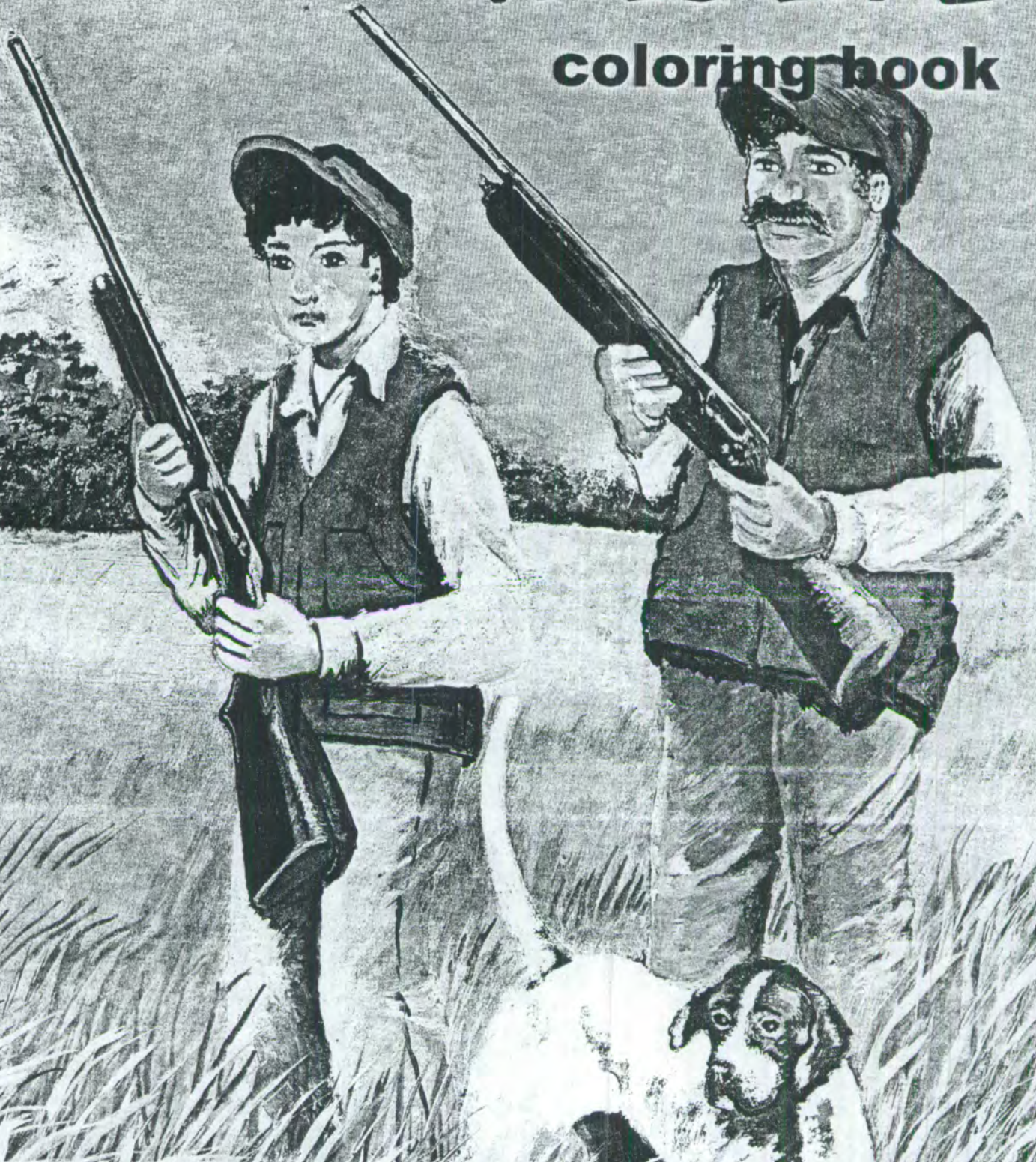


WILDLIFE

coloring book



Illinois Department of Natural Resources

Division of Education

Division of Wildlife Resources

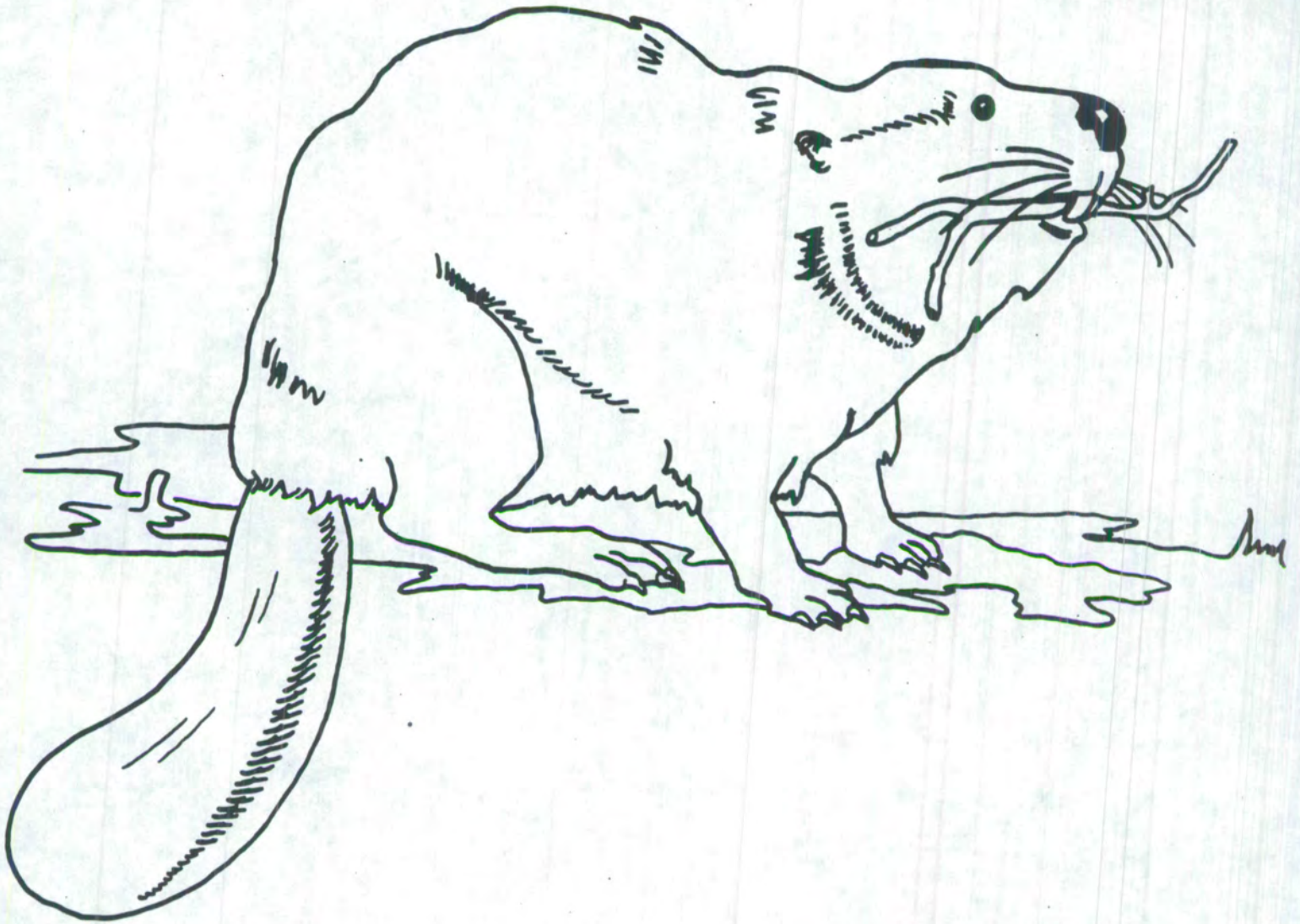
INSTRUCTIONS

THESE THREE BIRDS AND FIVE MAMMALS ARE FOUND IN ILLINOIS. COLOR THE PICTURES. YOU MAY WANT TO FIND A BOOK TO LEARN WHAT COLORS EACH ANIMAL IS. FIND THE OPEN LETTER ON EACH PAGE. UNSCRAMBLE THESE LETTERS AND FILL IN THE BLANKS ON THE LAST PAGE. THIS WORD DESCRIBES THE ANIMALS IN THIS COLORING BOOK.

Note to Parents and Educators

The drawings and text have been designed for specific age groups. Pages 1-3 are designed for the preschool reader, pages 4-6 for the intermediate reader and pages 7-8 for the secondary reader.

