gray, 1831:32. See species synonymy.
Emys hieroglyphica Holbrook, 1836:47. See species synonymy.
Emys mobilensis Holbrook, 1838:53. See species synonymy.
[Emys] labyrinthica Duméril and Duméril, 1851:13. See species synonymy.
Ptychemys Hoyi: Agassiz, 1857:433 (part). See species synonymy.
[Emys] orthonyx Wied-Neuwied, 1865:23. See species synonymy.
Pseudemys vioscana Brimley, 1928:66. See species synonymy.
Pseudemys elonae Brimley, 1928:67. See species synonymy.
Pseudemys floridana concinna: Carr, 1935:147.
Pseudemys floridana mobiliensis: Carr, 1937:1.
Pseudemys concinna hoyi: Stejneger, 1938:175.
Pseudemys floridana hieroglyphica: Carr, 1938:108.
Pseudemys floridana mobilensis: Pope, 1939:210.
Pseudemys concinna concinna: Stejneger and Barbour, 1939:163. First use of present combination.
Pseudemys concinna hieroglyphica: Stejneger and Barbour, 1939:164.
Pseudemys concinna mobilensis: Stejneger and Barbour, 1939:164.
Pseudemys floridana hoyi: Brown, 1950:240 (part).
Pseudemys concinna mobiliensis: Pritchard, 1967:96.
Chrysemys concinna concinna: Weaver and Rose, 1967:63.
Chrysemys concinna hieroglyphica: Weaver and Rose, 1967:63.
Chrysemys floridana hoyi: Cochran and Goin, 1970:155.
Chrysemys concinna mobilensis: Cochran and Goin, 1970:155.
Pseudemys concinna metterii Ward, 1984:34. Type-locality, "Old Fort Cobb, Caddo County, Oklahoma." Holotype, USNM 7173, dry shell and fluid-preserved head and limbs, adult female collected 1 June 1868 by E. Palmer (examined by authors).

• **Definition.** Head and neck stripes are numerous, usually numbering more than eleven. A "C"-shaped mark is often present on the second pleural scute, and the plastron usually has a dark figure which nearly always fades in adults. The cutting surface of the upper jaw (tomium) is irregular or slightly notched at the midline.

2. *Pseudemys concinna floridana* (Le Conte)

Testudo floridana Le Conte, 1830:100 (part). See species synonymy.
Pseudemys floridana floridana: Carr, 1938:108.
Chrysemys floridana floridana: Cochran and Goin, 1970:154.
Pseudemys concinna floridana: Ashe, 1970:151. First use of present combination.

• **Definition.** Head and neck stripes number fewer than eleven.

Pleural scutes have one or more narrow, wavy transverse bars, and the plastron usually lacks dark markings. The cutting surface of the upper jaw is rounded and without any evidence of a notch.

3. *Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis* (Carr)

Pseudemys floridana suwanniensis Carr, 1937:4. Type-locality, "Suwannee River at Manatee Springs, Levy-Dixie County line, Florida." Holotype, University of Michigan Museum of Zoology (UMMZ) 81673, adult male, collected by A. Carr, on 12 March 1934 (not examined by authors).

Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis: Stejneger and Barbour, 1939:164. First use of present combination.

Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis: Rhodes, 1964 (1966):55. *Ex errore*.

Chrysemys concinna suwanniensis: Weaver and Rose, 1967:63.

Pseudemys suwanniensis: Dadd, 1971 (1974):86. *Ex errore*.

Pseudemys suwanniensis: Nothstine et al., 1971:726. *Ex errore*.

Pseudemys suwanniensis: Seidel, 1994:128.

• **Definition.** The second pleural scute usually has a "C"-shaped mark, and the plastron has a dark figure. The ventral surface of the cervical scute is short, less than 35% of its dorsal length. The epiplastral lip is often curved, especially in females, and the ground color of the carapace, legs, and head is sooty black with light green or yellow lines.

• **Comment.** The taxonomy of *Pseudemys concinna* and that of its synonym *P. floridana* has undergone considerable revision since Le Conte's (1830) original descriptions of cooters from the southeastern United States. During the last century, the defined range was extended westward. Le Conte's original two species were partitioned into several additional species: *Emys mobilensis*, *E. hieroglyphica* (Holbrook, 1838), *Ptychemys Hoyi* (Agassiz, 1857), and *Pseudemys texana* (Baur, 1893).

More recently, Carr (1935, 1940, 1952) concluded that these forms represent a single wide-ranging polytypic species, classified them all as subspecies of *P. floridana*, and described two additional forms from Florida, *P. f. suwanniensis* (Carr, 1937) and *P. f. peninsularis* (1938). Crenshaw (1955), Carr's doctoral student, followed with a taxonomic analysis that examined *Pseudemys* primarily in Florida. He proposed that *P. floridana* and *P. concinna* be recognized as separate species. In spite of the fact that his results were not published, several popular and influential texts adopted Crenshaw's revision (e.g., Conant, 1958).

Numerous reports of intergradation or hybridization between *P. floridana* and *P. concinna* followed (Smith, 1961; Anderson, 1965; Webb, 1970; Barbour, 1971; Ernst and Barbour, 1972; Minton, 1972; Conant, 1975; Mount, 1975; Pritchard, 1979; Smith and Smith, 1980; Martof et al., 1980).

Wermuth and Mertens (1961, 1977), without explanation, listed *Trachemys scripta hiltoni* from México as a subspecies of *P. concinna*.

Fahey (1980) reported a taxonomic study of *Pseudemys* in Louisiana which concluded that *P. concinna* and *P. floridana* are conspecific (*sensu* Carr, 1952). Ward (1984) described two additional subspecies of *P. concinna* (*P. c. metterii* and *P. c. gorzugi*), elevated *P. c. texana* to species level, placed *P. c. mobilensis* and *P. f. hoyi* in synonymy, and restricted the range of *P. floridana* to east of the Mississippi River. Subsequently, *P. c. gorzugi* was elevated to a full species (Ernst, 1990).

The most recent revision (Seidel, 1994), based on a broad geographic and comprehensive analysis of morphological and molecular data, elevated *P. f. peninsularis* and *P. c. suwanniensis* to species, relegated *P. f. floridana* to a subspecies of *P. concinna*,

and placed *P. c. hieroglyphica* and *P. c. metterii* in the synonymy of *P. c. concinna*.

The present taxonomic arrangement of *P. concinna* follows Seidel (1994), except for retention of *P. suwanniensis* as a subspecies. Other taxonomic interpretations are discussed in Jackson (1995) and Seidel (1995). Regardless of classification, the variable levels of divergence observed among populations of *P. concinna* do not easily fit the traditional concepts of biological species or subspecies.

Roger Bour recently located several specimens of *P. concinna* in the Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris. These individuals were donated to the museum by John E. Le Conte and may be part of his (1830) type series. As noted by Carr (1935), Ward (1984), and Seidel (1994), a particular problem exists regarding the type-location for *P. c. floridana*. Le Conte's (1830) type-locality, "St. John's river of East Florida," without designation of a type specimen, is in a region of parapatry or sympatry for *P. c. floridana* and *P. peninsularis*, and is therefore questionable.

