

**Site Inventory
of the Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area,
Boone County, IL**

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Introduction

The Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area is a 26 acre wetland site with plant communities ranging from graminoid fen to successional field. Adrian muck and Drummer silty clay loam are the predominate soils within the site. Adrian muck is formed from decomposed organic sediment over a sandy sediment. Drummer silty clay loam comes from loess or other silty sediment over stratified loamy or sandy outwash or glacial till. Both soils are deep and poorly drained (SCS, 113, 114, 122).

Uses of this property have been limited to pasture which was abandoned in the late 1950's (Tuttle, 1998). Robert and Marcia Tuttle's recent donation of the property to the Boone County Conservation District has protected the wetland from development and other disturbances.

Materials and methods

Six areas within Tuttle-Clarkson were determined after visual observation of the site and consultation of soil survey and topographic maps (Map 2). Transect lines were spaced across each area at 40 meters, all were measured using a meter tape and compass.

Transect lines 1 through 11, 15 and 20 run magnetic north to south. Transect lines 12 and 19 are 330 and 30 respectively. The rest are at 320 (Map 3). Twenty points per area were placed randomly along each transect. Quadrats were set 1 meter away from the transect line and flagged as to avoid sampling damaged or trampled species.

Herbaceous species and tree species were analyzed with 0.25 m square quadrats and the point center quarter method, respectively. Trees were separated from shrubs if the diameter of the tree was less than 5 centimeters or the height of the tree was less than two meters. All plant species occurring within Tuttle-Clarkson were recorded in a cumulative list from August 1997 to June 1998 (Table 1). Data is analyzed into frequency and relative frequency for the whole area and each of the smaller areas.

Results

The 0.25m quadrant was used to determine ground level species composition within each of the six areas. Dominant species for the 26 acre site are *Poa pratensis*, *Solanum dulcamara*, and *Aster puniceus* with relative frequencies of 12.15%, 9.09%, and 6.0% respectively. *Poa pratensis* proves to be the dominant species in all but area 5 where *Aster puniceus* comprises 14.3% of the area's population. Tables 2 through 8 show the frequencies and relative frequencies of the herbaceous species found throughout Tuttle-Clarkson.

The shrub layer was determined using 10m quadrant. Although there were shrubs occurring on the site, only three points prove their occurrence. Point 3 of area 3 and

point 2 of area 4 contain a shrub layer of *Cornus racemosa*. The shrub layer of point 12 of area 1 is composed of *Lonicera tatarica*.

The point center quarter method of collecting data on the tree species within Tuttle-Clarkson show that the predominate species throughout the site are *Prunus virginiana*, *Acer negundo*, and *Ulmus rubra* with relative frequencies of 24.7%, 22.7%, and 10.4%. *Prunus virginiana* and *Acer negundo* are ranked as one of the top three dominants in all areas but 5 where *Prunus virginiana* falls fourth in the list. Tables 9 through 15 display tree species with frequencies and relative frequencies on Tuttle-Clarkson.

Discussion

Four communities were distinguished upon comparing this information to classifications described within the Illinois Natural Areas Technical Manual (White). Although the whole parcel was pastured at one time, areas 1, 3, and 6 show the most disturbance and are considered successional fields. Grasses and forbs of area 2 match those described for a wet prairie. Area 4 displays characteristic plants listed for a graminoid fen. Area 5 is dominated secondly by *Carex stricta* on a muck substrate classifying this area as a sedge meadow. A break-down of the area shows that 36% of the total area of Tuttle-Clarkson is successional field (areas 1, 3, and 6). Wet prairie (area 2) composes 31% of the total while 33% of the area is sedge meadow (22%) and fen (11%). These differences can be seen upon observation of the site as well as within the data given in the following tables.

Summary

Completion of this floristic survey of the Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area will aid Boone County Conservation District in determining the best methods of management for the wetland and serve as a comparison for future surveys. Future developments such as pathways and a parking lot can be confined to degraded areas without unnecessary damage to the higher quality sections.

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Table 1

Cumulative list of plant species observed at Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area during August 1997 to June 1998. Nomenclature follows that used by Robert H. Mohlenbrock. Non-native species are marked with an asterisk.

<u>Latin Name</u>	<u>Common Name</u>
<i>Acer saccharinum</i> L.	Silver Maple
<i>Achillea millefolium</i> * L.	Yarrow
<i>Acorus americanus</i> (Raf.) Raf.	Sweet flag
<i>Agrimonia gryposepala</i> Wallr.	Tall agrimony
<i>Agropyron repens</i> * (L.) Beauv.	Quackgrass
<i>Alisma plantago-aquatica</i> L.	Water plantain
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i> (Beib.) Cavara & Grande	Garlic mustard
<i>Allium canadense</i> L.	Wild garlic
<i>Alopecurus carolinianus</i> Walt.	Foxtail
<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> L.	Ragweed
<i>Ambrosia trifida</i> L.	Giant ragweed
<i>Anemone canadensis</i> L.	Canada anemone
<i>Angelica atropurpurea</i> L.	Angelica
<i>Antennaria neglecta</i> Greene	Pussytoes
<i>Aplos americana</i> Medic.	Ground nut
<i>Apocynum sibericum</i> Jacq.	Indian hemp
<i>Arctium minus</i> * Bernh.	Burdock
<i>Asclepias incarnata</i> L.	Swamp milkweed
<i>Asclepias syriaca</i> L.	Common milkweed
<i>Asclepias verticillata</i> L.	Whorled milkweed
<i>Asparagus officinalis</i> * L.	Asparagus
<i>Aster novae-angliae</i> L.	New england aster
<i>Aster puniceus</i> L.	Bristly aster
<i>Aster simplex</i> Willd.	Panicled aster
<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i> * R. Br.	Yellow rocket
<i>Bidens vulgata</i> Greene	Tall beggar's ticks
<i>Bromus inermis</i> * Leyss.	Smooth brome
<i>Bromus sterilis</i> * L.	Brome grass
<i>Cacalia suaveolens</i> L.	Indian plantain
<i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i> (Michx.) Beauv.	Blue joint grass
<i>Caltha palustris</i> L.	Marsh marigold
<i>Cardamine bulbosa</i> (Muhl.) BSP	Bulbous cress
<i>Carduus nutans</i> * L.	Nodding thistle
<i>Carex alopecoidea</i> Tuckerm.	Brown headed fox sedge
<i>Carex granularis</i> Willd.	Pale sedge
<i>Carex lacustris</i> Willd.	Common lake sedge
<i>Carex pellita</i> Willd.	Broad leaved wooly sedge
<i>Carex sprengelii</i> Spreng.	Long beaked sedge
<i>Carex sterilis</i> Willd.	Fen star sedge