The Illinois Department of Natural Resources receives federal financial assistance and therefore must comply with federal anti-discrimination laws. In compliance with the Illinois Human Rights Act, Illinois Constitution, Title VI of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as amended, and the U.S. Constitution, the Illinois Department of Natural Resources does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, sex, national origin, age or disability. If you believe you have been discriminated against in any program, activity or facility, please contact the Equal Employment Opportunity Officer, Department of Natural Resources, 524 S. Second St., Springfield, Ill. 62701-1787, (217) 782-7616 or the Office of Human Resources, U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, Washington, D.C. 20240.

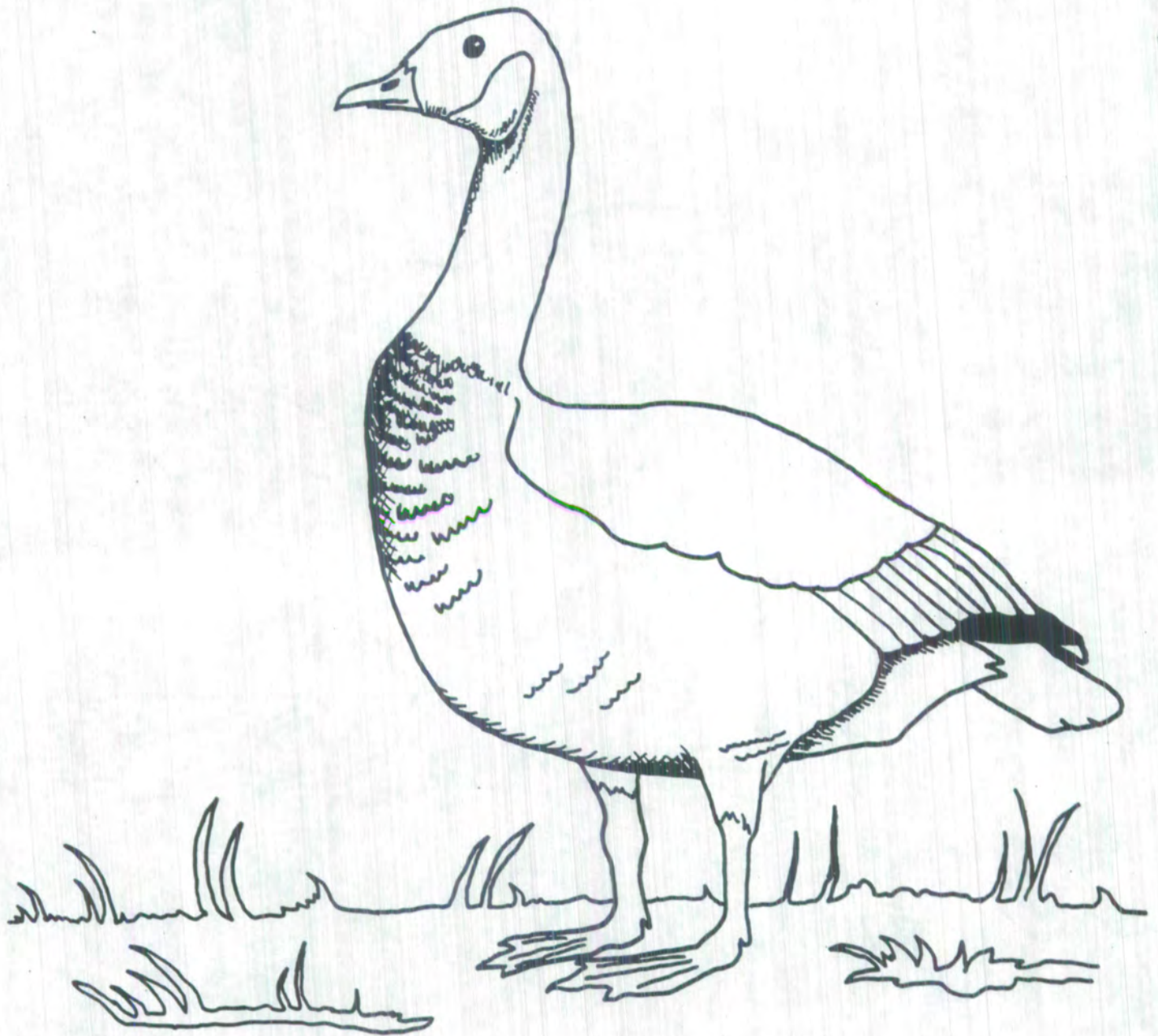


BEAVER have large, sharp front teeth.