Literature Cited

- Acholonu, A.D. 1969. Acanthocephala of Louisiana turtles with a re-description of *Neoechinorhynchus stunkardi* Cable and Fisher, 1961. Proc. Helminthol. Soc. Washington 36:177-183.
- Agassiz, L. 1857. Contributions to the natural history of the United States of America. Vol. 1, part 2. North American Testudinata. Little, Brown and Co., Boston. Trübner & Co., London.
- Allen, E.R. 1938. Notes on the feeding and egg-laying habits of the *Pseudemys*. Proc. Florida Acad. Sci. 3:105-108.
- . 1950. Sounds produced by the Suwannee Terrapin. Copeia 1950:62.
- Anderson, P. 1965. The reptiles of Missouri. Univ. Missouri Press, Columbia.
- Ashe, V.M. 1970. The righting reflex in turtles: a description and comparison. Psychon. Sci. 20:150-152.
- Ashton, R.E., Jr. and P.S. Ashton. 1985. Handbook of reptiles and amphibians of Florida, part two: lizards, turtles & crocodilians. Windward Publ. Inc., Miami, Florida.
- Auth, D.L. 1975. Behavioral ecology of basking in the Yellow-bellied Turtle, *Chrysemys scripta scripta* (Schoepff). Bull. Florida St. Mus. Biol. Sci. 20:1-45.
- Avery, H.W. and L.J. Vitt. 1984. How to get blood from a turtle. Copeia 1984:209-210.
- Baker, M.R. 1987. Synopsis of the Nematoda parasitic in amphibians and reptiles. Occas. Pap. Biol. Mem. Univ. Newfoundland (11):1-325.
- Barbour, R.W. 1971. Amphibians & reptiles of Kentucky. Univ. Press Kentucky, Lexington.
- Bartholomew, G.A. 1982. Physiological control of body temperature, p. 167-211. In C. Gans and F.H. Pough (eds.), Biology of the Reptilia, Vol. 12, physiology C, physiological ecology. Academic Press, New York.
- Battersby, J.C. (ed.). 1958 (1960). The Zoological Record 95(17): 92.
- Baur, G. 1893. Notes on the classification and taxonomy of the Testudinata. Proc. Amer. Phil. Soc. 31:210-225.
- Bayless, L.E. 1972. A new turtle record, *Chrysemys floridana*, for West Virginia. J. Herpetol. 6:39-41.
- Behler, J.L. and F.W. King. 1988. The Audubon Society field guide to North American reptiles and amphibians. Alfred A. Knopf, New York.
- Belkin, D.A. 1964. Variations in heart rate during voluntary diving in the turtle *Pseudemys concinna*. Copeia 1964:321-330.

- . 1968. Anaerobic brain function: effects on stagnant and anoxic anoxia on persistence of breathing in reptiles. *Science* 162:1017-1018.
- Bickham, J.W. 1975. A cytosystematic study of turtles in the genera *Clemmys*, *Mauremys*, and *Sacalia*. *Herpetologica* 31:198-204.
- and R.J. Baker. 1979. Canalization model of chromosomal evolution. *Bull. Carnegie Mus. Nat. Hist.* (13):70-84.
- and J.L. Carr. 1983. Taxonomy and phylogeny of the higher categories of cryptodiran turtles based on a cladistic analysis of chromosomal data. *Copeia* 1983:918-932.
- , T. Lamb, P. Minx, and J.C. Patton. 1996. Molecular systematics of the genus *Clemmys* and the intergeneric relationships of emydid turtles. *Herpetologica* 52:89-97.
- Blair, W.F., A.P. Blair, P. Brodkorb, F.R. Cagle, and G.A. Moore. 1957. *Vertebrates of the United States*. McGraw Hill Book Co., Inc., New York.
- Blaney, R.M. 1971. An annotated check list and biogeographic analysis of the insular herpetofauna of the Apalachicola region, Florida. *Herpetologica* 27:406-430.
- Bogert, C.M. and R.B. Cowles. 1947. Moisture loss in relation to habitat selection in some Floridian reptiles. *Amer. Mus. Nov.* (1358):1-34.
- Bonaparte, C.L.P. 1830-1831. Sulla seconda edizione del Regno Animale del Barone Cuvier. *Ann. Storia Nat. Bologna* 4:3-26, 159-220, 303-389.
- Boulenger, G.A. 1889. Catalogue of the chelonians, rhynchocephalians, and crocodylians in the British Museum (Natural History). The Trustees (British Mus. Nat. Hist.), London.
- Boundy, J. 1994. County records for Florida amphibians and reptiles. *Herpetol. Rev.* 25:78-79.
- Boyer, D.R. 1965. Ecology of the basking habit in turtles. *Ecology* 46:99-118.
- Brimley, C.S. 1907. Notes on some turtles of the genus *Pseudemys*. *J. Elisha Mitchell Sci. Soc.* 23:76-84.
- . 1928. Two new terrapins of the genus *Pseudemys* from the southern states. *J. Elisha Mitchell Sci. Soc.* 44:66-69 + 2 pl.
- . 1942-43. Reptiles and amphibians of North Carolina. The turtles, tortoises or terrapins. *Carolina Tips* 5:22-23; 6:2-3, 6-7, 10-11, 14-15, 18-19.
- Brown, B.C. 1950. An annotated checklist of the reptiles and amphibians of Texas. Baylor Univ. Press, Waco.
- Brown, E.E. 1979. Some snake food records from the Carolinas. *Brimleyana* 1:113-124.
- Brown, L.M. 1971. Comparative blood studies of turtles as related to environment and tolerance of submersion. Ph.D. Diss. Univ. S. Mississippi, Hattiesburg.
- Buhlmann, K.A. 1985. Geographic distribution. *Pseudemys concinna*. *Herpetol. Rev.* 16:84-85.
- . 1989. Geographic distribution. *Pseudemys concinna concinna*. *Herpetol. Rev.* 20:76.
- . 1995. Habitat use, terrestrial movements, and conservation of the turtle, *Deirochelys reticularia*, in Virginia. *J. Herpetol.* 29:173-181.
- and M.R. Vaughan. 1991. Ecology of the turtle *Pseudemys concinna* in the New River, West Virginia. *J. Herpetol.* 25:72-78.
- Burghardt, G.M. 1977. Learning processes in reptiles, p. 555-681. In C. Gans and D.W. Tinkle (eds.), *Biology of the Reptilia*, Vol. 7, ecology and behavior A. Academic Press, New York.
- Bury, R.B. 1979. Population ecology of freshwater turtles, p. 571-602. In M. Harless and H. Morlock (eds.), *Turtles: perspectives and research*. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Cagle, F.R. 1955. Courtship behavior in juvenile turtles. *Copeia* 1955:307.
- . 1968. Key to the reptiles and amphibians of Illinois. *Contr. Mus. Nat. Soc. Sci. S. Illinois Normal Univ.* 5:1-32.
- Cahn, A.R. 1937. The turtles of Illinois. *Illinois Biol. Monogr.* 16:1-218.
- Caldwell, J.P. and J.T. Collins. 1981. *Turtles in Kansas*. AMS Publ., Lawrence, Kansas.
- Camp, C.D., D.G. Lovell, and C.W. Condee. 1988. New locality records for two species of frogs (Ranidae and Hylidae) and three species of turtles (Emydidae and Kinosternidae) from Georgia. *Georgia J. Sci.* 46:158-161.
- Carpenter, C.C. 1979. Photographic analysis, p. 97-108. In M. Harless and H. Morlock (eds.), *Turtles: perspectives and research*. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.
- . 1980. An ethological approach to reproductive success in reptiles, p. 33-48. In J.B. Murphy and J.T. Collins (eds.), *Reproductive biology and diseases of captive reptiles*. SSAR Contr. Herpetol., Athens, Ohio.
- and G.W. Ferguson. 1977. Variation and evolution of stereotyped behavior in reptiles, p. 335-554. In C. Gans and D.W. Tinkle (eds.), *Biology of the Reptilia*, Vol. 7, ecology and behavior A. Academic Press, New York.
- Carr, A.F., Jr. 1935. The identity and status of two turtles of the genus *Pseudemys*. *Copeia* 1935:147-148.
- . 1937. A new turtle from Florida, with notes on *Pseudemys floridana mobiliensis* (Holbrook). *Occas. Pap. Mus. Zool. Univ. Michigan* (348):1-7.
- . 1938. A new subspecies of *Pseudemys floridana* with notes on the *floridana* complex. *Copeia* 1938:105-109.
- . 1940. A contribution to the herpetology of Florida. *Univ. Florida Biol. Sci. Ser.* 3:1-118.
- . 1952. *Handbook of turtles. The turtles of the United States, Canada, and Baja California*. Comstock Publ. Assoc., Cornell Univ. Press, Ithaca, New York.
- . 1983. All the way down upon the Suwannee River. *Audubon* 85:78-101.
- and J.W. Crenshaw. 1957. A taxonomic reappraisal of the turtle *Pseudemys alabamensis* Baur. *Bull. Florida State Mus. Biol. Sci.* 2:25-42.
- and C.J. Goin. 1959. *Guide to the reptiles, amphibians and freshwater fishes of Florida*. Univ. Florida Press, Gainesville.
- Chapman, H.C. and A.P. Brubaker. 1891. Researches upon respiration. I. On the consumption of oxygen and production of carbon dioxide in animals. *Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci., Philadelphia* 43:13-44.
- Chermock, R.L. 1952. A key to the amphibians and reptiles of Alabama. *Geol. Surv. Alabama Mus. Pap.* (33):1-88.
- Clarke, R.F., J. Breukelman, and T.F. Andrews. 1958. An annotated checklist of the vertebrates of Lyon County, Kansas. *Trans. Kansas Acad. Sci.* 61:165-194.
- Cochran, D.M. and C.J. Goin. 1970. *The new field book of reptiles and amphibians*. G.P. Putnam's Sons, New York.
- Collins, J.T. 1993. *Amphibians and reptiles in Kansas*. 3rd ed. Univ. Kansas Mus. Nat. Hist. Publ. Educ. Ser. (13). Lawrence, Kansas.
- Conant, R. 1958. *A field guide to reptiles and amphibians of the United States and Canada east of the 100th meridian*. Houghton Mifflin Co., Boston, Massachusetts.
- . 1975. *A field guide to reptiles and amphibians of eastern and central North America*. 2nd ed. Houghton Mifflin Co., Boston, Massachusetts.
- . 1977. The Florida Water Snake (Reptilia, Serpentes, Colubridae) established at Brownsville, Texas, with comments on other herpetological introductions in the area. *J. Herpetol.* 11:217-220.
- and J.T. Collins. 1991. *A field guide to reptiles and amphibians of eastern and central North America*. 3rd ed. Houghton