<i>Carex stipata</i> Muhl.	Common fox sedge
<i>Carex stricta</i> Lam.	Common tussock sedge
<i>Carex trichocarpa</i> Schk.	Hairy fruited lake sedge
<i>Carex vulpinoidea</i> Michx.	Brown fox sedge
<i>Carya ovata</i> (Mill.) K. Koch	Shagbark hickory
<i>Chelone glabra</i> L.	Turtlehead
<i>Chenopodium album</i> * L.	Lamb's quarters
<i>Circium arvense</i> * (L.) Scop.	Canada thistle
<i>Circium muticum</i> Michx.	Swamp thistle
<i>Circium vulgare</i> * (Savi) Tenore.	Bull thistle
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i> * L.	Field bindweed
<i>Conyza canadensis</i> L.	Horseweed
<i>Cornus obliqua</i> Raf.	Pale dogwood
<i>Cornus racemosa</i> Lam.	Gray dogwood
<i>Cornus stolonifera</i> Michx.	Red osier dogwood
<i>Crataegus succulenta</i> Schrod.	Hawthorn
<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> * (L.) Scop.	Crabgrass
<i>Dodecatheon meadia</i> L.	Shooting star
<i>Echinochloa muricata</i> (Beauv.) Fern.	Barnyard grass
<i>Echinocystis lobata</i> (Michx.) Torr.	Wild cucumber
<i>Eleocharis compressa</i> Sull.	Spike rush
<i>Eleocharis elliptica</i> Kunth.	Spike rush
<i>Elymus virginicus</i> L.	Virginia wild rye
<i>Epilobium coloratum</i> Biehler.	Willow herb
<i>Equisetum arvense</i> L.	Horsetail
<i>Equisetum hyemale</i> L.	Scouring rush
<i>Erectites hieracifolia</i> (L.) Raf.	Fireweed
<i>Erigeron annuus</i> (L.) Pers.	Annual fleabane
<i>Erigeron strigosus</i> Muhl.	Daisy fleabane
<i>Eupatorium maculatum</i> L.	Joe pye weed
<i>Eupatorium perfoliatum</i> L.	False boneset
<i>Euphorbia corollata</i> L.	Flat topped spurge
<i>Euthamia graminifolia</i> (L.) Salisb.	Grass leaved goldenrod
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i> Duchesne.	Strawberry
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> Marsh.	Green ash
<i>Galium aparine</i> L.	Annual bedstraw
<i>Galium obtusum</i> L.	Wild madder
<i>Gentiana andrewsii</i> Griseb.	Bottle gentian
<i>Gentiana crinita</i> Froel.	Fringed gentian
<i>Geum aleppicum</i> var <i>strictum</i> (Aiton) Fern	Yellow avens
<i>Glyceria striata</i> (Lam.) Hitchc.	Fowl manna grass
<i>Helenium autumnale</i> L.	Sneezeweed
<i>Helianthus grosseseratus</i> Martens	Sawtooth sunflower
<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i> L.	Jerusalem artichoke
<i>Hydrophyllum virginianum</i> L.	Virginia waterleaf

<i>Hypoxis hirsuta</i> (L.) Coville	Yellow eyed grass
<i>Impatiens carpensis</i> Meerb.	Jewel weed
<i>Iris shrevei</i> Small	Blue flag
<i>Juncus torreyi</i> Coville	Torrey's rush
<i>Lactuca canadensis</i> L.	Wild lettuce
<i>Lathyrus palustris</i> L.	Marsh vetchling
<i>Leersia oryzoides</i> (L.) Swartz.	Rice cutgrass
<i>Lobelia siphilitica</i> L.	Great blue lobelia
<i>Lobelia spicata</i> Lam.	Pale spike lobelia
<i>Lonicera tatarica</i> L.	Tatarian honeysuckle
<i>Lotus corniculatus*</i> L.	Birdsfoot trefoil
<i>Lycopus americanus</i> Muhl.	Water horehound
<i>Lycopus virginicus</i> L.	Bugleweed
<i>Lysmachia ciliata</i> L.	Fringed loosestrife
<i>Lysmachia quadriflora</i> Sims.	Prairie loosestrife
<i>Malus pumila*</i> Mill.	Apple
<i>Medicago lupulina*</i> L.	Black medic
<i>Mentha arvensis</i> L.	Mint
<i>Mentha arvensis</i> var <i>villosa</i> (Benth.) Stewart	Wild mint
<i>Monarda fistulosa</i> L.	Bee balm
<i>Morus alba*</i> L.	White mulberry
<i>Muhlenbergia glomerata</i> (Willd.) Trin.	Wild timothy
<i>Nepeta cataria*</i> L.	Catnip
<i>Nuphar advena</i> (Aiton) W. T. Aiton	Yellow pond lily
<i>Oenothera biennis</i> L.	Evening primrose
<i>Onoclea sensibilis</i> L.	Sensitive fern
<i>Oxalis stricta</i> L.	Yellow wood sorrel
<i>Panicum capillare</i> L.	Witch grass
<i>Parietaria pensylvanica</i> L.	Pellitory
<i>Parnassia glauca</i> Raf.	Grass of parnassus
<i>Parthenocissus incerta</i> (Kerner) K. Fritsch	Virginia creeper
<i>Pastinaca sativa*</i> L.	Wild parsnip
<i>Pedicularis lanceolata</i> Michx.	Fen betony
<i>Penthorum sedoides</i> L.	Ditch stonecrop
<i>Phalaris arundinacea*</i> L.	Reed canary grass
<i>Phleum pratense*</i> L.	Timothy
<i>Physalis subglabrata</i> Mack and Bush	Tall ground cherry
<i>Plantago major*</i> L.	English plantain
<i>Poa annua*</i> L.	Annual bluegrass
<i>Poa compressa*</i> L.	Canada bluegrass
<i>Poa pratensis*</i> L.	Kentucky bluegrass
<i>Polygonatum commutatum</i> (Schult.) Dietr.	Milkwort
<i>Polygonum pensylvanicum</i> L.	Solomon's seal
<i>Polygonum punctatum</i> Ell.	Pink smartweed
	Smartweed