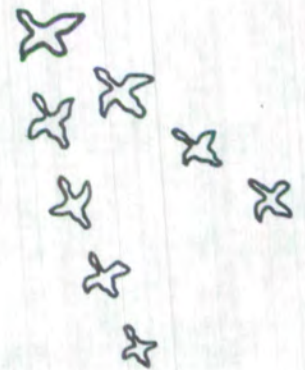
They cut trees down with their teeth.

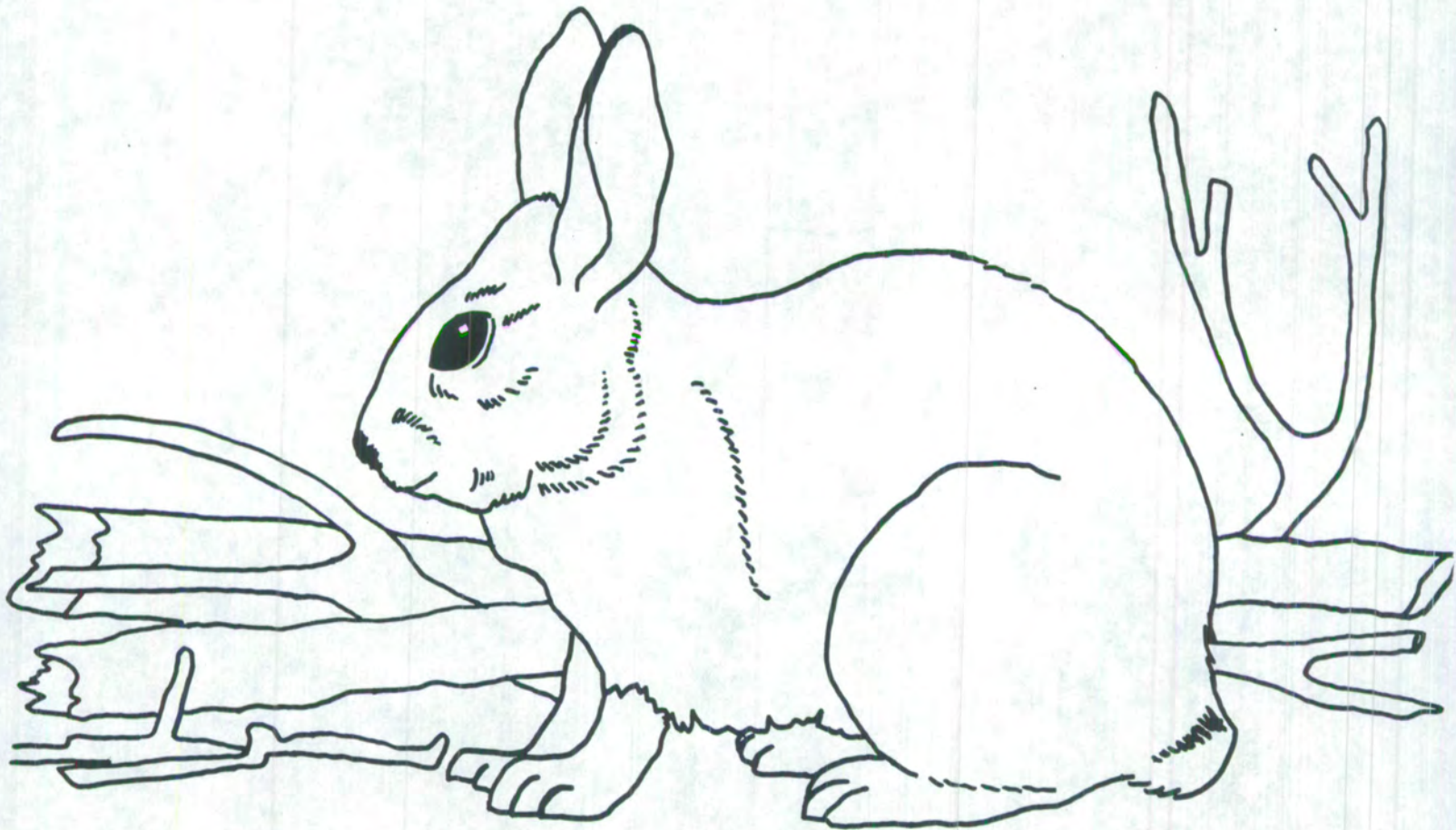
Beavers use trees to build their homes.