- Mifflin Co., Boston, Massachusetts.
- and R.G. Hudson. 1949. Longevity records for reptiles and amphibians in the Philadelphia Zoological Garden. *Herpetologica* 5:1-8.
- Congdon, J.D. 1989. Biomass productivity of turtles in freshwater wetlands: a geographic comparison, p. 583-592. *In* R.R. Sharitz and J.W. Gibbons (eds), *Freshwater wetlands and wildlife*. U.S. Dept. Energy Symp. Ser. (61). Washington, D.C.
- and J.W. Gibbons. 1985. Egg components and reproductive characteristics of turtles: relationships to body size. *Herpetologica* 41:194-205.
- , J.L. Greene, and J.W. Gibbons. 1986. Biomass of freshwater turtles: a geographic comparison. *Amer. Midl. Nat.* 115:165-173.
- Crawford, F.T. and P.M. Adams. 1968. The effect of schedules of reinforcement upon the response rates of turtles. *Psychon. Sci.* 11:153-154.
- , —, and J.B. Whitt. 1966. Response rate of turtles to fixed ratio reinforcement. *Psychon. Sci.* 6:19-20.
- and L.E. Siebert. 1964. Operant rate in the turtle as a function of temperature. *Psychon. Sci.* 1:215-216.
- Crenshaw, J.W. 1955. The ecological geography of the *Pseudemys floridana* complex in the southeastern United States. Ph.D. Diss. Univ. Florida, Gainesville.
- , 1965. Serum protein variation in an interspecies hybrid swarm of turtles of the genus *Pseudemys*. *Evolution* 19:1-15.
- Dadd, M.N. (compiler). 1971 (1974). *The Zoological Record* 108, sect. 17:86.
- Dancik, T. 1974. A survey of the turtles of the Des Plaines River. *Bull. Chicago Herpetol. Soc.* 9:23-33.
- Davis, J.D. and C.G. Jackson, Jr. 1971. The comparative courtship behavior of *Chrysemys concinna suwanniensis* and *Chrysemys scripta elegans* (abstr.). *Herpetol. Rev.* 3:8.
- Davis, N.S., Jr. and F.L. Rice. 1883a. List of Batrachia and Reptilia of Illinois. *Bull. Chicago Acad. Sci.* 1:25-32.
- and —. 1883b. Descriptive catalogue of North American Batrachia and Reptilia found east of the Mississippi River. *Illinois Lab. Nat. Hist.* 5:1-64.
- Delany, M.F. and C.L. Abercrombie. 1986. American alligator food habits in north-central Florida. *J. Wildl. Mgmt.* 50:348-353.
- Ditmars, R.L. 1907. *The reptile book*. Doubleday, Doran Co., Inc., New York.
- , 1936. *The reptiles of North America: a review of the crocodilians, lizards, snakes, turtles, and tortoises inhabiting the United States and North Mexico*. Doubleday, Doran Co., Inc., Garden City, New York.
- Dixon, J.R. 1987. *Amphibians and reptiles of Texas, with keys, taxonomic synopses, bibliography, and distribution maps*. Texas A&M Univ. Press, College Station.
- , 1993. Supplement to the literature for the "Amphibians and Reptiles of Texas" 1987. *Smithson. Herpetol. Info. Serv.* (94):1-43.
- Dobie, J.L. 1981. The taxonomic relationship between *Malaclemys* Gray, 1844 and *Graptemys* Agassiz, 1857 (Testudines: Emydidae). *Tulane Stud. Zool. Bot.* 23:85-102.
- and D.R. Jackson. 1979. First fossil record for the Diamond-back Terrapin, *Malaclemys terrapin* (Emydidae), and comments on the fossil record of *Chrysemys nelsoni* (Emydidae). *Herpetologica* 35:139-145.
- Dreslik, M.J. 1996. Ecology and community relationships of the river cooter, *Pseudemys concinna*, in a southern Illinois backwater. M.S. Thesis, E. Illinois Univ., Charleston.
- Duméril, A.M.C. and G. Bibron. 1835. *Erpétologie générale ou histoire naturelle complète des reptiles*. Vol. 2. Libr. Encyclop. Roret, Paris.
- and A.H.A. Duméril. 1851. *Catalogue méthodique de la collection des reptiles* (Muséum d'Histoire Naturelle de Paris). Gide et Baudry, Paris.
- Dundee, H.A. 1994. Natural history notes: *Pseudemys concinna* (maximum size). *Herpetol. Rev.* 25:25.
- and D.A. Rossman. 1989. *The amphibians and reptiles of Louisiana*. Louisiana State Univ. Press, Baton Rouge.
- Ernst, C.H. 1990. *Pseudemys gorzugi*. *Cat. Amer. Amphib. Rept.*:461.1-461.2.
- and R.W. Barbour. 1972. *Turtles of the United States*. Univ. Press Kentucky, Lexington.
- and —. 1989. *Turtles of the world*. Smithsonian Inst. Press, Washington, D.C. and London.
- and E.M. Ernst. 1979. Synopsis of protozoans parasitic in native turtles of the United States. *Bull. Maryland Herpetol. Soc.* 15:1-15.
- , J.E. Lovich, and R.W. Barbour. 1994. *Turtles of the United States and Canada*. Smithsonian Inst. Press, Washington, D.C. and London.
- Ernst, E.M. and C.H. Ernst. 1975. New hosts and localities for turtle helminths. *Proc. Helminthol. Soc. Washington* 42:176-178.
- and —. 1977. Synopsis of helminths endoparasitic in native turtles of the United States. *Bull. Maryland Herpetol. Soc.* 13:1-75.
- Ewert, M.A. 1979a. Geographic distribution: *Chrysemys concinna*. *Herpetol. Rev.* 10:101.
- , 1979b. The embryo and its egg: development and natural history, p. 333-413. *In* M. Harless and H. Morlock (eds.), *Turtles: perspectives and research*. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- , 1985. Embryology of turtles, p. 75-267. *In* C. Gans, F. Bilet, and P.F.A. Maderson (eds.), *Biology of the Reptilia*. Vol. 14. Development A. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- , 1991. Cold torpor, diapause, delayed hatching and aestivation in reptiles and birds, p. 173-191. *In* D.C. Deeming and M.W. Ferguson (eds.), *Egg incubation: its effect on embryonic development in birds and reptiles*. Cambridge Univ. Press, New York.
- and C.E. Nelson. 1991. Sex determination in turtles: diverse patterns and some possible adaptive values. *Copeia* 1991:50-69.
- Fahey, K.M. 1980. A taxonomic study of the cooter turtles *Pseudemys floridana* (LeConte) and *Pseudemys concinna* (LeConte), in the lower Red River, Atchafalaya River, and Mississippi River basins. *Tulane Stud. Zool. Bot.* 22:49-66.
- , 1987. Aspects of the life history of the River Cooter, *Pseudemys concinna* (LeConte), in the Tallapoosa River, Tallapoosa County, Alabama. Ph.D. Diss. Auburn Univ., Auburn, Alabama.
- Fitzinger, L.J.F.J. 1835. Entwurf einer systematischen Anordnung der Schildkröten nach den Grundsätzen der natürlichen Methode. *Ann. Mus. Wien* 1:103-128.
- Forbes, W.C. 1966. A cytological study of the Chelonia. Ph.D. Diss. Univ. Connecticut, Storrs.
- Forsman, A. and R. Shine. 1995. Sexual size dimorphism in relation to frequency of reproduction in turtles (Testudines: Emydidae). *Copeia* 1995:727-729.
- Frair, W. 1977. Turtle red blood cell packed volumes, sizes, and numbers. *Herpetologica* 33:167-190.
- Fritz, U. 1981. Synonymie von *Chrysemys concinna* (LeConte 1830) mit *Chrysemys floridana* (LeConte 1830) mit Berücksichtigung von *Chrysemys rubriventris* (LeConte 1830). *Herpetofauna* 3:31-33.
- , 1989. Beitrag zur Kenntnis der Texas-Schmuckschildkröte (*Pseudemys texana* Baur 1893) (Reptilia: Testudines: Emy-