<i>Potentilla recta</i> * L.	Sulfur cinquefoil
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i> var <i>lanceolata</i> * (Bartn.) Fern	Self heal
<i>Prunus americana</i> Marshall	Wild plum
<i>Prunus virginiana</i> L.	Choke cherry
<i>Pycnanthemum virginianum</i> (L.) Durand and Jacks	Mountain mint
<i>Quercus alba</i> L.	White oak
<i>Quercus macrocarpa</i> Michx.	Bur oak
<i>Quercus rubra</i> L.	Red oak
<i>Ranunculus acris</i> L.	Tall buttercup
<i>Ranunculus hispidus</i> Michx.	Bristly buttercup
<i>Ranunculus septentrionales</i> Poir.	Swamp buttercup
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i> * L.	Buckthorn
<i>Ribes missouriense</i> Nutt.	Wild gooseberry
<i>Ribes americanum</i> Mill.	Wild black currant
<i>Rosa blanda</i> Ait.	Meadow rose
<i>Rosa multiflora</i> * Thunb.	Multiflora rose
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i> L.	Black raspberry
<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i> L.	Black eyed susan
<i>Rumex crispus</i> * L.	Curled dock
<i>Sagittaria latifolia</i> Willd.	Arrowhead
<i>Salix eriocephala</i> Michx.	Heart leaved willow
<i>Salix exigua</i> Nutt.	Sand bar willow
<i>Salix nigra</i> Marshall	Black willow
<i>Sambucus canadensis</i> L.	Elderberry
<i>Saponaria officinalis</i> * L.	Bouncing bet
<i>Scirpus atrovirens</i> Willd.	Dark green rush
<i>Scirpus fluviatilis</i> (Torr.) A. Gray	River bulrush
<i>Scirpus tabernaemontani</i> KC Gmel.	Soft stem bulrush
<i>Scutellaria lateriflora</i> L.	Mad dog scullcap
<i>Senecio plattensis</i> Nutt.	Prairie ragwort
<i>Setaria lutescens</i> (Wiegel) Hubb.	Yellow bristlegrass
<i>Silphium perfoliatum</i> L.	Cup plant
<i>Smilacina stellata</i> (L.) Desf.	Starry false solomon's seal
<i>Smilax lasioneura</i> Hook	Carrion flower
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i> * L.	Bittersweet nightshade
<i>Solidago canadensis</i> L.	Canada goldenrod
<i>Solidago gigantea</i> Aiton.	Late goldenrod
<i>Solidago ridellii</i> Frank.	Ridell's goldenrod
<i>Sonchus uliginosus</i> * M. Bieb.	Common sow thistle
<i>Spartina pectinata</i> Link.	Prairie cordgrass
<i>Spiranthes cernua</i> (L.) Rich.	Lady's tresses
<i>Stachys palustris</i> var <i>homotricha</i> Fern.	Woundwort
<i>Stachys tenuifolia</i> var <i>hispida</i> (Pursh) Fern	Marsh hedge nettle
<i>Symplocarpus foetidus</i> (L.) Nutt.	Skunk cabbage
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i> * Weber.	Dandelion

<i>Teucrium canadense</i> L.	Germander
<i>Thalictrum revolutum</i> DC	Waxy meadow rue
<i>Tragopogon dubius*</i> Scop.	Sand goat's beard
<i>Typha angustifolia</i> L.	Narrow leaved cattail
<i>Typha latifolia</i> L.	Common cattail
<i>Ulmus pumila*</i> L	Siberian elm
<i>Ulmus rubra</i> Muhl.	Slippery elm
<i>Urtica dioica*</i> L.	Stinging nettle
<i>Verbascum thapsus*</i> L.	Common mullein
<i>Verbena hastata</i> L.	Blue vervain
<i>Viburnum lantana*</i> L.	Wayfaring tree
<i>Viburnum lentago</i> L.	Nannyberry
<i>Viburnum opulus*</i> L.	European highbush cranberry
<i>Viola nephrophylla</i> Greene	Northern blue violet
<i>Vitis riparia</i> Michx.	Riverbank grape
<i>Zanthoxylum americanum</i> Mill.	Prickly ash

Table 2

Overall Herbaceous Species Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area
 Points sampled = 120