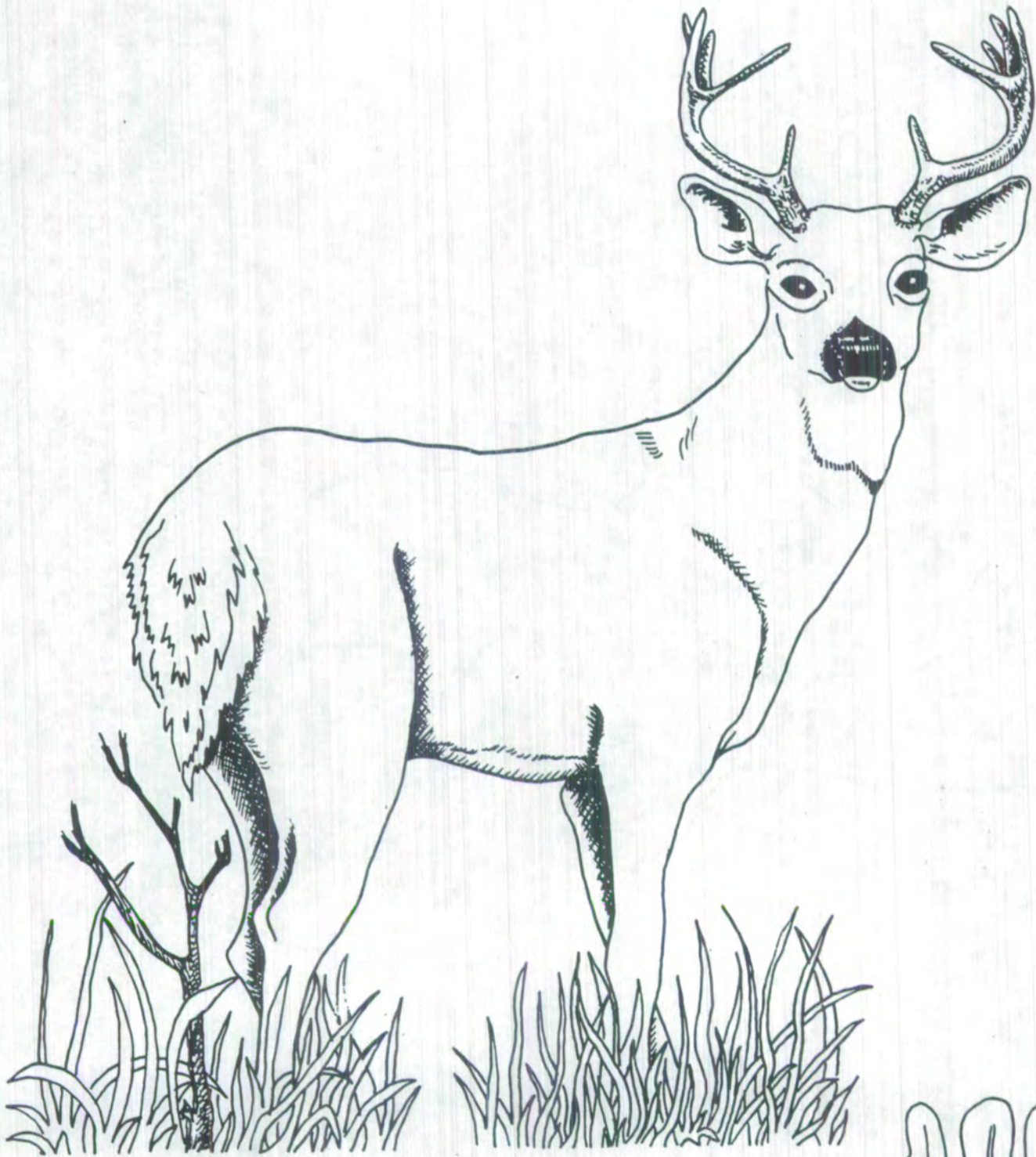
CANADA GEESE fly south in the fall
and north in the spring. Watch the sky
for a 'V' of geese.





COTTONTAIL RABBITS live in open grassy areas. They eat grasses and clover. Rabbits hide in brushy areas.