- didae). Sauria 11:9-14.
- . 1990. Balzverhalten und Systematik in der Subtribus Nec-
temydina 1. Die Gattung *Trachemys*, besonders *Trachemys*
scripta callirostris (Gray, 1855). Salamandra 26:221-245.
- . 1991. Balzverhalten und Systematik in der Subtribus Nec-
temydina 2. Vergleich oberhalb des Art-niveaus und An-
merkungen zur Evolution. Salamandra 27:129-142.
- Frost, D.R. and D.M. Hillis. 1990. Species in concept and prac-
tice: herpetological applications. Herpetologica 46:87-104.
- Gaffney, E.S. 1979. Comparative cranial morphology of recent
and fossil turtles. Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist. 164:65-376.
- Gapp, D.A. and R.E. Carraway. 1990. Neurotensin is localized
to paracrine cells in the urinary bladder of the turtle,
Chrysemys picta. Gen. Comp. Endocrinol. 79:185-192.
- and J.M. Polak. 1990. Localization of insulin to gastroen-
teropancreatic cells in the turtle gastrointestinal tract. Gen.
Comp. Endocrinol. 78:48-55.
- Garret, J.M. and D.G. Barker. 1987. A field guide to reptiles
and amphibians of Texas. Texas Monthly Press, Austin.
- Gibbons, J.W. 1970. Terrestrial activity and the population dy-
namics of aquatic turtles. Amer. Midl. Nat. 83:404-414.
- . 1982. Reproductive patterns in freshwater turtles. Herpeto-
logica 38:222-227.
- . 1990. Life history and ecology of the slider turtle. Smith-
sonian Inst. Press, Washington, D.C.
- and J.W. Coker. 1977. Ecological and life history aspects of
the cooter, *Chrysemys floridana* (LeConte). Herpetologica
33:29-33.
- , J.L. Greene, and J.D. Congdon. 1983. Drought-related re-
sponses of aquatic turtle populations. J. Herpetol. 17:242-
246.
- , — and K.K. Patterson. 1982. Variation in reproductive char-
acteristics of aquatic turtles. Copeia 1982:776-784.
- and J.E. Lovich. 1990. Sexual dimorphism in turtles with
emphasis on the slider turtle (*Trachemys scripta*). Herpetol.
Monogr. (4):1-29.
- and D.H. Nelson. 1978. The evolutionary significance of
delayed emergence from the nest by hatchling turtles. Evolu-
tion 32:297-303.
- and M.H. Smith. 1968. Evidence of orientation by turtles.
Herpetologica 24:331-333.
- Giovanetto, L.A. 1992. Population ecology and relative abun-
dance of sympatric freshwater turtles in the headwaters of
two spring-fed rivers in western peninsular Florida. Ph.D.
Diss. Florida Inst. Tech., Melbourne.
- Goff, C.C. and D.S. Goff. 1932. Egg laying and incubation of
Pseudemys floridana. Copeia 1932:92-94.
- Goin, C.J. and C.G. Jackson. 1965. Hemoglobin values of some
amphibians and reptiles from Florida. Herpetologica 21:
145-146.
- Gorman, G.C. 1973. The chromosomes of the Reptilia, a cyto-
taxonomic interpretation, p. 349-424. In A.B. Chiarelli and
E. Campagna (eds.), Cytotaxonomy and vertebrate evolu-
tion. Academic Press, London, New York.
- Gray, J.E. 1831. Synopsis Reptilium; or short descriptions of
the species of reptiles. Part I. Cataphracta. Tortoises, croco-
diles, and enaliosaurians. Treuttel, Wurtz, and Co., Lon-
don.
- . 1855 (1856a). On some new species of freshwater tortoises
from North America, Ceylon and Australia in the British
Museum. Proc. Zool. Soc. London 1855:197-202
- . 1855 (1856b). Catalogue of the shield reptiles in the collec-
tion of the British Museum. Part 1. Testudinata (tortoises).
The Trustees (Brit. Mus., Nat. Hist.), London.
- . 1863. Notes on American Emydidae, and Professor Agassiz's
observations on my catalogue of them. Ann. Mag. Nat.
Hist., ser. 3, 12:176-183.
- . 1873. Hand-list of the specimens of shield reptiles in the
British Museum. The Trustees (Brit. Mus., Nat. Hist.),
London.
- Green, N.B. and T.K. Pauley. 1987. Amphibians and reptiles in
West Virginia. Univ. Pittsburgh Press, Pittsburgh, Pennsylv-
ania.
- Grigg, G.C., C.R. Drane, and G.P. Courtice. 1979. Time con-
stants of heating and cooling in the eastern water dragon,
Physignathus lesueurii and some generalizations about
heating and cooling in reptiles. J. Therm. Biol. 4:95-103.
- Guidry, E.V. 1953. Herpetological notes from southeastern
Texas. Herpetologica 9:49-56.
- Gunter, G. 1981. Status of turtles on the Mississippi coast USA.
Gulf Res. Rept. 7:89-92.
- Haltom, W.L. 1931. Alabama reptiles. Alabama Geol. Surv. Mus.
Nat. Hist. Pap.:vi + 145 p.
- Harless, M. and H. Morlock. 1979. Turtles: perspectives and
research. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Hay, O.P. 1892. The batrachians and reptiles of the State of In-
diana. Ann. Rep. Indiana Dept. Geol. Nat. Res. 17:409-
602 + 3 pl.
- Hennemann, W.W., III. 1979. The influence of environmental
cues and nutritional status on frequency of basking in ju-
venal Suwannee Terrapins (*Chrysemys concinna*). Herpe-
tologica 35:129-131.
- Herkert, J.R. 1992. Endangered and threatened species of Illi-
nois: status and distribution, Vol. 2—Animals. Illinois En-
dang. Spec. Prot. Bd., Springfield, Illinois.
- Hibbitts, T.D. and M.P. Hibbitts. 1994. New county records of
amphibians and reptiles from northeastern Texas. Herpetol.
Rev. 25:35-36.
- Holbrook, J.E. 1836, 1838. North American herpetology; or, a
description of the reptiles inhabiting the United States. Vol.
II. J. Dobson, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- . 1976. North American herpetology. SSAR Misc. Publ. Ath-
ens, Ohio.
- Holcomb, C.M. and C.G. Jackson. 1972. Serum cholesterol val-
ues in three species of turtles. J. Wildl. Dis. 8:181-182.
- Holman, J.A. 1967. A Pleistocene herpetofauna from Ladds,
Georgia. Bull. Georgia Acad. Sci.:154-166.
- . 1977. Comments on turtles of the genus *Chrysemys* Gray.
Herpetologica 33:274-276.
- . 1995. Pleistocene amphibians and reptiles in North America.
Oxford Univ. Press, Inc., New York.
- , G. Bell, and J. Lamb. 1990. A late Pleistocene herpetofauna
from Bell Cave, Alabama. Herpetol. J. 1:521-529.
- Huheey, J.E. and A. Stupka. 1965. Herpetological records from
the Great Smoky Mountains. Herpetologica 21:148-50.
- Hurter, J. and J.K. Strecker. 1909. The amphibians and reptiles
of Arkansas. Trans. Acad. Sci. St. Louis 18:11-27.
- Hutchison, V.H. 1979. Thermoregulation, p. 207-228. In M.
Harless and H. Morlock (eds.), Turtles: perspectives and
research. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- , A. Vinegar, and R.J. Kosh. 1966. Critical thermal maxima in
turtles. Herpetologica 22:32-41.
- Hutton, K.E., D.R. Boyer, J.C. Williams, and P.M. Campbell.
1960. Effects of temperature and body size upon heart rate
and oxygen consumption in turtles. J. Cell. Comp. Physiol.
55:87-93.
- Iverson, J.B. 1977. Reproduction in freshwater and terrestrial
turtles of north Florida. Herpetologica 33:205-212.
- . 1978. Geographic distribution: *Chrysemys concinna heiro-
glyphica*. Herpetol. Rev. 9:22.
- . 1982. Biomass in turtle populations: a neglected subject.
Oecologia 55:69-76.
- . 1992. A revised checklist with distribution maps of the turtles
of the world. Priv. printed. Richmond, Indiana.