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	0.775	12.15%
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i>	0.680	9.09
<i>Aster puniceus</i>	0.383	6.00
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i>	0.350	5.49
<i>Geum aleppicum</i> var <i>strictum</i>	0.200	3.14
<i>Pycnanthemum virginianum</i>	0.183	2.87
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	0.167	2.62
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	0.167	2.62
<i>Bromus inermis</i>	0.158	2.48
<i>Circium arvense</i>	0.158	2.48
<i>Lycopus americanus</i>	0.158	2.48
<i>Carex stricta</i>	0.150	2.35
<i>Muhlenbergia glomerata</i>	0.150	2.35
<i>Solidago gigantea</i>	0.141	2.21
<i>Carex pellita</i>	0.133	2.08
<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	0.133	2.08
<i>Solidago canadensis</i>	0.133	2.08
Grass spp.	0.125	1.96
<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	0.100	1.57
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	0.092	1.44
<i>Oxalis stricta</i>	0.092	1.44
<i>Carex trichocarpa</i>	0.091	1.43
<i>Mentha arvensis</i> var <i>villosa</i>	0.083	1.30
<i>Parthenocissus incerta</i>	0.083	1.30
<i>Agropyron repens</i>	0.075	1.18
<i>Eupatorium maculatum</i>	0.075	1.18
<i>Impatiens capensis</i>	0.075	1.18
<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	0.075	1.18
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>	0.075	1.18
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i>	0.075	1.18
<i>Viola nephrophylla</i>	0.075	1.18
<i>Carex granularis</i>	0.067	1.05
<i>Circium muticum</i>	0.058	0.91
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.058	0.91
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	0.058	0.91
<i>Vitis riparia</i>	0.058	0.91
<i>Lathyrus palustris</i>	0.050	0.78
<i>Senecio plattensis</i>	0.050	0.78
Unknown #1	0.050	0.78
<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	0.042	0.66

<i>Solidago ridellii</i>	0.042	0.66%
<i>Unknown #3</i>	0.042	0.66
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	0.041	0.64
<i>Angelica atropurpurea</i>	0.033	0.52
<i>Eleocharis compressa</i>	0.033	0.52
<i>Epilobium coloratum</i>	0.033	0.52
<i>Erigeron strigosus</i>	0.033	0.52
<i>Lactuca canadensis</i>	0.033	0.52
<i>Prunella vulgaris var lanceolata</i>	0.033	0.52
<i>Thalictrum revolutum</i>	0.033	0.52
<i>Unknown #2</i>	0.033	0.52
<i>Conyza canadensis</i>	0.025	0.39
<i>Equisetum hyemale</i>	0.025	0.39
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.025	0.39
<i>Lysmachia ciliata</i>	0.025	0.39
<i>Lobelia spicata</i>	0.025	0.39
<i>Scirpus fluviatilis</i>	0.025	0.39
<i>Stachys tenuifolia var hispida</i>	0.025	0.39
<i>Acer negundo</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Agrimonia gryposepala</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Alopecurus carolinianus</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Asclepias verticillata</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Carex sprengelii</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Carex sterilis</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Circium vulgare</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Galium aparine</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Hypoxis hirsuta</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Iris shrevei</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Lysmachia quadriflora</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Viburnum opulus</i>	0.017	0.27
<i>Anemone canadensis</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Apocynum sibericum</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Arctium minus</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Aster novae-angliae</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Bidens vulgaris</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Carex lacustris</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Carex vulpinoidea</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Chelone glabra</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Dodecatheon meadia</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Elymus virginicus</i>	0.008	0.13

<i>Erectites hieracifolia</i>	0.008	0.13%
<i>Eupatorium serotinum</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Euthamia graminifolia</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Galium obtusum</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Gentiana andrewsii</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Helenium autumnale</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Helianthus grosseserratus</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Hydrophyllum virginianum</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Leersia oryzoides</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Oenothera biennis</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Parietaria pensylvanica</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Pedicularis lanceolata</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Potentilla recta</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Ranunculus hispidus</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Sambucus canadensis</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Scirpus atrovirens</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Smilacina stellata</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Sonchus uliginosus</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Spartina pectinata</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Tragopogon dubious</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Verbena hastata</i>	0.008	0.13
<i>Viburnum lantana</i>	0.008	0.13

Table 3

Area 1 Herbaceous Species Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area
Points sampled = 20

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	0.85	16.3%
<i>Bromus inermis</i>	0.55	10.6
<i>Agropyron repens</i>	0.40	7.7
<i>Circium arvense</i>	0.30	5.8
<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	0.30	5.8
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	0.30	5.8
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	0.20	3.8
<i>Oxalis stricta</i>	0.20	3.8
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i>	0.20	3.8
Unknown #1	0.20	3.8
<i>Epilobium coloratum</i>	0.15	2.9
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i>	0.15	2.9
<i>Alopecurus carolinianus</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Erigeron strigosus</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Geum aleppicum</i> var <i>strictum</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Lactuca canadensis</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Parthenocissus incerta</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Viburnum opulus</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Vitis riparia</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Smilacina stellata</i>	0.05	1.0
<i>Erectites hieracifolia</i>	0.05	1.0
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	0.05	1.0
<i>Tragopogon dubious</i>	0.05	1.0
<i>Parietaria pensylvanica</i>	0.05	1.0
<i>Asclepias verticillata</i>	0.05	1.0
<i>Acer negundo</i>	0.05	1.0
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	0.05	1.0

Table 4

Area 2 Herbaceous Species Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 20

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
Poa pratensis	0.80	15.1%
Phalaris arundinacea	0.40	7.5
Pastinaca sativa	0.20	3.8
Pycnanthemum virginianum	0.20	3.8
Thalictrum revolutum	0.20	3.8
Aster puniceus	0.15	2.8
Carex pellita	0.15	2.8
Conyza canadensis	0.15	2.8
Solidago canadensis	0.15	2.8
Solidago gigantea	0.15	2.8
Taraxacum officinale	0.15	2.8
Vitis riparia	0.15	2.8
Bromus inermis	0.10	1.9
Carex trichocarpa	0.10	1.9
Circium arvense	0.10	1.9
Digitaria sanguinalis	0.10	1.9
Equisetum arvense	0.10	1.9
Erigeron strigosus	0.10	1.9
Eupatorium maculatum	0.10	1.9
Galium aparine	0.10	1.9
Impatiens carvensis	0.10	1.9
Iris shrevei	0.10	1.9
Lycopus americanus	0.10	1.9
Lysmachia ciliata	0.10	1.9
Urtica dioica	0.10	1.9
Anemone canadensis	0.05	0.9
Carex lacustris	0.05	0.9
Carex sterilis	0.05	0.9
Cornus racemosa	0.05	0.9
Elymus virginicus	0.05	0.9
Eupatorium serotinum	0.05	0.9
Geum aleppicum var strictum	0.05	0.9
Grass spp.	0.05	0.9
Hydrophyllum virginianum	0.05	0.9
Lactuca canadensis	0.05	0.9
Leersia oryzoides	0.05	0.9
Lotus corniculatus	0.05	0.9
Medicago lupulina	0.05	0.9
Mentha arvensis var villosa	0.05	0.9
Muhlenbergia glomerata	0.05	0.9