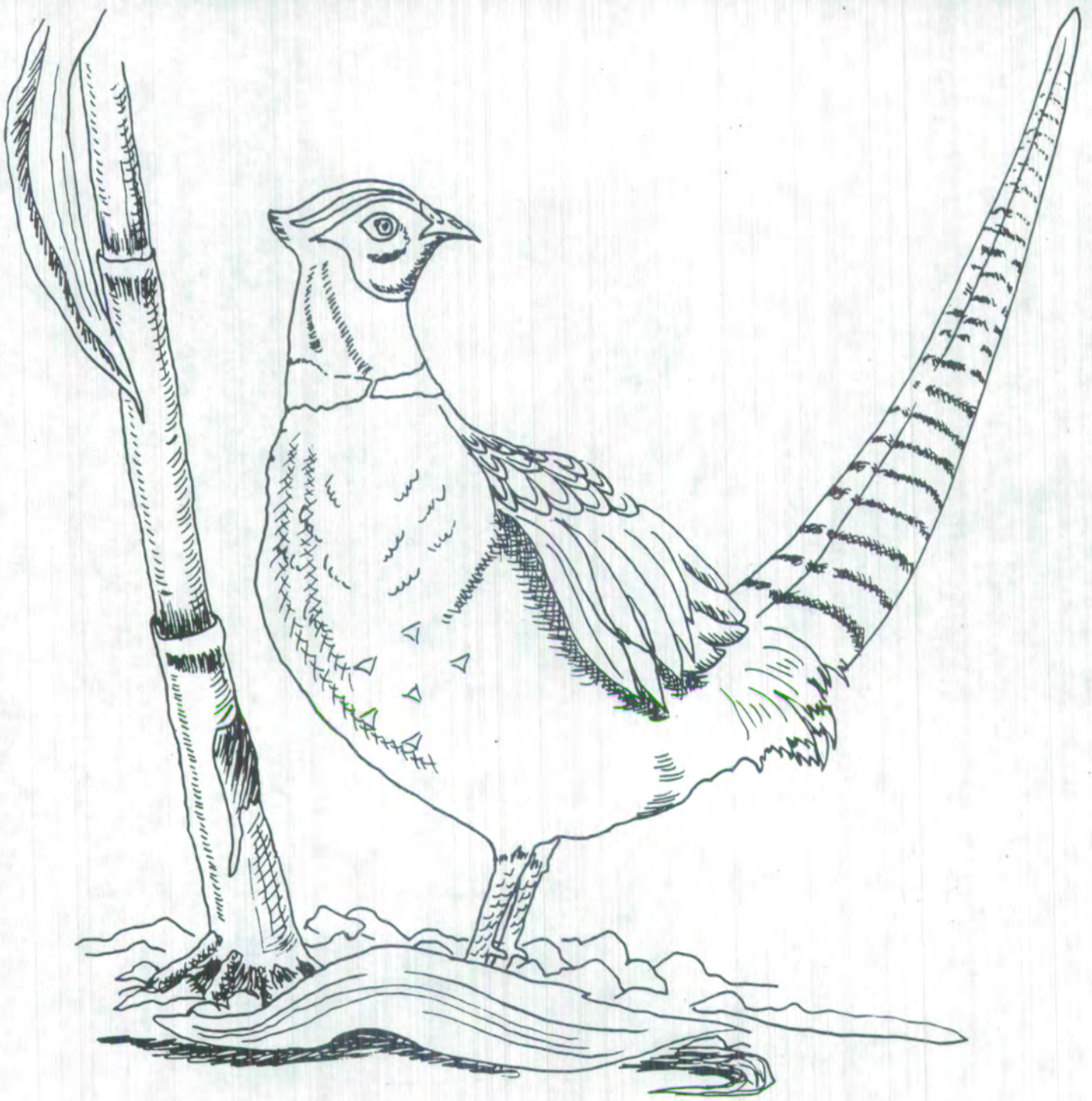
The **WHITE-TAILED DEER** is the largest wild animal in Illinois. Male deer, or bucks, lose their antlers each winter. Deer eat a variety of foods including grasses, woody stems, berries, nuts and grains.





RACCOONS wash their food before they eat it so they are never far from water. Crayfish are a common food for raccoons.