- and C.R. Etchberger. 1989. The distribution of the turtles of Florida. *Florida Sci.* 52:119-144.
- Jackson, C.G., Jr. 1965. Biometrical studies of growth in *Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis* Carr (Order: Testudinata) (abstr.). *A.S.B. Bull.* 12:47.
- . 1966. A morphometric analysis of the shell of *Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis* Carr (Order: Testudinata) (abstr.). *A.S.B. Bull.* 13:38.
- . 1968. A study of allometric growth in *Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis* Carr (Order: Testudinata) (abstr.). *A.S.B. Bull.* 15:41.
- . 1970. A biometrical study of growth in *Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis*. *Copeia* 1970:528-534.
- and C.E. Cantrell. 1964. Total body water in neonatal Suwannee Terrapins, *Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis*. *Comp. Biochem. Physiol.* 12:527-528.
- and J.D. Davis. 1972a. A quantitative study of the courtship display of the Red-eared Turtle *Chrysemys scripta elegans*. *Herpetologica* 28:58-64.
- and —. 1972b. Courtship display behavior of *Chrysemys concinna suwanniensis*. *Copeia* 1972:385-87.
- and M. Fulton. 1970. A turtle colony epizootic apparently of microbial origin. *J. Wildl. Dis.* 6:466-468.
- , C.M. Holcomb, and M.M. Jackson. 1970. The relationship between age, blood serum cholesterol level and aortic calcification in the turtle. *Comp. Biochem. Physiol.* 35:491-493.
- , S. Kleinbergs-Krisans, and M.M. Jackson. 1974. Variation in strontium-90 exoskeletal burdens of turtles (Reptilia: Testudines) in southeastern United States. *Herpetologica* 30:406-9.
- and M.M. Jackson. 1968. The egg and hatchling of the Suwannee terrapin. *Quart. J. Florida Acad. Sci.* 31:199-204.
- and R.C. Legendre. 1967. Blood serum cholesterol levels in turtles. *Comp. Biochem. Physiol.* 20:311-312.
- Jackson, D.R. 1975. A Pleistocene *Graptemys* (Reptilia: Testudines) from the Santa Fe River of Florida. *Herpetologica* 31:213-219.
- . 1976. The status of the Pliocene turtles *Pseudemys caelata* Hay and *Chrysemys carri* Rose and Weaver. *Copeia* 1976: 655-659.
- . 1994. Overwintering of hatchling turtles in northern Florida. *J. Herpetol.* 28:401-402.
- . 1995. Systematics of the *Pseudemys concinna-floridana* complex (Testudines: Emydidae): an alternative interpretation. *Chelonian Conserv. Biol.* 1:329-333.
- . 1996. Reproduction in the Suwannee Cooter, *Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis*. Final rep. Florida Game Fresh Water Fish Com., Tallahassee.
- Johnson, C.A., III. 1968. New host records for *Allasostoma* (Trematoda: Digenea) and *Neoechinorhynchus* (Acanthocephala) from *Pseudemys concinna* (Le Conte) (Chelonia). *Bull. Wildl. Dis. Assoc.* 4:129.
- Johnson, T.R. 1982. Missouri's turtles. *Conserv. Com. St. Missouri*, Jefferson City.
- . 1987. The amphibians and reptiles of Missouri. *Missouri Dept. Conserv.*, Jefferson City.
- Killebrew, F.C. 1977. Mitotic chromosomes of turtles. IV. The Emydidae. *Texas J. Sci.* 29:245-253.
- Kinney, J.L., D.T. Matsuura, and F.N. White. 1977. Cardiorespiratory effects of temperature in the turtle, *Pseudemys floridana*. *Resp. Physiol.* 31:309-325.
- and F.N. White. 1977. Oxidative cost of ventilation in a turtle, *Pseudemys floridana*. *Resp. Physiol.* 31:327-332.
- Lagueux, C.J., K.A. Bjorndal, A.B. Bolten, and C.L. Campbell. 1995. Food habits of *Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis* in a Florida spring. *J. Herpetol.* 29:122-126.
- Laughlin, H.E. 1959. Stomach contents of some aquatic snakes from Lake McAlester, Pittsburg County, Oklahoma. *Texas J. Sci.* 11:83-85.
- Le Conte, J. 1830. Description of the North American tortoises. *Ann. Lyceum Nat. Hist. New York* 3:91-131.
- Lehrer, J. 1990. Turtles and tortoises. *Mallard Press*, New York.
- Leidy, J. 1856. A synopsis of entozoa and some of the other ecto-congeners observed by the author. *Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia* 8:42-58.
- Lindholm, W.A. 1929. Revidiertes Verzeichnis der Gattungen der rezenten Schildkröten nebst Notizen zur Nomenklatur einiger Arten. *Zool. Anz. (Leipzig)* 81:275-295.
- Liner, E.A. 1954. The herpetofauna of Lafayette, Terrebonne and Vermillion parishes, Louisiana. *Proc. Louisiana Acad. Sci.* 17:65-85.
- Lovich, J.E., S.W. Gotte, C.H. Ernst, J.C. Harshbarger, A.F. Laemmerzahl, and J.W. Gibbons. 1996. Prevalence and histopathology of shell disease in turtles from Lake Blackshear, Georgia. *J. Wildl. Dis.* 32:259-265.
- Mahmoud, I.Y. and J. Klicka. 1979. Feeding, drinking and excretion, p. 229-243. *In* M. Harless and H. Morlock (eds.), *Turtles: perspectives and research*. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Malnate, E.V. 1971. A catalog of primary types in the herpetological collections of the Academy of Natural Sciences, Philadelphia (ANSP). *Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia* 123:345-375.
- Marchand, L.J. 1944. Notes on the courtship of a Florida terrapin. *Copeia* 1944:191-192.
- . 1945. The individual range of some Florida turtles. *Copeia* 1945:75-77.
- Martof, B.S. 1956. Amphibians and reptiles of Georgia. *Univ. Georgia Press*, Athens.
- , W.M. Palmer, J.R. Bailey, and J.R. Harrison III. 1980. Amphibians and reptiles of the Carolinas and Virginia. *Univ. North Carolina Press*, Chapel Hill.
- McAllister, C.T. 1982. Geographic distribution: *Chrysemys concinna*. *Herpetol. Rev.* 13:80.
- McCauley, R.H., Jr. 1945. The reptiles of Maryland and The District of Columbia. *Priv. publ.*, Hagerstown, Maryland.
- McCoy, C.J. 1975. Notes on Oklahoma reptiles. *Proc. Oklahoma Acad. Sci.* 55:53-54.
- and J.F. Jacobs. 1991. Phalangeal formulae in the turtle genera *Chrysemys*, *Pseudemys*, and *Trachemys* (Testudines: Emydidae). *J. Herpetol.* 25:211-212.
- McDiarmid, R.W. 1978. Rare and endangered biota of Florida. Vol. III. Amphibians and reptiles. *Univ. Presses Florida*, Gainesville.
- McDowell, S.B. 1964. Partition of the genus *Clemmys* and related problems in the taxonomy of the aquatic testudinidae. *Proc. Zool. Soc. London* 143:239-279.
- Meylan, P.A., C.A. Stevens, M.E. Barnwell, and E.D. Dohm. 1992. Observations on the turtle community of Rainbow Run, Marion Co., Florida. *Florida Sci.* 55:219-228.
- Minton, S.A. 1971. Indiana turtle distribution patterns and present status of populations. *Proc. Indiana Acad. Sci.* 80: 485-486.
- . 1972. Amphibians and reptiles of Indiana. *Indiana Acad. Sci. Monogr.* (3):v + 346 p.
- Mitchell, J.C. 1994. The reptiles of Virginia. *Smithsonian Inst. Press*, Washington, D.C.
- Moler, P.E. and R.E. Ashton, Jr. (eds.). 1992. Rare and endangered biota of Florida. Vol. 3. Amphibians and reptiles. *Univ. Press Florida*, Gainesville.
- Moll, E.O. and M.A. Morris. 1990. Status of the River Cooter, *Pseudemys concinna*, in Illinois. *Trans. Illinois. St. Acad.*