<i>Oenothera biennis</i>	0.05	0.9%
<i>Oxalis stricta</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Parthenocissus incerta</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Ranunculus hispidus</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Stachys tenuifolia</i> var <i>hispidus</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Viola nephrophylla</i>	0.05	0.9

Table 5

Area 3 Herbaceous Species Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 20

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	0.95	17.9%
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i>	0.60	11.3
<i>Carex trichocarpa</i>	0.45	8.5
<i>Circium arvense</i>	0.40	7.5
Grass spp.	0.35	6.6
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	0.35	6.6
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>	0.25	4.7
<i>Bromus inermis</i>	0.20	3.8
<i>Parthenocissus incerta</i>	0.20	3.8
<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	0.15	2.8
<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	0.15	2.8
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	0.15	2.8
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.15	2.8
<i>Geum aleppicum</i> var <i>strictum</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Oxalis stricta</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i>	0.10	1.9
Unknown #1	0.10	1.9
<i>Vitis riparia</i>	0.10	1.9
<i>Acer negundo</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Arctium minus</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Aster puniceus</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Solidago canadensis</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Solidago gigantea</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Sonchus uliginosus</i>	0.05	0.9
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	0.05	0.9

Table 6

Area 4 Herbaceous Species Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 20

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	0.95	7.6%
<i>Aster puniceus</i>	0.90	7.2
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	0.65	5.2
<i>Muhlenbergia glomerata</i>	0.65	5.2
<i>Geum aleppicum</i> var <i>strictum</i>	0.55	4.4
<i>Lycopus americanus</i>	0.50	4.0
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i>	0.50	4.0
<i>Pycnanthemum virginianum</i>	0.50	4.0
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	0.45	3.6
<i>Carex granularis</i>	0.40	3.2
<i>Circium muticum</i>	0.35	2.8
<i>Carex pellita</i>	0.30	2.4
<i>Senecio plattensis</i>	0.30	2.4
<i>Solidago gigantea</i>	0.30	2.4
<i>Carex stricta</i>	0.25	2.0
<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	0.25	2.0
<i>Solidago canadensis</i>	0.25	2.0
<i>Solidago ridellii</i>	0.25	2.0
Unknown #3	0.25	2.0
<i>Viola nephrophylla</i>	0.25	2.0
<i>Eleocharis compressa</i>	0.20	1.6
<i>Equisetum hyemale</i>	0.15	1.2
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	0.15	1.2
<i>Lobelia spicata</i>	0.15	1.2
<i>Mentha arvensis</i> var <i>villosa</i>	0.15	1.2
<i>Oxalis stricta</i>	0.15	1.2
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i> var <i>lanceolata</i>	0.15	1.2
<i>Scirpus fluviatilis</i>	0.15	1.2
Unknown #2	0.15	1.2
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	0.15	1.2
<i>Agrimonia gryposepala</i>	0.10	0.8
<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	0.10	0.8
<i>Angelica atropurpurea</i>	0.10	0.8
<i>Carex sprengelii</i>	0.10	0.8
<i>Hypoxis hirsuta</i>	0.10	0.8
<i>Lysimachia quadriflora</i>	0.10	0.8
<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	0.10	0.8
<i>Parthenocissus incerta</i>	0.10	0.8
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.10	0.8
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	0.10	0.8

<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>	0.10	0.8%
<i>Agropyron repens</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Apocynum sibericum</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Asclepias verticillata</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Aster novae-angliae</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Carex sterilis</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Carex vulpinoidea</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Circium vulgare</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Dodecatheon meadia</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Eupatorium maculatum</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Euthamia graminifolia</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Gentiana andrewsii</i>	0.05	0.4
Grass spp.	0.05	0.4
<i>Impatiens carpensis</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Pedicularis lanceolata</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Potentilla recta</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Scirpus atrovirens</i>	0.05	0.4
<i>Viburnum lantana</i>	0.05	0.4

Table 7

Area 5 Herbaceous Species Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area
Points sampled = 20

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
<i>Aster puniceus</i>	0.85	14.3%
<i>Carex stricta</i>	0.60	10.1
<i>Eupatorium maculatum</i>	0.40	6.7
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	0.40	6.7
<i>Lycopus americanus</i>	0.35	5.9
<i>Carex pellita</i>	0.30	5.0
<i>Solidago gigantea</i>	0.30	5.0
<i>Pycnanthemum virginianum</i>	0.30	5.0
<i>Lathyrus palustris</i>	0.25	4.2
<i>Mentha arvensis var villosa</i>	0.25	4.2
<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	0.25	4.2
<i>Muhlenbergia glomerata</i>	0.20	3.4
Grass spp.	0.15	2.5
<i>Impatiens carpensis</i>	0.15	2.5
<i>Viola nephrophylla</i>	0.15	2.5
<i>Geum aleppicum var strictum</i>	0.10	1.7
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i>	0.10	1.7
<i>Solidago canadensis</i>	0.10	1.7
<i>Stachys tenuifolia var hispidus</i>	0.10	1.7
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Angelica atropurpurea</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Bidens vulgaris</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Bromus inermis</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Chelone glabra</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Galium obtusum</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Helenium autumnale</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Helianthus grosseserratus</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Lysimachia ciliata</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i>	0.05	0.8
<i>Spartina pectinata</i>	0.05	0.8
Unknown #2	0.05	0.8