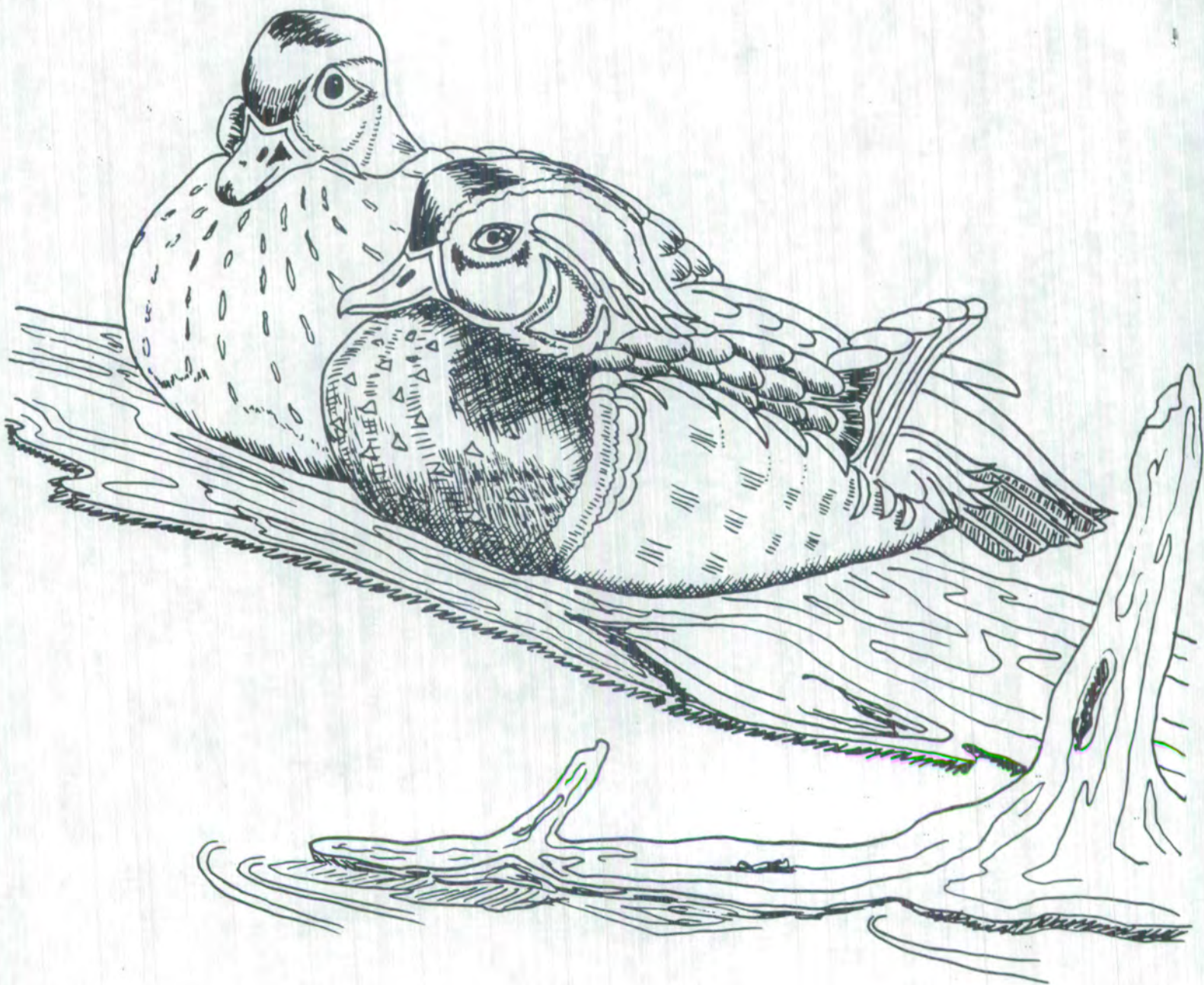
The **RING-NECKED PHEASANT** is a large game bird which lives in agricultural areas. Common foods of the pheasant include insects, corn, weed seed and grains.





There are several species of squirrels in Illinois. **FOX** and **GRAY SQUIRRELS** are common and are hunted each fall. **RED SQUIRRELS** are a northern species which is very rare in Illinois, occurring only along the eastern reaches of the Kankakee River.