- Sci. 84:77-83.
- Morris, M.A. and P.W. Smith. 1981. Endangered and threatened amphibians and reptiles, p. 21-33. In M.L. Bowles (ed.), *Endangered and threatened vertebrate animals and vascular plants of Illinois*. Illinois Dept. Conserv., Springfield.
- Moser, W.E. 1995. *Placobdella parasitica* (Rhynchobdellida: Glossiphoniidae) from the Eastern River Cooter (Chelonia: Emydidae) in Oklahoma. *Texas J. Sci.* 47:71-74.
- Mount, R.H. 1975. The reptiles and amphibians of Alabama. Auburn Univ. Agric. Exp. Station, Auburn, Alabama.
- Myers, S. 1982. Geographic distribution: *Chrysemys concinna*. *Herpetol. Rev.* 13:24.
- Naeije, M. and A. Crowe. 1977. Model for beta motor stimulation in chelonian muscle spindles. *Biol. Cybern.* 26:73-79.
- Neill, W.T. 1954. Ranges and taxonomic allocations of amphibians and reptiles in the southeastern United States. *Publ. Res. Div. Ross Allen Rept. Inst.* 1:75-96.
- and E.R. Allen. 1954. Algae on turtles: some additional considerations. *Ecology* 35:581-584.
- Nickerson, M.A. and R. Krager. 1971. Noteworthy records of Missouri reptiles. *Trans. Kansas Acad. Sci.* 74:99-101.
- Nothstine, S.A., J.O. Davis, and R.M. DeRoos. 1971. Kidney extracts and ACTH on adrenal steroid secretion in a turtle and a crocodilian. *Amer. J. Physiol.* 221:726-732.
- Obst, F.J. 1985. Schmuckschildkröten. Die Gattung *Chrysemys*. A. Ziemsen Verlag, Wittenberg Lutherstadt.
- Oliver, J.A. 1955. The natural history of North American amphibians and reptiles. D. Van Nostrand Co., Inc. New York.
- Olmo, E., G. Odierna, T. Capriglione, and O. Cobor. 1985. Different trends in the variations of the main genomic components in turtles and scaly-reptiles. *Comp. Biochem. Physiol.* 80B:441-446.
- Palmer, W.M. and A.L. Braswell. 1995. Reptiles of North Carolina. Univ. North Carolina Press, Chapel Hill.
- Parker, M.V. 1939. The reptiles and amphibians of Reelfoot Lake and vicinity, with a key for the separation of species and subspecies. *J. Tennessee Acad. Sci.* 14:72-101.
- . 1947. Notes on the herpetology of Clay and Greene counties, Arkansas. *Proc. Arkansas Acad. Sci.* 2:15-30.
- . 1948. A contribution to the herpetology of western Tennessee. *J. Tennessee Acad. Sci.* 23:20-30.
- Parsons, T.S. 1960. The structure of the choanae of the Emydinae (Testudines, Testudinidae). *Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool.* 123:113-127.
- . 1968. Variation in the choanal structure of Recent turtles. *Can. J. Zool.* 46:1235-1263 + 5 pl.
- Pasteels, J.J. 1957a. Une table analytique du développement des reptiles. 1. Stades de gastrulation chez les chéloniens et les lacertiliens. *Ann. Soc. R. Zool. Belg.* 87:217-241.
- . 1957b. La formation de l'endophylle et de l'endoblaste vitellin chez les reptiles, chéloniens et lacertiliens. *Acta Anat.* 30:601-612.
- Petranka, J.W. and A. Phillipi. 1978. Observations on the courtship behavior of juvenile *Chrysemys concinna concinna* and *Chrysemys floridana hoyi* (Reptilia, Testudines, Emydidae). *J. Herpetol.* 12:417-419.
- Pope, C.H. 1939. Turtles of the United States and Canada. Alfred A. Knopf, Inc., New York.
- Powell, R., K.P. Bromeier, N.A. Laposha, J.S. Parmerlee, and B. Miller. 1982. Maximum size of amphibians and reptiles from Missouri. *Trans. Missouri Acad. Sci.* 16:99-106.
- Preston, R.E. 1979. Late Pleistocene cold-blooded vertebrate faunas from the mid-continental United States. I Reptilia: Testudines, Crocodilia. *Univ. Michigan Mus. Paleontol. Pap. Paleontol.* (19):1-53.
- Pritchard, P.C.H. 1967. Living turtles of the world. T.F.H. Publ., Jersey City, New Jersey.
- . 1979. Encyclopedia of turtles. T.F.H. Publ., Inc., Neptune, New Jersey.
- . 1980. Record size turtles from Florida and South America. *Chelonologica* 1:113-123.
- and W.F. Greenhood. 1968. The sun and the turtle. *Int. Turtle Tortoise Soc. J.* 2:20-25, 34.
- Proctor, V.W. 1958. The growth of *Basicleadia* on turtles. *Ecology* 39:634-645.
- Raun, G.R. and F.R. Gehlbach. 1972. Amphibians and reptiles in Texas. Taxonomic synopses, bibliography, county distribution maps. *Dallas Mus. Nat. Hist. Bull.* (2):ii + 61 p. + 140 maps.
- Rhoads, S.N. 1895. Contributions to the zoology of Tennessee. No. 1. Reptiles and amphibians. *Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philadelphia* (1):376-407.
- Rhodes, A.R.P. (compiler). 1964 (1966). *The Zoological Record* 101, sect. 17:1-87.
- Rodnan, G.P. and F.G. Ebaugh. 1957. Paper electrophoresis of animal hemoglobins. *Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med.* 95:397-401.
- Rose, F.L. and W.G. Weaver. 1966. Two new species of *Chrysemys* (= *Pseudemys*) from the Florida Pliocene. *Tulane Stud. Geol.* 5:41-48.
- Roth, J.A. and J. Laerm. 1980. A late Pleistocene vertebrate assemblage from Edisto Island, South Carolina. *Brimleyana* (3):1-29.
- Schmidt, K.P. 1953. A check list of North American amphibians and reptiles. 6th ed. ASIH, Chicago, Illinois.
- Seidel, M.E. 1981. A taxonomic analysis of pseudemyd turtles (Testudines: Emydidae) from the New River, and phenetic relationships in the subgenus *Pseudemys*. *Brimleyana* (6):25-44.
- . 1982. The turtle *Ps[e]udemys concinna* (Testudines: Emydidae) in the New River, p. 77-80. *Proc. New River Symp. U.S. Natl. Park Serv., Glen Jean, West Virginia*.
- . 1994. Morphometric analysis and taxonomy of Cooter and Red-bellied turtles in the North American genus *Pseudemys* (Emydidae). *Chelonian Conserv. Biol.* 1:117-130.
- . 1995. How many species of cooter turtles and where is the scientific evidence? A reply to Jackson. *Chelonian Conserv. Biol.* 1:333-336.
- and N.B. Green. 1982. On the occurrence of cooter turtles (subgenus *Pseudemys*) in the upper Ohio River valley. *Herpetol. Rev.* 13:132-134.
- and W.M. Palmer. 1991. Morphological variation in turtles of the genus *Pseudemys* from central Atlantic drainages. *Brimleyana* 17:105-135.
- and H.M. Smith. 1986. *Chrysemys, Pseudemys, Trachemys* (Testudines: Emydidae): did Agassiz have it right? *Herpetologica* 42:242-248.
- Shah, R.V. 1962. A comparative study of the respiratory muscles in Chelonia. *Breviora* (161):1-16.
- Shellabarger, C.J., A. Grobman, F.C. Schatzlein, and D. McGill. 1956. Some quantitative and qualitative aspects of I¹³¹ metabolism in turtles. *Endocrinology* 59:331-339.
- Sievert, G. and L. Sievert. 1989. A field guide to reptiles of Oklahoma. Oklahoma Dept. Wildl., Oklahoma City.
- Smith, H.M. 1956. Handbook of amphibians and reptiles of Kansas. *Univ. Kansas Mus. Nat. Hist. Misc. Publ.* (2):1-336.
- and E.D. Brodie, Jr. 1982. A guide to field identification; reptiles of North America. Golden Press, New York.
- and O. Sanders. 1952. Distributional data on Texas amphibians and reptiles. *Texas J. Sci.* 4:204-219.
- and R.B. Smith. 1980. Synopsis of the herpetofauna of Mexico, Vol. VI. Guide to Mexican turtles. *Bibliographic*