Table 8

Area 6 Herbaceous Species Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area
Points sampled = 20

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	0.70	16.9%
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i>	0.55	13.2
<i>Aster puniceus</i>	0.35	8.4
<i>Geum aleppicum</i> var <i>strictum</i>	0.30	7.2
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	0.20	4.8
<i>Circium arvense</i>	0.15	3.6
<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	0.15	3.6
Grass spp.	0.15	3.6
<i>Impatiens carpensis</i>	0.15	3.6
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>	0.15	3.6
<i>Rubus occidentalis</i>	0.15	3.6
<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	0.10	2.4
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.10	2.4
<i>Pycnanthemum virginicum</i>	0.10	2.4
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Angelica atropurpurea</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Bromus inermis</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Carex pellita</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Carex stricta</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Circium vulgare</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Epilobium coloratum</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Lactuca canadensis</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Lathyrus palustris</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Mentha arvensis</i> var <i>villosa</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Oxalis stricta</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Parthenocissus incerta</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Sambucus canadensis</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Solidago gigantea</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Stachys tenuifolia</i> var <i>hispida</i>	0.05	1.2
<i>Verbena hastata</i>	0.05	1.2

Table 9

Overall Tree Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 120; mean distance = 18.89 meters; trees per hectare = 28.03

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.62	24.7%
<i>Acer negundo</i>	0.57	22.7
<i>Ulmus rubra</i>	0.26	10.4
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	0.19	7.6
<i>Malus pumila</i>	0.14	5.6
<i>Ulmus pumila</i>	0.11	4.4
<i>Quercus macrocarpa</i>	0.10	4.0
<i>Crataegus succulenta</i>	0.08	3.2
<i>Acer saccharinum</i>	0.05	2.0
<i>Quercus rubra</i>	0.03	1.1
<i>Viburnum opulus</i>	0.025	1.0
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	0.02	0.8
<i>Morus alba</i>	0.02	0.8
<i>Salix eriocephala</i>	0.02	0.8
<i>Salix interior</i>	0.02	0.8
<i>Salix nigra</i>	0.02	0.8
<i>Cornus racemosa</i>	0.01	0.4

Table 10

Area 1 Tree Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 20; mean distance = 14.34 meters; trees per hectare = 48.63

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	0.70	26.4%
<i>Ulmus pumila</i>	0.65	24.5
<i>Acer negundo</i>	0.60	22.6
<i>Ulmus rubra</i>	0.25	9.4
<i>Viburnum opulus</i>	0.15	5.7
<i>Quercus rubra</i>	0.15	5.7
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	0.10	3.8
<i>Morus alba</i>	0.05	1.9

Table 11

Area 2 Tree Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 20; mean distance = 12.42 meters; trees per hectare = 64.82

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
Acer negundo	0.85	50.0%
Prunus virginiana	0.25	14.7
Ulmus rubra	0.15	8.8
Acer saccharinum	0.10	5.9
Salix eriocephala	0.10	5.9
Salix interior	0.10	5.9
Crataegus succulenta	0.05	2.9
Morus alba	0.05	2.9
Salix nigra	0.05	2.9

Table 12

Area 3 Tree Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 20; mean distance = 18.8 meters; trees per hectare = 28.29

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
Prunus virginiana	0.85	44.7%
Acer negundo	0.45	23.7
Malus pumila	0.35	18.4
Ulmus rubra	0.10	5.3
Crataegus succulenta	0.05	2.6
Quercus macrocarpa	0.05	2.6
Quercus rubra	0.05	2.6

Table 13

Area 4 Tree Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 20; mean distance = 22.51 meters; trees per hectare = 19.73

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
Prunus virginiana	0.90	34.6%
Ulmus rubra	0.40	15.4
Acer negundo	0.30	11.5
Malus pumila	0.25	9.6
Rhamnus cathartica	0.25	9.6
Crataegus succulenta	0.20	7.7
Quercus macrocarpa	0.15	5.8
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	0.10	3.8
Viburnum lantana	0.05	1.9

Table 14

Area 5 Tree Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 20; mean distance = 23.26 meters; trees per hectare = 18.49

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
Acer negundo	0.75	25.9%
Ulmus rubra	0.65	22.4
Rhamnus cathartica	0.60	20.7
Prunus virginiana	0.25	8.6
Acer saccharinum	0.20	6.9
Malus pumila	0.20	6.9
Quercus macrocarpa	0.15	5.2
Crataegus succulenta	0.10	3.4

Table 15

Area 6 Tree Occurrence within Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

Points sampled = 20; mean distance = 22 meters; trees per hectare = 20.66

<u>Species</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Relative frequency</u>
Prunus virginiana	0.80	42.1%
Acer negundo	0.45	23.7
Quercus macrocarpa	0.25	13.2
Rhamnus cathartica	0.20	10.5
Crataegus succulenta	0.10	5.3
Malus pumila	0.05	2.6
Salix nigra	0.05	2.6