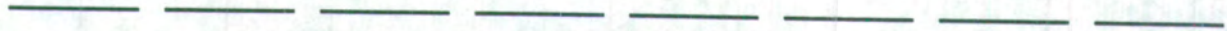




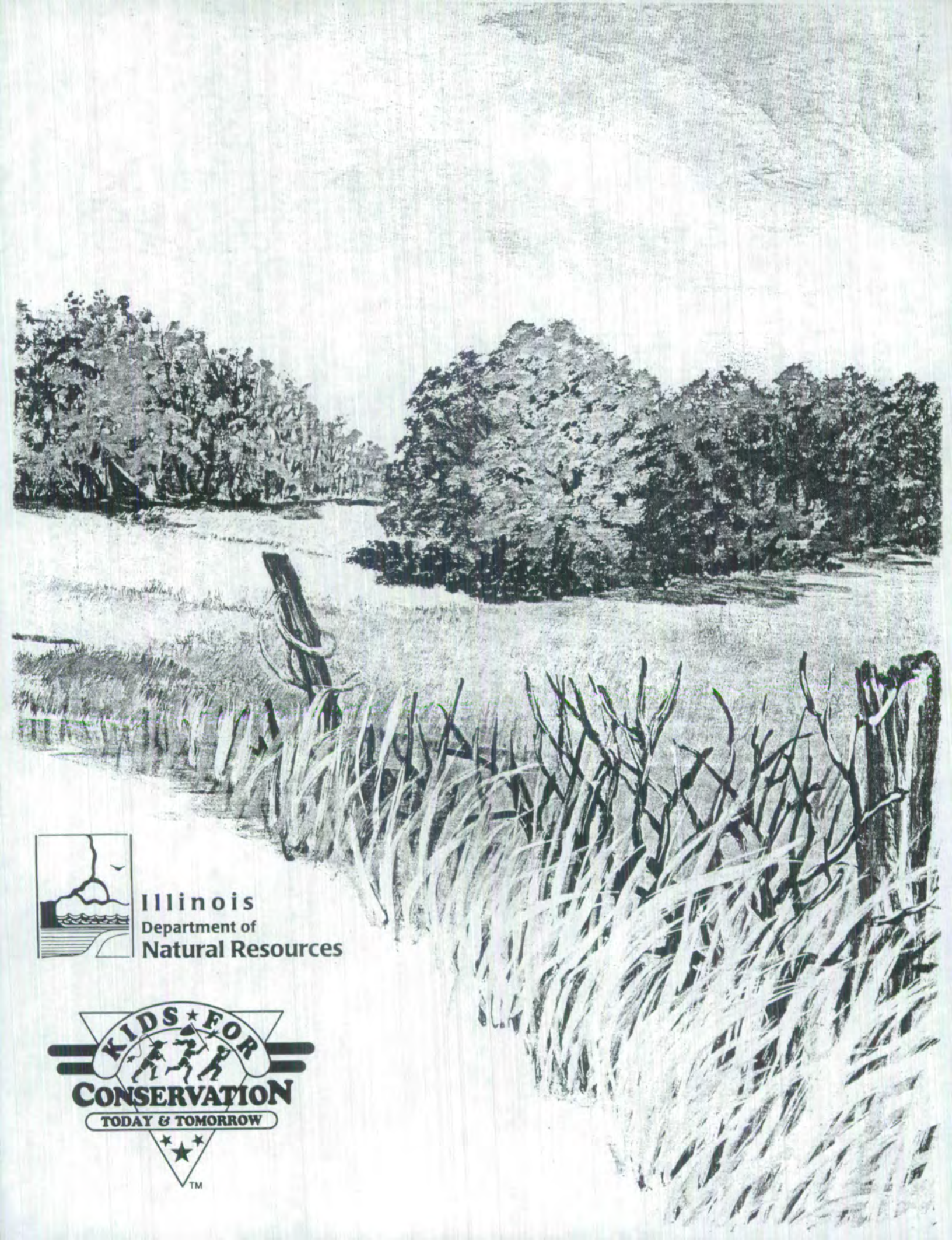
WOOD DUCKS are one of the few species of waterfowl that nest in Illinois. They nest in woodlands near lakes and along streams. As cavity nesters, they build nests in natural openings in trees or in man-made nest boxes.



FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH THE OPEN LETTER ON EACH PAGE. THE WORD YOU SPELL SHOULD DESCRIBE THE ANIMALS YOU HAVE COLORED.



DRAW YOUR OWN ANIMAL PICTURE HERE.



Illinois
Department of
Natural Resources