- Addendum III. John Johnson, North Bennington, Vermont. Smith, P.W. 1961. The amphibians and reptiles of Illinois. Illinois Nat. Hist. Surv. Bull. 28:1-298.
- and J.C. List. 1955. Notes on Mississippi amphibians and reptiles. Amer. Midl. Nat. 53:115-125.
- Snider, A.T. and J.K. Bowler. 1992. Longevity of reptiles and amphibians in North American collections. 2nd ed. SSAR Herpetol. Circ. (21):iii + 40 p.
- Southworth, F.C. Jr. and A.C. Redfield. 1926. The transport of gas by the blood of the turtle. J. Gen. Physiol. 9:387-403.
- Stejneger, L. 1938. Restitution of the name *Ptychemys hoyi* Agassiz for a western river tortoise. Proc. Biol. Soc. Washington 51:173-175.
- and T. Barbour. 1939. A check list of North American amphibians and reptiles. 4th ed. Harvard Univ. Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts.
- Stephens, D.E. 1985. Geographic distribution: *Pseudemys concinna concinna*. Herpetol. Rev. 16:85.
- Stock, A.D. 1972. Karyological relationships in turtles (Reptilia: Chelonia). Can. J. Genet. Cytol. 14:859-868.
- Stone, P.A., J.B. Hauge, A.F. Scott, C. Guyer, and J.L. Dobie. 1993. Temporal changes in two turtle assemblages. J. Herpetol. 27:13-23.
- Stone, S.F. 1980. These precious few. Outdoor Highlights 8:1-48.
- Strauch, A. 1862. Chenologische Studien, mit besonderer Beziehung auf die Schildkrötensammlung der kaiserlichen Akademie der Wissenschaften zu St. Petersburg. Mém. Acad. Imper. Sci. St. Pétersburg, ser. 7, 5(7):1-196.
- 1890. Bemerkungen über die Schildkrötensammlung im zoologischen Museum der Kaiserlichen Akademie der Wissenschaften zu St. Petersburg. Mém. Acad. Imper. Sci. St. Pétersbourg, ser. 7, 38(2):1-127 + 4 pl.
- Strecker, J.K. 1915. Reptiles and amphibians of Texas. Baylor Univ. Bull. 18(4):1-82.
- Sullivan, B. and A. Riggs. 1967a. Structure, function and evolution of turtle hemoglobins I. Distribution of heavy hemoglobins. Comp. Biochem. Physiol. 23:437-447.
- 1967b. Structure, function and evolution of turtle hemoglobins II. Electrophoretic studies. Comp. Biochem. Physiol. 23:449-458.
- 1967c. Structure, function and evolution of turtle hemoglobins III. Oxygenation properties. Comp. Biochem. Physiol. 23:459-474.
- Teehan, W.H. and R.B. Short. 1989. Mitotic chromosomes of a species of *Spirorchis* Trematoda, Spirorchidae. J. Parasitol. 75:474-476.
- Teran, A.F., R.C. Vogt, and M.F.S. Gomez. 1995. Food habits of an assemblage of five species of turtles in the Rio Guapore, Rondonia, Brazil. J. Herpetol. 29:536-547.
- Thomas, K. 1972. Annual cycle of reproduction of the emydid turtle, *Pseudemys floridana floridana* (Testudinata, Testudinidae) with observations on its ecology. M.S. Thesis, Auburn Univ., Auburn, Alabama.
- and R. Mount. 1973. The annual cycle of reproduction of the turtle *Pseudemys floridana floridana* (Testudinata, Testudinidae) with observations on its ecology (abstr.). ASB Bull. 20:87.
- Thomas, R.B., D. Moll, and J. Steiert. 1994. Evidence of a symbiotic relationship between cellulolytic bacteria and a freshwater herbivorous turtle. Southwest. Nat. 39:386-388.
- Tinkle, D.W. 1959. The relation of the fall line to the distribution and abundance of turtles. Copeia 1959:167-170.
- 1962. Variation in shell morphology of North American turtles. I. The carapacial seam arrangements. Tulane Stud. Zool. 9:331-349.
- Tracy, C.R. 1982. Biophysical modeling in reptilian physiology and ecology, p. 275-321. In C. Gans and F.H. Pough (eds.), Biology of the Reptilia, Vol. 12, physiology C, physiological ecology. Academic Press, New York.
- Tuberville, T.D. and V.J. Burke. 1994. Do flag markers attract turtle nest predators? J. Herpetol. 28:514-516.
- , J.W. Gibbons, and J. L. Greene. 1996. Invasion of new aquatic habitats by male freshwater turtles. Copeia 1996:713-715.
- Turner, L.K. 1995. Reproduction and diet of *Pseudemys concinna* inhabiting a cold water reservoir in southwest Missouri. M.S. Thesis, Southwest Missouri St. Univ., Springfield.
- Ultsch, G.R. 1985. The viability of Nearctic freshwater turtles submerged in anoxia and normoxia at 3 and 10°C. Comp. Biochem. Physiol. 81A:607-611.
- Valentinuzzi, M.E., H.E. Hoff, and L.A. Geddes. 1973. A two-compartment model describing the release and negative inotropic action of acetylcholine on the heart. Circ. Res. 33:532-538.
- Vogt, R.C. 1980. New methods for trapping aquatic turtles. Copeia 1980:368-371.
- and C.J. McCoy. 1980. Status of the emydid turtle genera *Chrysemys* and *Pseudemys*. Ann. Carnegie Mus. 49:93-102.
- Ward, J.P. 1979. Geographic distribution: *Pseudemys (Chrysemys) concinna hieroglyphica*. Herpetol. Rev. 10:59.
- 1980. Comparative cranial morphology of the freshwater turtle subfamily Emydinae: an analysis of the feeding mechanisms and the systematics. Ph.D. Diss. North Carolina St. Univ., Raleigh.
- 1984. Relationships of chrysemid turtles of North America (Testudines: Emydidae). Spec. Publ. Mus. Texas Tech. Univ. (21):1-50.
- Weathers, W.W. and F.N. White. 1971. Physiological thermoregulation in turtles. Amer. J. Physiol. 221:704-710.
- Weaver, W.G., Jr. and F.L. Rose. 1967. Systematics, fossil history, and evolution of the genus *Chrysemys*. Tulane Stud. Zool. 14:63-73.
- Webb, R.G. 1970. Reptiles of Oklahoma. Univ. Oklahoma Press, Norman.
- 1995. The date of publication of Gray's *Catalogue of Shield Reptiles*. Chel. Conserv. Biol. 1:322-323.
- Werler, J.E. and J. McCallion. 1951. Notes on a collection of reptiles and amphibians from Princess Anne County, Virginia. Amer. Midl. Nat. 45:245-252.
- Wermuth, H. and R. Mertens. 1961. Schildkröten, Krocodyle, Brückenechsen. Gustav Fischer Verlag, Jena.
- and —. 1977. Liste der rezenten Amphibien und Reptilien. Testudines, Crocodylia, Rhynchocephalia. Das Tierreich (100):1-174.
- White, F.N. 1978. Comparative aspects of vertebrate cardiorespiratory physiology, p. 471-499. In E. Knobil, R. Sonnenschein, and I. Edelman (eds.), Annual review of physiology, Vol. 40. Annual Reviews Inc., Palo Alto, California.
- White, T.E. 1929. The osteology of the Recent turtles of central North America. M.S. Thesis, Univ. Kansas, Lawrence.
- Wied-Neuwied, M.A.P. 1865. Verzeichnis der Reptilien, welche auf einer Reise im nördlichen America beobachtet wurden. Nova Acta Acad. Caesar Leopold-Carol Nat. Curios 32:1-146.
- Wilbur, H.M. and P.J. Morin. 1988. Life history evolution in turtles, p. 387-439. In C. Gans and R.B. Huey (eds.), Biology of the Reptilia, Vol. 16, ecology B, defense and life history. Alan R. Liss, Inc., New York.
- Williams, E.E. 1950. Variation and selection in the cervical central articulations of living turtles. Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist. 94:505-562.
- Williamson, G.L. and R.A. Moulis. 1994. Distribution of amphibians and reptiles in Georgia, Vols. I and II. Savannah