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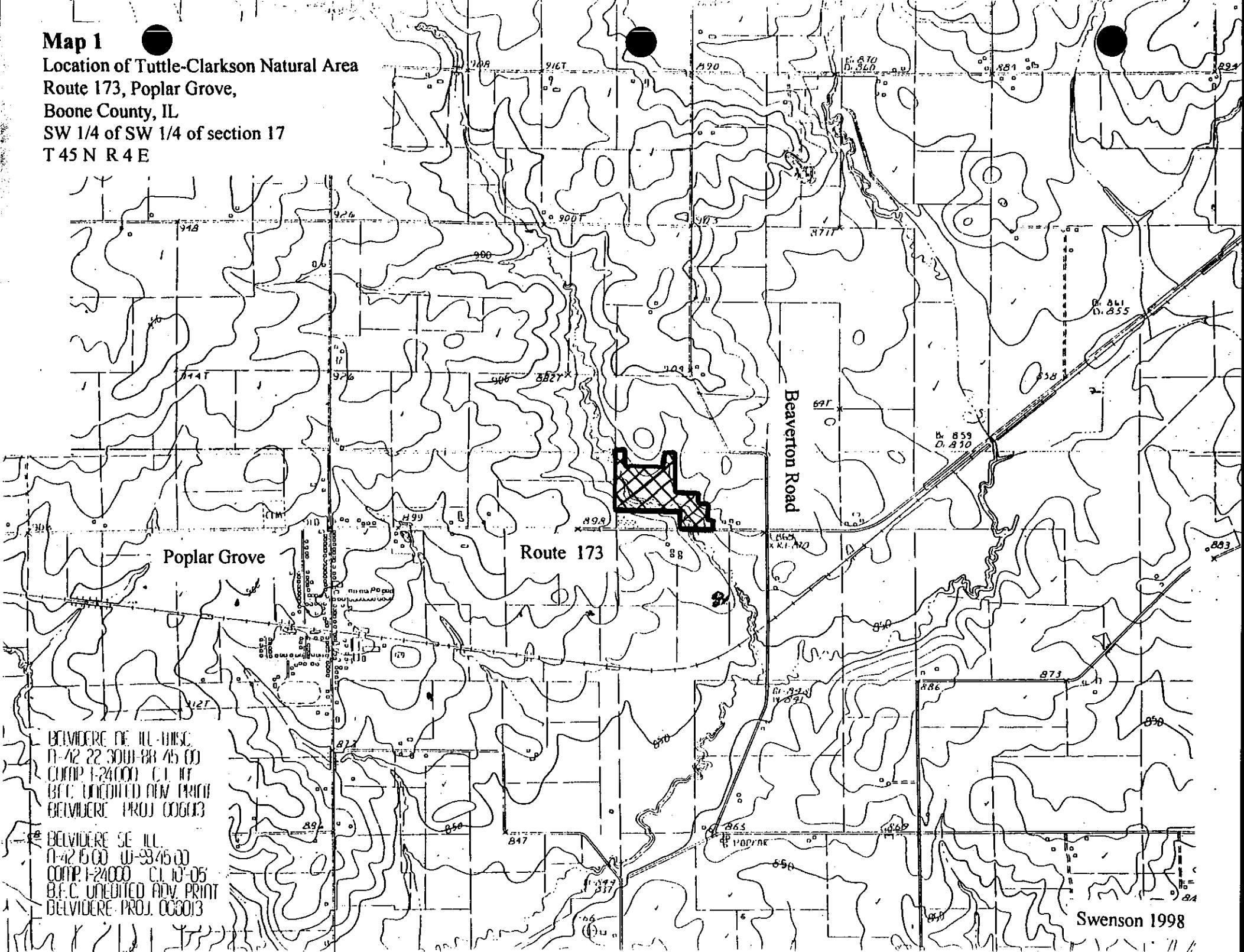
Map 1

Location of Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area

**Route 173, Poplar Grove,
Boone County, IL.**

Benton County, IL
SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of section 17

T45N R4E



Map 2

Area Divisions

Areas determined by soil survey maps and vegetational composition.

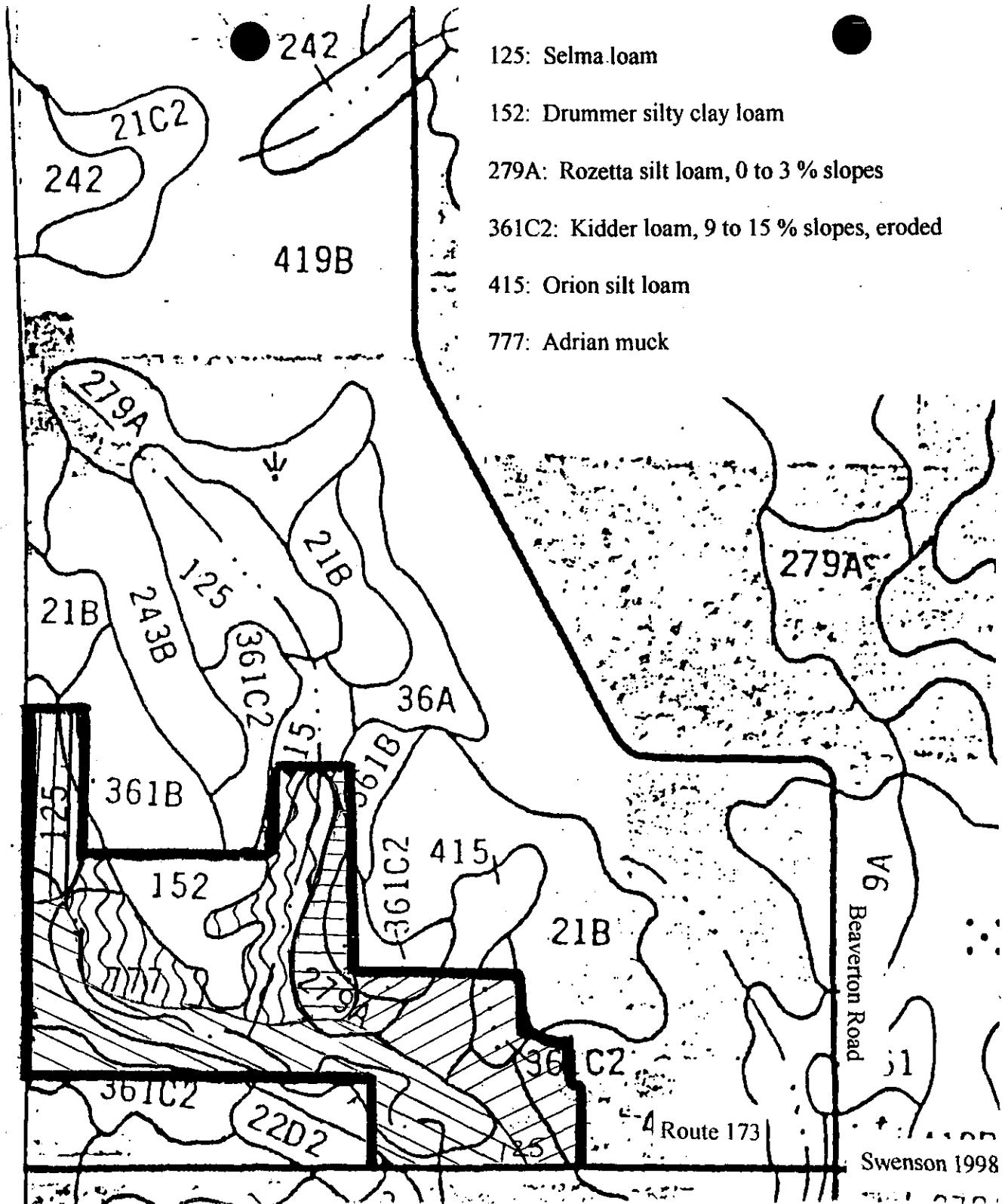
Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area
Route 173, Poplar Grove,
Boone County, IL
SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 of section 17
T 45 N R 4 E

Area 1		Successional field
Area 2		Wet prairie
Area 3		Successional field
Area 4		Graminoid fen
Area 5		Sedge meadow
Area 6		Successional field

soil survey of

Winnebago and Boone Counties, Illinois

United States Department of Agriculture
Soil Conservation Service
in cooperation with
Illinois Agricultural Experiment Station

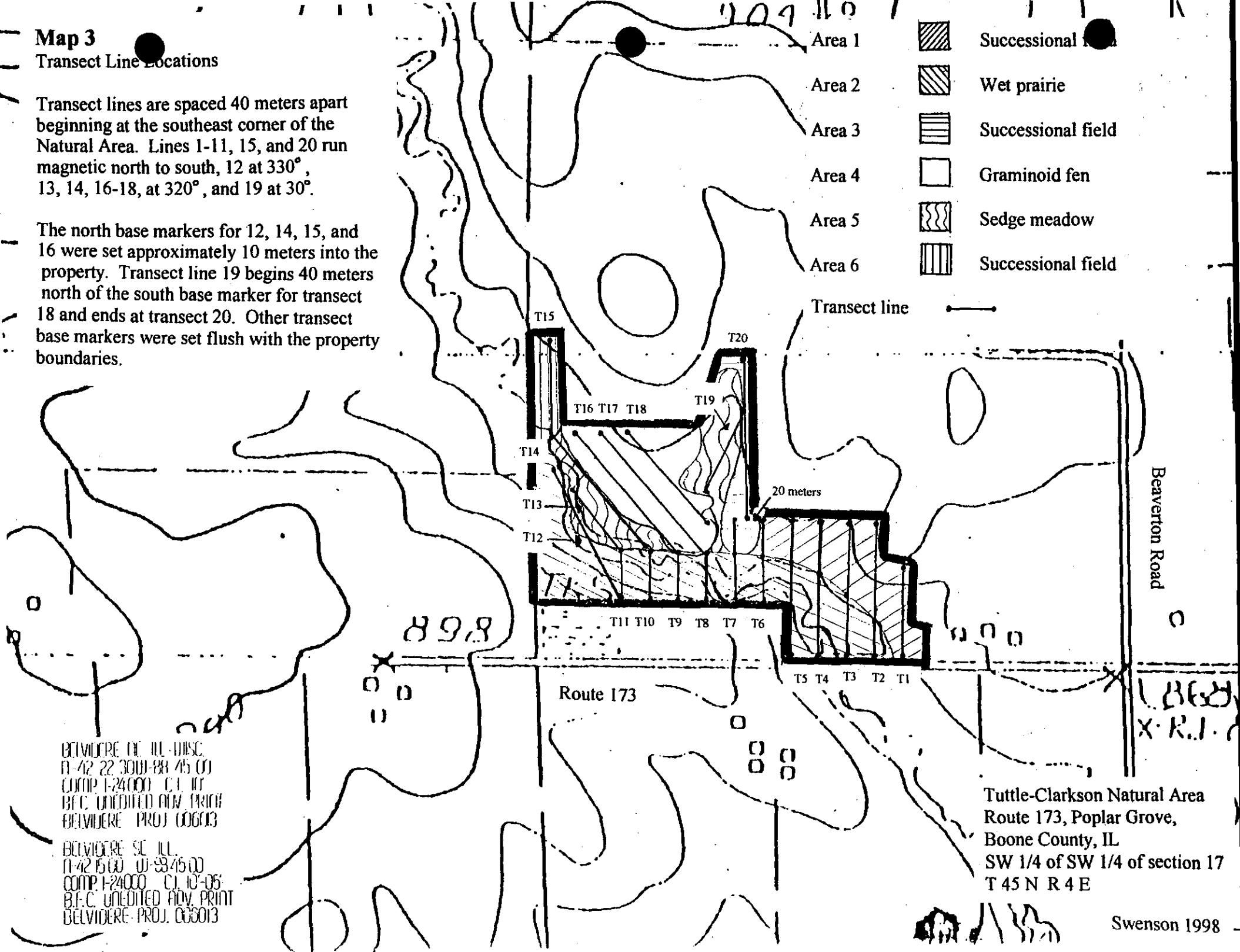


Map 3

Transect Line Locations

Transect lines are spaced 40 meters apart beginning at the southeast corner of the Natural Area. Lines 1-11, 15, and 20 run magnetic north to south, 12 at 330°, 13, 14, 16-18, at 320°, and 19 at 30°.

The north base markers for 12, 14, 15, and 16 were set approximately 10 meters into the property. Transect line 19 begins 40 meters north of the south base marker for transect 18 and ends at transect 20. Other transect base markers were set flush with the property boundaries.



Map 4

Slide and Photo Point Locations

Tuttle-Clarkson Natural Area
Route 173, Poplar Grove,
Boone County, IL
SW1/4 of SW 1/4 of section 17
T 45 N R 4 E