- Sci. Mus. Spec. Publ. (3):1-912.
- Yarrow, H.C. 1882. Check list of North American Reptilia and Batrachia with a catalogue of specimens in U.S. National Museum. U.S. Natl. Mus. Bull. (24):1-249.
- Zug, G.R. 1966. The penial morphology and the relationships of cryptodiran turtles. Occas. Pap. Mus. Zool. Univ. Michigan (647):1-24.
- . 1971. Buoyancy, locomotion, morphology of the pelvic girdle and hindlimb, and systematics of cryptodiran turtles. Misc. Publ. Mus. Zool. Univ. Michigan (142):1-98.
- . 1972. Walk pattern analysis of cryptodiran turtle gaits. Anim. Behav. 20:439-443.
- Zweig, G. and J.W. Crenshaw. 1957. Differentiation of spe-

cies by paper electrophoresis of serum proteins of pseudemys turtles. Science 126:1065-1067.

Michael E. Seidel, Department of Biological Sciences, Marshall University, Huntington, WV 25755-2510, and **Michael J. Dreslik**, Zoology Department, Eastern Illinois University, Charleston, IL 61920-3099.

Primary editor for this account, Carl H. Ernst.

Published 20 December 1996 and Copyright © 1996 by the Society for the Study of Amphibians and Reptiles.

M. J. Dreslik. 1997. An inexpensive method for creating spaghetti tags for marking trionychid turtles, *Herp. Rev.* 28(1):33.

An Inexpensive Method for Creating Spaghetti Tags for Marking Trionychid Turtles

MICHAEL J. DRESLIK

Zoology Department, Eastern Illinois University
Charleston, Illinois 61920, USA
e-mail: cumjdl@uxa.ecn.bgu.edu

Marking techniques for turtles range from shell notching to tagging (Ferner 1979). Notching can cause infection and tags may be lost. Spaghetti tags—long, numbered strands of hollow pliable plastic inserted into an incision made in the turtle's carapace, and knotted at both ends to prevent loss—have been used successfully for marking trionychids. The main drawback in spaghetti tag use is the expense.

During the course of my study at Round Pond, Gallatin County, Illinois, USA, I devised an inexpensive method for making spaghetti tags. I purchased a three meter section of Romex wire containing eight differently colored wires within an outer sheath. After first stripping the outer sheath, I cut each of the eight wires into 10 cm lengths and removed the copper core, leaving only the colored plastic sheath. This produced 240 inexpensive tags and, by using one to four tags per turtle, a total of 4680 unique combinations can be produced. To insert the tags on the soft-shell turtles (primarily *Apalone spinifera*), I made a small incision in the perimeter of the carapace and threaded the unknotted end of the tag through. Next I square-knotted the portion fed through the incision, leaving about 1.5 cm between knots to allow for unrestricted growth. Finally, I removed the excess plastic sheath beyond the last knot.

Acknowledgments.—Funding for this project was provided by the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Board, Eastern Illinois Council on Faculty Research, Eastern Illinois Honor Program Undergraduate Research Award, the Chelonian Research Foundation, and the E.I.U. Graduate Summer Research Assistantship Award. I thank E. O. Moll for his insightful review of this manuscript, S. D. Busack for his thorough review, and J. R. Dreslik for aid in making tags.

LITERATURE CITED

FERNER, J. W. 1979. A Review of Marking Techniques for Amphibians and Reptiles. SSAR Herp. Circular 9.

A Note on the Foraging Behavior of the River Cooter (*Pseudemys concinna*)

Michael J. Dreslik*
Zoology Department
Eastern Illinois University
Charleston, IL 61920

The river cooter, *Pseudemys concinna*, is a herbivorous or chiefly herbivorous species (Lageaux et al., 1995; Thomas et al., 1994; Buhlmann and Vaughan, 1991; Marchand, 1942; Allen, 1939; Parker, 1939) with its digestion being aided through a symbiotic relationship with cellulolytic bacteria in the gut (Thomas et al., 1994). In Illinois the species was also found herbivorous and to have over 98% of the fecal volume composing two genera of filamentous algae, *Cladophora* and *Oedogonium* (Dreslik, 1996). What has been lacking, however, is a general account of the foraging behavior of *P. concinna*. In this account I report on the behavior used by a small *P. concinna* from a floodplain lake in southern Illinois (Round Pond, Gallatin County).

At 1530 h on 17 May 1994, while conducting a status survey of the species, I observed a *P. concinna*, probably a male based on its elongated foreclaws, swim through a colony of spatterdock (*Nuphar luteum*) to a submerged branch (water depth was approx. 50 cm). The behavior is represented by three phases: 1) inspection; 2) posture; and 3) consumption. In the inspection phase, the *P. concinna* swam along the

branch several times, apparently searching for epiphytic algae by either visual or chemosensory cues. Once the *P. concinna* found algae, it began the posture phase by swimming to face the branch, then placing its forefeet, claws facing each other, on the branch. In the final consumption phase, the turtle opened its mouth and began to tear off algae by simultaneously shaking its head and pushing the branch with its forefeet. This behavior commenced for approximately five minutes and upon its completion of feeding I attempted to catch the individual, but was unsuccessful. No determination of sex, age or body dimensions could be made.

This article is part of a long-term ecological monitoring study on *Pseudemys concinna* in Illinois. Funding for studies on the river cooter in Illinois has been provided by: Illinois Department of Natural Resources, Chelonian Research Foundation, Eastern Illinois Council on Faculty Research, Eastern Illinois Zoology Department and Eastern Illinois Honors Program. I would like to thank E. O. Moll for reviewing this manuscript and E. Leon Bryant and J. R. Dreslik for helping with fieldwork at Round Pond.

Literature Cited

- Allen, E. R. 1939. Notes on the feeding and egg-laying habits of the *Pseudemys*. Proc. Florida Acad. Sci. 3:105-108.
- Buhlmann, K. A., and M. R. Vaughan. 1991. Ecology of the turtle *Pseudemys concinna* in the New River, West Virginia. J. Herpetology 25:72-78.
- Dreslik, M. J. 1996. Ecology and community relationships of the river cooter, *Pseudemys concinna*, in a southern Illinois backwater. M.S. Thesis, Eastern Illinois University, Charleston.
- Lagueux, C. J., K. A. Bjorndal, A. B. Bolten and C. L. Campbell. 1995. Food habits of *Pseudemys concinna suwanniensis* in a Florida spring. J. Herpetology 29:122-126.
- Marchand, L. J. 1942. A contribution to a knowledge of the natural history of certain freshwater turtles. M.S. Thesis, University of Florida, Gainesville.
- Parker, M. V. 1939. The amphibians and reptiles of Reelfoot Lake and vicinity with a key for the separation of species and subspecies. J. Tenn. Acad. Sci. 14:72-101.
- Thomas, R. B., D. Moll and J. Steiert. 1994. Evidence of a symbiotic relationship between cellulolytic bacteria and a freshwater herbivorous turtle. Southwest Nat. 39:386-388.

* Current address: Center for Biodiversity, Illinois Natural History Survey, 607 E. Peabody Drive, Champaign, IL 61821.

E-mail: dreslik@students.uiuc.edu